





THE DAILY GAZETTE

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Chief Justice... ROBERT B. TANEY. Associate Justice... JOHN McLEAN. do do... JOHN CATRON. do do... JOHN A. CAMPBELL. do do... PETER V. DANIEL. do do... SAMUEL NELSON. do do... BENJAMIN R. CURTIS. Reporter... BENJAMIN C. HOWARD.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR WISCONSIN.

U. S. Judge for the District of Wisconsin... A. G. MILLER. U. S. District Attorney... JOHN R. SHARPSTEIN. U. S. Marshal... S. V. R. ARLEMAN.

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HENRY DOUGLAS, of Dodgeville, Iowa County. ISAAC P. WALKER, of Waukesha.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

First District... DANIEL WELLS, Jr., of Milwaukee. Second District... E. M. EASTMAN, of Plattville. Third District... JOHN B. MACY, of Fond du Lac.

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WISCONSIN STATE OFFICERS.

Governor... WM. A. BARSTOW. Lieutenant Governor... JAS. T. LEWIS. Secretary of State... ALEX. T. GRAY. Assistant Secy of State... JOHN W. HUNT. Clerk of the Court... J. H. KIMBALL. Attorney General... GEORGE B. SMITH. Superintendent Public Instruction... H. A. WRIGHT. Bank Commissioner... WM. M. HENNING. Deputy Bank Commissioner... J. H. KIMBALL. State Prison Commissioner... A. W. STARKES. State Librarian... A. K. KIRCH.

WISCONSIN SUPREME COURT.

Chief Justice... EDWARD V. WHITON. Associate Justices... A. D. SMITH, SAM. CRAWFORD.

SUPREME CIRCUIT JUDGES.

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OFFICERS OF ROCK COUNTY.

County Judge... GEORGE W. CHASE. Clerk of the Court... WILLIAM H. HOWARD. Under Sheriff... JEROME B. DAVIS. Sheriff... WILLIAM S. ROCKWELL. Register of Deeds... J. A. MARTIN. Treasurer... R. F. FRASER. Clerk of the Board of Supervisors... CHANCY P. KING. Surveyor... PETER McVAIL. Coroner... CALVIN CHAPIN.

OFFICERS OF THE CITY OF JANESVILLE.

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First Ward... B. F. PIXLEY, JAMES H. OGILVIE, R. B. TRENT. Second Ward... J. R. PRASE, E. L. DMOCK, TIMOTHY JACMAN.

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CITY BINDERY!

G. L. KNOX, Book-Binder, Lappin's Block, over Sutherland's Book-Store.

MAGAZINES, Law and Medical Works, Music, &c., bound in a neat and substantial manner.

All kinds of Blank Books, County Records, &c., ruled and bound to any pattern desired.

April 20, 1853.

WEST SIDE!

JUST OPENING a Large Stock of PAPER HANGINGS, CURTAIN PAPERS and OIL WINDOW SHADES, of New and Beautiful Designs; Patent and Brass Curtain Trimmings complete, Cord, Tassels, &c., at the HOUSE FURNISHING STORE.

COOLEY & BABCOCK.

Janesville, May 12th, 1854.

DENTISTRY.

DR. B. F. FEEDLETON, Surgeon Dentist, is prepared to operate in every branch of his profession. Chloroform administered when desired. Office corner Main and Milwaukee streets, over Eble & Co's Jewelry Store.

SAND Screens—a superior article for sale at 32 PIXLEY & KIMBALL'S.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

FARWELL & BRO., Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Excelsior Block, Milwaukee street.

TREAT & EVANS,

Physicians and Surgeons. Office in Empire Block, Janesville, Wisconsin.

JAMES SUTHERLAND,

Wholesale and Retail Bookseller and Stationer—Lappin's new brick block, east side the river, Janesville.

H. S. SHELTON,

Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, &c., east side the river, Main-st., Janesville.

JANESVILLE FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP,

A short distance north of the Stevens House, J. H. BUDD, Proprietor.

DR. M. H. BUTLER,

Physician and Accoucheur, Plymouth, Rock county, Wis. Office and residence convenient to Barlow's Hotel, Plymouth.

G. W. CHITTENDEN, M. D.,

Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence—Brick Cottage, west of the Episcopal Church.

F. W. EIRLICH,

Confectioner, Ice Cream Saloon, &c., Main street, opposite the Post office, Janesville. Every attention paid to customers.

E. B. & J. F. DRAKE,

Have for sale a large stock of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Flowering Shrubs, &c., at the Janesville Nursery, 1/2 mile west of the river.

TRUSDELL, JORDAN & BENNETT,

Attorneys at Law and Real Estate Agents. Office in Empire Block, Janesville.

WM. TRUSDELL, CHAS. S. JORDAN, JNO. R. BENNETT,

SANFORD A. HUDSON, Attorney and Counselor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery. Office in Lappin's Block, over the Bookstore, Janesville Wisconsin.

CASE & ARMSTRONG,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. Office in the Empire Block, Janesville.

JOHN M. CASE, JAMES ARMSTRONG,

DOTY & BURNHAM, Sash, Door and Blind Manufacturers, of door north of Doty's Mechanics' Block, Main-st., Janesville, Wis., where at all times a complete assortment of the above articles may be found.

DR. JOSEPH S. LANE,

Resident Physician and Surgeon, in the village of Janesville. Office at his dwelling, west side of the river, near the Baptist Church, where he may be found at all times when not professionally absent.

JACKMAN, PARKER & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Merchants. Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Boots, Shoes, &c. Store corner of Main and Milwaukee streets, Janesville.

A. B. MILLER,

Surveyor and Civil Engineer, and Notary Public. Surveying, leveling, drafting, &c., promptly attended to. Office west side the river, in the R. R. V. R. R. office. Janesville, March 24, 1853.

HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.,

Druggists and Apothecaries. Dealers in Paints, Oils, Glass and Groceries. General Agents for the most approved Patent Medicines.

WM. HOLDEN, WM. KEMP, WM. H. TALLMAN.

J. B. DOE,

Banker and Exchange Broker—Office in Tallman's Block, Janesville, Wisconsin.

Sign Drifts for sale on any of the principal cities of the Union. Particular attention paid to collections, and money promptly remitted.

SLOAN & PATTEN,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. Main street, Janesville, Wisconsin.

L. C. SLOAN, L. F. PATTEN,

O. F. MEYER'S TOBACCO & CIGAR STORE, Main street, Janesville, keeps always on hand a variety of Cigars, Loose Chewing, Smoking and Plug Tobacco. A superior article of Wine and Liquors also always on hand.

J. DEWITT REXFORD,

Attorney and Counselor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery. Office at the corner of Main and Milwaukee streets, Janesville, Wisconsin.

T. B. WOOLSCROFT,

Baker and Confectioner, No. 1, Lappin's Block, corner of Main and Milwaukee streets. All kinds of Cakes, Pies, Crackers, Bread, Candles, Oysters, Ice Cream, and all other kinds of confectionery served up on the shortest notice.

PIXLEY & KIMBALL,

Sign of the Big Star, Richardson's Block, Main-st., Dealers in Heavy and Shelf Hardware, Stoves, Bar Iron, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware. (Janesville, May 24, 1854.)

B. F. PIXLEY, F. A. KIMBALL,

NEW YORK CASH STORE,

M. C. Smith & Co., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Sadlery, Crockery, Soap, Lamps, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Bonnets, Ready-Made Clothing, Paints, Oils, and every kind of Merchandise, at the very lowest cash prices.

M. C. SMITH, O. K. BENNETT.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL,

La Salle-st., between Lake and South Water, Chicago, Ill.

E. MOORE, proprietor, (late of Syracuse, N. Y.) This House has been thoroughly refitted and newly furnished. Omnibuses always in attendance to convey passengers to and from the house. Baggage free.

Board \$1.00 per day.

W. H. WATERMAN,

Storage, Forwarding and Commission Merchant, South Pier, Racine, Wis. Particular attention paid to the Purchase and Shipment of Produce.

References—McCrea, Bell & Ullman, Lee & Dickson, W. T. Richmond, Isaac Taylor, Racine; Jackson & Smith, Lawrence, Strong & Co., H. O. Wilson, J. L. Kimball & Co., Holden, Kemp & Co., Janesville.

ELDRIDGE & PEASE,

Attorneys, Counsellors and Solicitors, will attend to the prosecution and settlement of all claims. County Land and other claims against the United States obtained by them promptly, having an agent in Washington to prosecute them in person. Also, General Land and Loan Agents, Notaries, &c. Office in Empire Block, Janesville, Wis.

B. B. ELDRIDGE, J. J. R. PEASE.

OGILVIE & BARROWS,

Philadelphia Drug Store, Janesville.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Drugs, French, English and American Chemicals, Paints, Oils and Dye-stuffs, Painters' and Artists' Materials and Colors. Wines and Liquors for Medical uses, Druggists Glass Ware, Surgical Instruments, Dental Instruments, Fancy Articles, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, etc. etc. etc. etc.

JAS. H. OGILVIE, L. J. BARROWS, M. D.

IN CIRCUIT COURT, ROCK COUNTY—In Equity.

William H. H. Bailey, complt., vs. Miles Comstock & al., defts.

In pursuance of a decretal order of the circuit court for Rock county in equity made in the above entitled cause, on the sixth day of June, A. D. 1854, will be sold by and under the direction of the sheriff of Rock county, at public auction, at the court house in the city of Janesville, in said county, on the 31st day of July, A. D. 1854, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, all that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the town of Janesville, in the county of Rock and state of Wisconsin, and known and distinguished as follows, to wit: The north half of the south west quarter of section twenty-nine, in township number three north, of range number twelve east, containing one hundred and thirty acres of land, be the same more or less. Dated Jan 15th, 1854.

WILLIAM H. HOWARD, Sheriff.

IN CIRCUIT COURT, ROCK COUNTY—In Equity.

William H. H. Bailey, complt., vs. Miles Comstock & al., defts.

In pursuance of a decretal order of the circuit court for Rock county in equity made in the above entitled cause, on the eighth day of February, A. D. 1854, will be sold by and under the direction of the sheriff of Rock county, at public auction, at the court house in the city of Janesville, in said county, on the 16th day of August, A. D. 1854, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, all those certain pieces, parcels or tracts of land situate, lying and being in the town of Janesville, in the county of Rock and state of Wisconsin, and known and distinguished as follows, to wit: Beginning three hundred and forty feet northerly from Milwaukee street and twenty feet easterly from the race way, running thence parallel with said race way eighty feet, thence at right angles to Rock River, thence along said river eighty feet, and then in a straight line to the place of beginning. The lots hereby intended to be described being lots eight and nine, in the Janesville water power. Also, the perpetual use of one thousand square inches of water, to be drawn under a head of four feet, or water sufficient under any other greater head, to produce a power equal to the power produced by the aforesaid number of inches under the aforesaid head. Dated July 1st, 1854.

WILLIAM H. HOWARD, Sheriff.

IN CIRCUIT COURT, ROCK COUNTY—In Equity.

Phoebe A. Scott, a m'p., vs. Riley W. Scott, def't.

The subpoena issued in the above entitled cause having been returned by the sheriff of the county of Rock not served on the above named defendant, and that after diligent search and inquiry he could not find said defendant within this state, and that said Scott is not a resident of this state, and it having been made satisfactorily to appear that the said defendant is not a resident of the state of Wisconsin, and no appearance having been entered by or on behalf of said defendant; therefore, on motion of William H. H. Bailey, solicitor for complainant, ordered that said defendant appear and plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint filed in this cause on or before the 14th day of September next, or that in default thereof the said bill of complaint be taken as confessed against him.

And it is further ordered that within twenty days from the date of this order the complainant cause a copy of this order to be personally served on the said defendant above named, or that he cause a copy of the same to be published in the Janesville Gazette, a public newspaper printed and published in the city of Janesville, at least once in each week for six weeks successively. Dated June 15th, 1854.

J. R. DOOLITTLE, Circuit Judge.

IN CIRCUIT COURT, ROCK COUNTY—In Equity.

Orville C. Pratt, complt., vs. Leonard A. Bachelder & al., defts.

In pursuance of a decretal order of the circuit court for Rock county in equity made in the above entitled cause on the 15th day of June, A. D. 1854, will be sold by and under the direction of the sheriff of Rock county, at public auction, at the court house in the city of Janesville, in said county, on the 31st day of July, A. D. 1854, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, all that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the town of Janesville, in the county of Rock and state of Wisconsin, and known and distinguished as follows, to wit: The north half of the south west quarter of section twenty-nine, in township number three north, of range number twelve east, containing one hundred and thirty acres of land, be the same more or less. Dated Jan 15th, 1854.

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WILLIAM H. HOWARD, Sheriff.

INSURANCE.

Dodge's Insurance Agency, CAPITAL \$1,500,000 CO!!!

ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT. HARTFORD INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN. PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN. CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.

LIFE, FIRE, LIVE STOCK AND MARINE

RISKS negotiated to any amount. Refer to over \$10,000.00 Losses paid in Rock county.

Office with Sleeper & Norton, Exchange Block, West side of River, Janesville, Wisconsin.

Geo. S. Dodge.

Fire Insurance Agency.

CONTINENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE City of New York—Capital a half million of Dollars, all paid in cash and safely invested.

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY, Office No. 10, Wall street, New York, Cash Capital \$500,000.







# The Daily Gazette.

THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 20, 1854.

**NOTICE.**—Our city subscribers who have been in the habit of receiving the weekly paper from the carriers, will greatly oblige us by calling at the post office for it hereafter. Those who take the daily, and still desire to continue the weekly will also oblige us by giving notice of their wishes, and it will be left for them at the post office.

**BETTER PROSPECTS FOR SCHOOLS.**—We are glad to be informed that Mr. Dearborn, formerly pastor of the Baptist church in this city, has purchased the academy property, and intends soon to commence the erection of a suitable boarding house upon the grounds, and a thorough refitting and repair of the present academy building. Mr. Gorton, who has been successfully engaged as the principal of an academy in Brockport, N. Y., is to take charge of the institution, aided by able and competent assistants. It is expected that the buildings will be ready by next spring, and in the meantime Mr. Gorton will open a school in the basement story of the Baptist church, which is to be conveniently fitted up for that purpose. His school will open about the first of September. The new institution is to take the name of the "Janesville Collegiate Institute." Those who are acquainted with Mr. Gorton bear high testimony in favor of his qualifications and success, and we doubt not the institution will prove a valuable accession to the town. We wish the undertaking much success, and hope Messrs. Dearborn and Gorton will be promptly seconded in it by our citizens. It is an enterprise in which every citizen ought to take the liveliest interest.

The present summer will be set down as remarkable in one particular at least—for the intense and long protracted heat of the weather. Within our nine years' residence in Wisconsin, there has been no summer to compare with the present in that particular. Early in the month of June, which is very uncommon, it commenced, and save a few days a week or two since, it has been unremitting. The thermometer has marked the highest degree of temperature ever attained here, and has there remained mostly stationary. In common seasons thunder storms have had the effect to cool off this atmosphere for a time; this year they do not exactly, as the fellow said clear off cloudy, but have almost invariably cleared off hot. The effect of so much intense heat could not but be injurious to the health of the country, and the large cities are consequently suffering from this cause. Upon the emigrants, coming from cooler latitudes, with the debilitating effects always consequent upon a change of climate, and the confinement and privations of a long journey, have fallen most seriously. The reports of health officers designate a large proportion of these in the list of deaths; still the unusual mortality has by no means been confined to that class. Our own city thus far has been highly blessed. The cholera has not visited us, and the general health of our inhabitants has been far better than might be expected under the influence of such weather. The effects of this weather upon the crops is not yet fully apparent. There are some complaints of blight in wheat, and with much more such weather as at the present writing, rust in that grain must be the result. This is the critical period for the spring wheat; if it passes this with only partial injury, the crop will still be a heavy one, for never has there been promise of a greater average yield. There is no department of industry just now that is looked to with so much interest as that of the farmers. In their success depends much of the prosperity of our state at large, and of each individual calling and pursuit. A few more days will tell the story.

The fall elections involve important results. Congressmen are to be elected, and the legislature is to choose a U. S. senator next winter, in place of Hon. I. P. Walker. There are more or less of distrust and dissatisfaction in the democratic ranks generally—added to this is the Nebraska question, which we fear will produce more discord than harmony. Upon this issue the probability is there will be a coalition, combining all the elements of opposition—whigs, freesoilers and democrats—we hope not many of the latter. What then is the duty of the mass of the democratic party, who we take it, do not propose to be jostled from a right line, or "startled from their propriety"? It is to promptly attend the caucuses and conventions and make every effort to secure the nomination of the ablest, strongest and most reliable men, as the only thing that can save the democratic party from defeat, amidst the conflict of such discordant elements.—*Madison Patriot.*

The Patriot is evidently trying to pursue the go-between policy. It is neither "flesh, fowl, nor good red herring" upon the great question which at present interests the entire north.—But it will find that the people are in earnest in the matter, and that no such shuffling off of the responsibility as the above will satisfy them.—The Nebraska question is to be a live one, and candidates will have to be for or against, without equivocation or reservation. If the democratic party "do not propose to be jostled from a right line," that will be in the line of a meagre minority, and they will be made to see the "propriety" of a change in their course, if they wish their right line to lead them to success.

**CHANCE FOR A DEMOCRATIC EDITOR.**—The post master at Nevada, Green county, makes a call through the columns of the Standard, for the establishment in that county, of "a pure and straight-forward democratic newspaper—a paper that will faithfully support the constitution, union and government of our beloved country," and invites editors favorable to such a paper, to give the notice in insertion. As such a paper would be quite a novelty, we call the attention to it of any who might wish to engage in the enterprise. Don't all speak at once.

**THE STATE OFFICIALLY DISGRACED.**—The state house commissioners at Springfield, have been guilty of a most petty act, which ought to crimson them with shame.

Upon the arrival of Cassius M. Clay, at Springfield, to address the people in a public manner, the following notice was posted in handbills around the city:

"The rotunda of the state house cannot be occupied by Cassius M. Clay's lecture to-day."

[Signed.] A. STEARNS, JOHN MOORE, Commissioners."

The Chicago Journal contains the above announcement, and thus follows it:

**A FACT IN HISTORY.**—Sir John Moore, (the modern.) This gentleman who we believe of ficiates as state treasurer, appears from his action, regarding the occupying of the state house for the hearing of Mr. Clay, to have a dislike for that gentleman.

This feeling was most probably enkindled during the Mexican campaign, and grew out of the fact that when Mr. Clay was a prisoner of war being conveyed by forced marches to the city of Mexico in advance of the field of Buena Vista, "Sir John" was sloping his way home, as fat as a hog, pretending to be in feeble health.

The next heard of the two is, that the one is exchanged for an officer of equal rank, and the other a beggar at the entrance of the Springfield capital as a candidate for sergeant at arms, or door keeper of the senate.

**FATAL AFFRAY AT MCGREGOR.**—Last Friday, Johnson G. Walton was stabbed in the throat by a young man named John White, and died almost instantly. The particulars, as we have learned them, are as follows:

Sometime last May, Walton lost a five dollar bill under circumstances that led him to suspect White of stealing it. White left McGregors soon after, and did not return until a few days since. It was intimated to him that if he did not settle with Walton he would not be permitted to leave town. He thereupon went to Evans' store, where Walton was, and called him out. They walked apart from the crowd, and were heard in altercation about the lost money. Walton told White that he could not leave town until the affair was settled. White denied having taken the money. Walton contradicted him. White then called Walton a d—d liar. Walton thereupon seized White and they went down together, Walton uppermost. White immediately raised the cry of murder! and upon the arrival of some persons who were near, it was found that Walton had been stabbed in the throat with a small knife, and White was trying to stay the flowing blood by holding his thumb on the wound. White is said to have called on those present to stop the blood and run for the doctor. He was examined before Justice V. R. Miller, and committed to await his trial. He is a young man, not more than twenty years of age.—*Prairie du Chien Courier.*

**A CONSCIENTIOUS MAN.**—Mr. Robert Schuyler, the defaulter, the extent of whose operations has far eclipsed those of all the Swartwouts and Hoyts of former times, is the same man that, a few months ago had conscientious scruples about running trains on the New Haven railroad on Sundays.—*Transcript.*

**SALE OF THE HATCH ELEVATOR.**—We learn that Israel T. Hatch has sold his elevator and four hundred feet of land fronting on the ship canal known as the Hatch canal, for \$60,000.—The sale was made to a well known company of carriers, receivers and forwarders of grain, composed of the leading forwarding houses of the city—a fact which will be readily admitted when we state that Messrs. Holt, Palmer & Co., and Sternberg & Co., are among the number.—*Buffalo Com. Adv.*

The ex-queen of France, and widow of Louis Philippe, lately passed through Belgium on her return to England, whereupon the government of France, thinking to do an act of unusual courtesy, signified to the authorities of Brussels that it would not make her visit the subject of any reclamations, even should the exiled queen remain several days in the country. This "favor" caused the august widow to hasten her departure at once for Claremont.

The independence of Canada was recently advocated in the British house of lords, by the Earl of Ellenborough, as a measure likely to be beneficial to Great Britain; but the duke of Newcastle, the colonial minister, promptly denounced the proposition. To this Lord Ellenborough replied saying that the proposal had before been entertained and expressed by many eminent men, and would be again.

**NEW YORK, July 16th.**  
**ALL CORRECT.**—It is stated that the examination of the stock book of the New York and Erie railroad company is completed and the books found correct. An official announcement of the fact will shortly be made.

**PREACHING VS. PRACTICE.**—You will hear a good lowly creature sing the praises of pure water—call it the wine of Adam when he walked in Paradise—when, somehow, fate has bestowed upon the eulogist the finest Burgundy. He declares himself contented with a crust, although a beneficent fairy has hung a fat haunch or two in his larder. \* \* \* \* \* Yes, it is delightful to see these humble folks, who tune their tongues to the honor of dry bread and water, compelled by the force of fortune to chew venison and swallow claret.—*Douglas Jerrold.*

**TRY IT.**—Some one says:—"Just before going to bed, eat two pig's feet and a cod pie. In less than an hour you will see a snake larger than a hawser, devouring eight blue haired children, which have just escaped from a monster with sorrel eyes and a red hot overcoat."

A band of Irishmen, indignant at the criticisms of the Chicago Tribune on the conduct of Gov. Matteson, in commuting the sentence of the La Salle murderers, attempted to burn the editor of that paper in effigy, on Saturday evening last, but they got so gloriously drunk that they failed to fully accomplish their object.

And another company who did not get drunk, burnt Gov. Matteson in effigy for his conduct in reference to the commutation.

**MAN DROWNED.**—The body of a man was found on the beach on Sunday. He had on woolen pants, a striped hickory shirt, and nothing was found in his pockets but a fish-hook. He was not identified; and it was deemed advisable to bury him instantly, and not permit the corpse to lie in the sun until a coroner's jury could be assembled.—*Wisconsin.*

**FROM MADISON.**—We hear just as we go to press that the supreme court has decided (all the judges concurring) to discharge Mr. Booth, on the ground of a defect in the writ on which he was arrested, and two or three other legal points, and chief justice Whiton unites with judge Smith in deciding the fugitive slave law unconstitutional. Judge Crawford dissents from this latter opinion.

For the present, slave-catching is at an end in Wisconsin. Amen!

**WASHINGTON, July 18.**  
The Union announces receipt of letter from Gen. W. O. Butler, declining the appointment of governor of Nebraska.

**WASHINGTON, July 18.**  
**SENATE.**—Mr. Sumner presented a memorial from a society in Philadelphia, for the promotion of measures for the final abolition of slavery in the United States, and in favor of the repeal of the fugitive slave law. A long debate took place on referring the memorial, which ended in its being laid on the table, 36 to 14. Senate then resumed consideration of the bill for the construction of line of telegraph to the Pacific. Mr. Badger asked leave to withdraw his motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill passed. Agreed to. The senate then took up the home-stand bill.

**HOUSE.**—The consideration of Mr. Olds' bill regulating the postage on newspapers and periodicals in the United States was then resumed. Messrs. Washburn of Me., Elliot of Mass., and G. Smith of N. Y., each spoke against the bill. No action was taken.

**BALTIMORE, July 18.**  
Henry W. Wright, a captain of a German company in this city, threw a camphene lamp, lighted, into his wife's face, and then beat her, killing her. He has been arrested.

**NEW YORK, July 18.**  
Accounts received from the Franklin to-day represent her to be perfectly tight, and lying in 14 feet water, broadside on. No doubt but the vessel and cargo will be saved. Three steamers have been sent to her assistance. The vessel and cargo are valued at \$400,000—covered by insurance.

The members of the bar held a meeting this morning, and passed resolutions of condolence to the memory of the late N. B. Blunt, esq., district attorney of New York.

The number of deaths by cholera in the Franklin hospital, during the past 24 hours, was 16. The commissioners have decided hereafter to publish reports daily.

The recent trial trip of the frigate Princeton was unsatisfactory, and she has been pronounced inefficient for war purposes. The Independence is getting ready for sea without delay.

The Evening Post says it is understood that Bronson's letter to the Syracusean convention was written with an eye more to a Washington than an Albany future.

The steamer Franklin brings us important accounts of the North Pacific exploring expedition which started from the United States a year ago.

**NEW YORK, July 15.**  
Wm. N. Paul, who was charged with having stolen \$14,370 from the safe of Belmont, was discharged from custody last night, being unable to prove anything criminal against him owing to the wording of the power of attorney given him by Belmont. All they can find is a breach of trust.

**MYSTERIOUS REMAINS.**—A few days since, while a number of workmen were engaged in digging a vault at Baltimore, one of them struck his pick upon a "hard" substance several feet below the surface of the earth. Upon removing the dirt and inspecting the object, it was found to be a piece of plank, ingeniously painted on one side to resemble hickory wood, and on the other in imitation of granite. It did not seem to have been buried more than a few weeks, yet it was found to be quite rotten.—Traces of obliterated characters were discoverable on the hickory side, but it was impossible to make them out. On the granite side, which had a new appearance, these words were visible under a strong light.

"Resolved, That the democratic party will resist all attempts at renewing, in congress or out of it, the agitation of the slavery question, under whatever shape or color the attempt may be made."

This mysterious relic was handed over to a distinguished antiquarian, who took it to Washington and placed it in the patent office. Since then it has been visited and examined by President Pierce, Senator Douglas, and all the heads of departments, except perhaps the secretary of state. None of them pretend to know anything of its origin, or how it came to be "run into the ground."

The Courier and Enquirer says:—"It is settled that England is prepared to let Canada be just as free as it desires. The House of Lords, by a majority of twenty-four, has voted to sustain the ministerial bill abolishing the present upper branch of the Canadian government, which is nominated for life by the governor: general, and providing for an upper chamber to be elected by the people, the members whereof must each be worth a thousand pounds, be thirty years of age, and are to have a term of office of six years.—This vote of the lords was given in spite of a very earnest and able speech of Lord Derby against the bill, and censures the complete consummation of the measure. It is by far the most important of the series of concessions which the mother country has been making to Canada for years; and, in fact, leaves but one more concession to be made to produce absolute independence—namely, the election of governor by the people instead of his appointment by the Crown."

**MAKING LOVE TO THE WRONG PERSON.**—A Cincinnati paper is responsible for the following:

A young gentleman who had been paying his addresses in propria persona to a young lady in this city, left a few months ago and went down the river on business. A correspondence was immediately opened between the enamored pair and after exchanging several letters, the young lady was mortified to find that her letters were unanswered, and consequently she ceased writing. But the real secret of her not receiving letters, was the fact that another young lady of the same name, supposing they were intended for her, took them from the post-office and opened a correspondence with her proxy lover.—Some two months passed away, when the young man wound up by a direct proposal, and insisted on an immediate answer, availing at the same time that he thought the tone of her letters very different from those received when he first left Cincinnati, and upbraided his fair love with inconsistency. This last epistle was too much for our romantic incognito, and being conscience-stricken for the part she had been acting, and fully persuaded that some other lady had been pining for the man she was wooing, sought her out, and delivered up the letters to their rightful owner. The matter was speedily arranged, and the real lovers have since become united in the bands of wedlock.

**M. & M. R. R.—BUSINESS OF MADISON.**  
The amount taken for freight and passengers from the 26th of May to the 2nd of July, was: Freight payable at that office, \$16,060 73 Passengers, \$3,954 18 \$20,014 91

**THE HARBOR.**—We learn that Mr. Gunnison has received authority to contract for materials for the harbor, and to employ a corps of hands to push the work forward with as much expedition as possible. He has also received orders to repair the government buildings, and put them in condition for public use.—*Wiz.*

**SNOBISM IN NEW YORK.**—The fate of Mr. Schuyler furnishes a whole sermon to snobs everywhere, and especially in New York, which may be listened to with profit by that large and increasing class of persons. The family of Schuyler is one of the most respectable in the country, and so far this man differs from most of those who build extravagant houses, drive expensive equipages, and dash and spend the money of other people in that most snobbish of all cities—the great, noisy, dirty city of New York. Occasionally one of the "aristocracy" comes down with a rush, and then there opens a scene of extravagance, folly and fraud, that appals the public who live in quiet country villages, or dwell upon the broad farms in the rural districts, who have heard with wonder of the noble mansions, and the many servants, and the gold and silver of these city lords. And so it is that extravagance and a foolish desire to live in large houses, and own grand carriages—to outdo one another in these things, besides being ridiculous in itself, brings the miserable family that try it down to beggary and ruin, or entail upon their children habits and notions of life that utterly destroy them. It is the great prevailing vice of this time—it may indeed be called the grand characteristic of the times. It is manifested more or less in all our cities and villages, and its influence is seen in the debasement of men and women, and the complete ruin of children. Every successful speculator, or fortunate operator, must imitate, and if possible excel, his neighbor the lucky banker or money making grocer; and to do this without regard to expense, away they go into the marble and satin, the rosewood and silver, keep extravagant carriages with horses to match, and give parties where Brussels and Wilton out-vie in their color the silks and the wine which make up the chief part of the entertainment. Up goes the new house, with all the decoration which a vulgar or a refined taste may suggest. Up it goes into the air a huge pile, or a fantastic residence, but not a room in it for the comfort of the owner and his family—all of it for show and the public gaze. The women flaunt about in lace and laziness, or recline upon soft cushions in fine carriages, neither knowing nor caring whether the money that keeps them up be stolen or honestly gained. They are happy in fifth avenue glory, and the fact that they dash as much as the richest of their neighbors. For an American of fortune—real solid fortune—to dash into all this extravagance is folly; but that man is guilty of downright wickedness who, upon a little money goes to such vast and foolish expense; for he must rob somebody to carry out his plans; or if he has enough to warrant it all, his children, when his fortune is divided among them, will have all the silly and extravagant notions of their father, without his money to give them reality. Out of all this miserable life there spring evils worse than bankruptcy. The sins of the father are visited on the children to the third generation. Of what use to society are the children of such people? Sons who have been educated to believe that all this splendor constitutes the best of life, and that fast horses and champagne are emblematic of high life. Daughters brought up by a silly, ridiculous mother, who glories in her carpets and curtains, her carriage and her parties, and the fashionable training of her children. Nice creatures these for a life battle, in a world where energy and industry and endurance are worth to them more than all the airs, graces and style that they learned in the paternal drawing of foreign masters. Out of this struggle to excel in this sort of life, there springs, too, fraud and chicanery, and all manner of crime; for in the contest, gold, gold, is the end and aim of all—the means are not regarded. The sensible part of the community laugh at this folly, and laugh loudly, too, at coarse vulgarly parading itself in gay equipages, and moving about with all the airs and affectations of snobbish high life—people elevated above their fellows by a stock operation or the rise in town lots, and rejoicing thereafter in flashy vehicles and in gaudy houses. If they made fools of themselves alone, it would all be proper enough. But the effect upon their families and on society is most to be dreaded. In a country where the law divides among a man's heirs all of his estate after death, unless disposed of by will, and where the chances are that that property will not remain in the family beyond the second generation, it is utter folly to build palaces to live in; far better would it be to expend the same money in building schools or founding asylums, the benefit of which the rich man's heirs may need. On, on, goes our American life! better scatter—hurly burly—on it goes! Dash—make a sensation—get money—honestly if you can—but get money—educate children after the same fashion, and then die and be forgotten.—*Buff. Com. Adv.*

**ROBBERY OF BELMONT'S BANK.**—It appears that this robbery was committed by the cashier, William Paul. The chief of police, with Mr. Devoe, one of his expert assistants, had the matter in hand on Wednesday. The Courier and Enquirer says:

All the clerks in the establishment made oath as to where they were the evening previous, and each gave a pretty satisfactory account; yet from the complexion of affairs suspicion hung over the employees. A watch was set and yesterday morning at an early hour a boy was seen to drop a letter in the post office and leave in a great hurry. This letter turned out to be the one that contained the \$14,000. The direction on the envelope was after much scrutiny recognized by officer Devoe as that emanating from the hand of William Paul, cashier of Belmont & Co. It was not, however, until after a careful examination that the officer came to this conclusion, and about half-past three o'clock yesterday afternoon he took Mr. Paul into custody, when the accused at once confessed that he had committed the robbery or embezzlement, or whatever it may be called. Mr. Paul is a young man 30 years of age, a native of Scotland, and married. He was said to be a partner in the house. On being questioned as to how he came to take the money, he said he took it not for himself but for the firm to meet defalcations which he had unfortunately incurred by speculating in stocks, &c. He was detained at the chief's office for further examination. We fear there are too many cases of the above kind brewing, and bankers had better look at their books.

The Harrisburgh Democratic Union is very severe on John W. Forney. It charges that John "has an only sister, who now toils in the press room of the cotton factory at Lancaster, for two or three dollars a week, out of which she contributes to the support of her aged mother!" This is hardly credible; still it is not to be denied that a man capable of writing such a letter as Forney addressed to Roberts is always liable to the most odious and degrading suspicions.

A sad accident occurred during the recent celebration of the opening of the railway connection between Cincinnati and Louisville. A train from Aurora, on reaching the Seymour depot, exploded a powder magazine on a rear platform car, where a cannon had been placed to fire salutes. A spark blew from a small furnace, used for heating the rod with which the cannon was fired, into a chest containing several kegs of powder, and caused the explosion. Six men, who were on the car at the time, were blown into the air and horribly mangled.

**TRUSDELL, JORDAN & BENNETT.**  
Attorneys at Law.  
Having completed an accurate abstract of the TITLE, TAX and JUDGMENT RECORDS of Rock County, are prepared to furnish full and reliable information respecting the ownership of Real Estate in said county, and all liens on such estate by Judgment, Mortgage or otherwise.

They will attend to the purchase and sale of Real Estate, the negotiation of Loans, payment of Taxes, and the redemption of land from Tax Sales, and generally to all such business as properly belongs to a REAL ESTATE OFFICE.

Business in the courts of this and the adjoining counties will be promptly attended to.

Office—Second Story of Empire Block.

39 Janesville, Wis., May 25th, 1851.

**JANESVILLE CITY BANK,**

MAINT STREET, JANESVILLE.

Drafts for Sale on all the principal cities of the Union and Great Britain.

This Bank will purchase Notes, Drafts, Certificates of Deposit, County Orders, &c. &c.

For our customers, approved paper discounted to any amount.

Bills, Notes &c., received for collection without charge—proceeds returned immediately, less current rate of exchange.

HENRY B. BUNSTER, Pres't.

J. H. VERMILYE, Cashier.

**BADGER STATE BANK,**

MAINT STREET, JANESVILLE, WIS.

Particular attention paid to collections.

SIGHT DRAFTS on the principal cities of the Union constantly for sale, and also Drafts on Great Britain, in sums to suit purchasers.

E. L. DIMOCK, Cashier.

September 1st 1853.

Exchange Bank of W. J. Bell & Co., Milwaukee, J. B. KELLOGG, Cashier.

Bank of Racine, Racine, H. J. ULLMAN, Cashier.

Bank of Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac, A. G. BUTLER, Cashier.

**AMERICAN EXPRESS OFFICE,**

JANESVILLE, MAY 21, 1853.

A messenger of this company leaves this city tri-weekly, connecting at Chicago with daily lines to New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Cincinnati, St. Louis, and all the principal cities in the United States and Canada.

Collections made at any point on their route; Gold, Silver, Bank Notes and Express matter generally forwarded with despatch, and all business entrusted to them will be forwarded with their accustomed promptness.

Proprietors.

WELLS, BUTTERFIELD & CO., LIVINGSTON, FARGO & CO., New York. W. W. HOLDEN, Agent.

1854. **L. J. HIGBY, 1854.**

Forwarding, Commission and Produce MERCHANT.

Will contract to forward Goods or Produce to or from any ports East or West, by responsible lines by Railroad or Canal, will attend to selling grain or other produce at the Railroad Depot here; all which, with my NEW WAREHOUSE at the Depot, and Mammoth Pier, give the advantages more convenient to country merchants than any other house here.

Milwaukee, March 20th, 1854. 30m6

**OAK HILL CEMETERY.**—A special meeting of the Trustees of this Association will be held at the bank of H. B. Bunster, FRIDAY EVENING, July 21st, at eight o'clock, for the transaction of important business. A prompt attendance is requested.

July 17, 1854. WM. MACLEOD, Pres't.

CHAS. HOLT, Sec'y.

**4 BBLs. PURE CREAM TARTAR.**

Nothing but a pure article is ever sold at our store, and persons who buy Cream Tartar of us, are saved the trouble of returning it. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**WINDOW GLASS.**—Another arrival of 160 boxes assorted sizes at the Empire Drug Store.

HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**DR. BEACH'S CORDIAL.**—A perfect specific for summer complaints and dysentery in children.

(Jy19) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**3 BBLs. BOILED LINSEED OIL.**

This article can now be had pure at our store.

(Jy19) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**PURE BRANDY.**—In pint and half-pint bottles. Also a fine assortment of liquor FLASKS.

(Jy19) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**CANARY BIRD Fountains, Bathing**

Dishes, Nests and Mixed Seed in pound papers.

(Jy19) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**CHROME GREEN.**—10 cases dry and ground in oil, Tirmans best.

(Jy19) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**PATENT DRYER.**—Five cases in cans assorted from 1 lb. to 10 lbs.

(Jy19) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**QUEEN CITY VARNISHES.**—We have the sole agency for these celebrated Varnishes for this city; a full supply just received.

(Jy19) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**SYRINGES.**—Metallic, Self-injecting and Common, from 1 oz. to 16 oz.; also, all sizes Glass, male and female.

(Jy12) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**GUM DROPS.**—A full assortment of the different flavors, fresh, for sale by

(Jy19) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,** this day received

(Jy12) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**LYON'S KATHARION.**—5 Gross now in Store. Dealers furnished at manufacturers prices.

(Jy19) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**MCCORMICK'S CHOLERA SPECIFIC.**

This remedy has been used with unparalleled success in the treatment of this most malignant disease in the southern and western cities.

Prepared after the original recipe, by

HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.,

Druggists and Chemists.

**IMPORTED CIGARS.**—The best article and most favorite brands ever offered in this city.

(Jy11) HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**FORD'S HISTORY OF ILLINOIS**

for sale at

(Jy12) SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

**2D SERIES OF FERN LEAVES**

for sale at

(Jy12) SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

**A NEW SUPPLY OF WALL PAPER** and

WINDOW SHADES just received and for sale at

(Jy12) SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

**MAPS OF THE SEAT OF WAR**

just received and for sale at

(Jy12) SUTHERLAND'S.

**RUSSIAN AND TURKISH WAR.**

Several New Books just received and for sale on the above subject, at

(Jy12) SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

**WISCONSIN REPORTS,** by A. D.

Sumner, for sale at

(Jy12) SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

**2D SERIES OF FERN LEAVES**

Just received and for sale at

(Jy12) SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

June 12th, 1854. 41











**NOTICE.**—Our city subscribers who have been in the habit of receiving the weekly paper from the carriers, will greatly oblige us by calling at the post office for it hereafter. Those who take the daily, and still desire to continue the weekly will also oblige us by giving notice of their wishes, and it will be left for them at the post office.

**BETTER PROSPECTS FOR SCHOOLS.**—We are glad to be informed that Mr. Dearborn, formerly pastor of the Baptist church in this city, has purchased the academy property, and intends soon to commence the erection of a suitable boarding house upon the grounds, and a thorough refitting and repair of the present academy building. Mr. Gorton, who has been successfully engaged as the principal of an academy in Brockport, N. Y., is to take charge of the institution, aided by able and competent assistants. It is expected that the buildings will be ready by next spring, and in the meantime Mr. Gorton will open a school in the basement story of the Baptist church, which is to be conveniently fitted up for that purpose. His school will open about the first of September. The new institution is to take the name of the "Janesville Collegiate Institute." Those who are acquainted with Mr. Gorton bear high testimony in favor of his qualifications and success, and we doubt not the institution will prove a valuable accession to the town. We wish the undertaking much success, and hope Messrs. Dearborn and Gorton will be promptly seconded in it by our citizens. It is an enterprise in which every citizen ought to take the liveliest interest.

The present summer will be set down as remarkable in one particular at least—for the intense and long protracted heat of the weather. Within our nine years' residence in Wisconsin, there has been no summer to compare with the present in that particular. Early in the month of June, which is very uncommon, it commenced, and save a few days a week or two since, it has been unremitting. The thermometer has marked the highest degree of temperature ever attained here, and has there remained mostly stationary. In common seasons thunder storms have had the effect to cool off the atmosphere for a time; this year they do not exactly, as the fellow said clear off cloudy, but have almost invariably cleared off hot. The effect of so much intense heat could not but be injurious to the health of the country, and the large cities are consequently suffering from this cause. Upon the emigrants, coming from cooler latitudes, with the debilitating effects always consequent upon a change of climate, and the confinement and privations of a long journey, have fallen most seriously. The reports of health officers designate a large proportion of these in the list of deaths; still the unusual mortality has by no means been confined to that class. Our own city thus far has been highly blessed. The cholera has not visited us, and the general health of our inhabitants has been far better than might be expected under the influence of such weather. The effects of this weather upon the crops is not yet fully apparent. There are some complaints of blight in wheat, and with much more such weather as at the present writing, rust in that grain must be the result. This is the critical period for the spring wheat; if it passes this with only partial injury, the crop will still be a heavy one, for never has there been promise of a greater average yield. There is no department of industry just now that is looked to with so much interest as that of the farmers. In their success depends much of the prosperity of our state at large, and of each individual calling and pursuit. A few more days will tell the story.

The fall elections involve important results. Congressmen are to be elected, and the legislature is to choose a U. S. senator next winter, in place of Hon. I. P. Walker. There are more or less of distrust and dissatisfaction in the democratic ranks generally—added to this is the Nebraska question, which we fear will produce more discord than harmony. Upon this issue the probability is there will be a coalition, combining all the elements of opposition—whigs, free-soilers and democrats—we hope not many of the latter. What then is the duty of the mass of the democratic party, who we take it, do not propose to be jostled from a right line, or "starved from their property?" It is to promptly attend the caucuses and conventions and make every effort to secure the nomination of the ablest, strongest and most reliable men, as the only thing that can save the democratic party from defeat, amidst the conflict of such discordant elements.

The Patriot is evidently trying to pursue the go-between policy. It is neither "flesh, fowl, nor good red herring" upon the great question which at present interests the entire north. But it will find that the people are in earnest in the matter, and that no such shuffling off of the responsibility as the above will satisfy them.—The Nebraska question is to be a live one, and candidates will have to be for or against, without equivocation or reservation. If the democratic party "do not propose to be jostled from a right line," that will be in the line of a meagre minority, and they will be made to see the "propriety" of a change in their course, if they wish their right line to lead them to success.

**CHANCE FOR A DEMOCRATIC EDITOR.**—The post master at Nevada, Green county, makes a call through the columns of the Standard, for the establishment in that county, of "a pure and straight-forward democratic newspaper—a paper that will faithfully support the constitution, union and government of our beloved country," and invites editors favorable to such a paper, to give the notice of an insertion. As such a paper would be quite a novelty, we call the attention to it of any who might wish to engage in the enterprise. Don't all speak at once.

**THE STATE OFFICIALLY DISGRACED.**—The state house commissioners at Springfield, have been guilty of a most petty act, which ought to crimson them with shame.

Upon the arrival of Cassius M. Clay, at Springfield, to address the people in a public manner, the following notice was posted in handbills around the city.

"The grounds of the state house cannot be occupied by Cassius M. Clay's lecture to-day."  
[Signed.] A. STEARNS,  
JOHN MOORE,  
Commissioners."

The Chicago Journal contains the above announcement, and thus follows it:

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The next heard of the two is, that the one is exchanged for an officer of equal rank, and the other a beggar at the entrance of the Springfield capitol as a candidate for sergeant at arms, or door keeper of the senate.

**FATAL AFFRAY AT MCGREGOR.**—Last Friday, Johnson G. Walton was stabbed in the throat by a young man named John White, and died almost instantly. The particulars, as we have learned them, are as follows:

Sometime last May, Walton lost a five dollar bill under circumstances that led him to suspect White of stealing it. White left McGregor soon after, and did not return until a few days since. It was intimated to him that if he did not settle with Walton he would not be permitted to leave town. He thereupon went to Evans' store, where Walton was, and called him out. They walked apart from the crowd, and were heard in altercation about the lost money. Walton told White that he could not leave town until the affair was settled. White denied having taken the money. Walton contradicted him. White then called Walton a liar, and they went down together, Walton uppermost. White immediately raised the cry of murder! and upon the arrival of some persons who were near, it was found that Walton had been stabbed in the throat with a small knife, and White was trying to stay the flowing blood by holding his thumb on the wound. White is said to have called on those present to stop the blood and run for the doctor. He was examined before Justice V. R. Miller, and committed to await his trial. He is a young man, not more than twenty years of age.—*Frederick Chien Courier.*

**A CONSCIENTIOUS MAN.**—Mr. Robert Schuyler, the defaulter, the extent of whose operations has far eclipsed those of all the Swartwouts and Hoyts of former times, is the same man that, a few months ago had conscientious scruples about running trains on the New Haven railroad on Sundays.—*Transcript.*

**SALE OF THE HATCH ELEVATOR.**—We learn that Israel T. Hatch has sold his elevator and four hundred feet of land fronting on the ship canal known as the Hatch canal, for \$80,000.—The sale was made to a well known company of carriers, receivers and forwarders of grain, composed of the leading forwarding houses of the city—a fact which will be readily admitted when we state that Messrs. Holt, Palmer & Co., and Sternberg & Co., are among the number.—*Buffalo Com. Adv.*

The ex-queen of France, and widow of Louis Philippe, lately passed through Belgium on her return to England, whereupon the government of France, thinking to do an act of unusual courtesy, signified to the authorities of Brussels that it would not make her visit the subject of any reclamations, even should the exiled queen remain several days in the country. This "favor" caused the august widow to hasten her departure at once for Claremont.

The independence of Canada was recently advocated in the British house of lords, by the Earl of Ellenborough, as a measure likely to be beneficial to Great Britain; but the duke of Newcastle, the colonial minister, promptly denounced the proposition. To Lord Brougham replied saying that the proposal had before been entertained and expressed by many eminent men, and would be again.

**ALL CORRECT.**—It is stated that the examination of the stock book of the New York and Erie railroad company is completed and the books found correct. An official announcement of the fact will shortly be made.

**PREACHING VS. PRACTICE.**—You will hear a good lowly creature sing the praises of pure water—call it the wine of Adam when he walked in Paradise—when, somehow, fate has bestowed upon the eulogist the finest Burgundy. He declares himself contented with a crust, although a beneficent fairy has hung a fat haunch or two in his larder. \* \* \* Yes, it is delightful to see these humble folks, who tune their tongues to the honor of dry bread and water, compelled by the force of fortune to chew venison and swallow claret.—*Douglas Jerrold.*

**TRY IT.**—Some one says:—"Just before going to bed, eat two pig's feet and a cod pie. In less than an hour you will see a snake larger than a bawser, devouring eight blue haired children, which have just escaped from a monster with sorrel eyes and a red hot overcoat."

A band of Irishmen, indignant at the criticisms of the Chicago Tribune on the conduct of Gov. Matteson, in committing the sentence of the La Salle murderers, attempted to burn the editor of that paper in effigy, on Saturday evening last, but they got so gloriously drunk that they failed to fully accomplish their object.

And another company who did not get drunk, burnt Gov. Matteson in effigy for his conduct in reference to the commutation.

**MAN DROWNED.**—The body of a man was found on the beach on Sunday. He had on woolen pants, a striped hickory shirt, and nothing was found in his pockets but a fish-hook. He was not identified; and it was deemed advisable to bury him instantly, and not permit the corpse to lie in the sun until a coroner's jury could be assembled.—*Wisconsin.*

**FROM MADISON.**—We hear just as we go to press that the supreme court has decided (all the judges concurring) to discharge Mr. Booth, on the ground of a defect in the writ on which he was arrested, and two or three other legal points, and chief justice Whiton unites with judge Smith in deciding the fugitive slave law unconstitutional. Judge Crawford dissents from this latter opinion.

For the present, slave-catching is at an end in Wisconsin. Amen!

**WASHINGTON, July 18.**  
The Union announces receipt of letter from Gen. W. O. Butler, declining the appointment of governor of Nebraska.

**WASHINGTON, July 18.**  
SENATE.—Mr. Sumner presented a memorial from a society in Philadelphia, for the promotion of measures for the final abolition of slavery in the United States, and in favor of the repeal of the fugitive slave law. A long debate took place on referring the memorial, which ended in its being laid on the table, 36 to 14. Senate then resumed consideration of the bill for the construction of line of telegraph to the Pacific. Mr. Badger asked leave to withdraw his motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill passed. Agreed to. The senate then took up the homestead bill.

HOUSE.—The consideration of Mr. Olds' bill regulating the postage on newspapers and periodicals in the United States was then resumed. Messrs. Washburn of Me., Elliot of Mass., and G. Smith of N. Y., each spoke against the bill. No action was taken.

**BALTIMORE, July 18.**  
Henry W. Wright, a captain of a German company in this city, threw a camphene lamp, lighted in his wife's face, and then beat her, killing her. He has been arrested.

**NEW YORK, July 18.**  
Accounts received from the Franklin to-day represent her to be perfectly tight, and lying in 14 feet water, broadside on. No doubt but the vessel and cargo will be saved. Three steamers have been sent to her assistance. The vessel and cargo are valued at \$400,000—covered by insurance.

The members of the bar held a meeting this morning, and passed resolutions of condolence to the memory of the late N. B. Blunt, esq., district attorney of New York.

The number of deaths by cholera in the Franklin hospital, during the past 24 hours, was 16. The commissioners have decided hereafter to publish reports daily.

The recent trip of the frigate Princeton was unsatisfactory, and she has been pronounced inefficient for war purposes. The independence is getting ready for sea without delay.

The Evening Post says it is understood that Bronson's letter to the Syracusean convention was written with an eye more to a Washington than an Albany future.

The steamer Franklin brings us important accounts of the North Pacific exploring expedition which started from the United States a year ago.

**NEW YORK, July 15.**

Wm. N. Paul, who was charged with having stolen \$14,870 from the safe of Belmont, was discharged from custody last night, being unable to prove anything criminal against him owing to the wording of the power of attorney given him by Belmont. All they can find is a breach of trust.

**MYSTERIOUS REMAINS.**—A few days since, while a number of workmen were engaged in digging a vault at Baltimore, one of them struck his pick upon a "hard" substance several feet below the surface of the earth. Upon removing the dirt and inspecting the object, it was found to be a piece of plank, ingeniously painted on one side to resemble hickory wood, and on the other in imitation of granite. It did not seem to have been buried more than a few weeks, yet it was found to be quite rotten.

Traces of obliterated characters were discoverable on the hickory side, but it was impossible to make them out. On the granite side, which had a new appearance, these words were visible under a strong light.

"Resolved, That the democratic party will resist all attempts at renewing, in congress or out of it, the agitation of the slavery question, under whatever shape or color the attempt may be made."

This mysterious relic was handed over to a distinguished antiquarian, who took it to Washington and placed it in the patent office. Since then it has been visited and examined by President Pierce, Senator Douglas, and all the heads of departments, except perhaps the secretary of state. None of them pretend to know anything of its origin, or how it came to be "run into the ground."

The Courier and Enquirer says:—"It is settled that England is prepared to let Canada be just as free as it desires. The House of Lords, by a majority of twenty-four, has voted to sustain the ministerial bill abolishing the present upper branch of the Canadian government, which is nominated for life by the governor general, and providing for an upper chamber to be elected by the people, the members whereof must each be worth a thousand pounds, be thirty years of age, and are to have a term of office of six years.—This vote of the lords was given in spite of a very earnest and able speech of Lord Derby against the bill, and censures the complete consummation of the measure. It is by far the most important of the series of concessions which the mother country has been making to Canada for years; and, in fact, leaves but one more concession to be made to produce absolute independence—namely, the election of governor by the people instead of his appointment by the Crown."

**MAKING LOVE TO THE WRONG PERSON.**—A Cincinnati paper is responsible for the following:

A young gentleman who had been paying his addresses in propria persona to a young lady in this city, left a few months ago and went down the river on business. A correspondence was immediately opened between the enamored pair and after exchanging several letters, the young lady was mortified to find that her letters were unanswered, and consequently she ceased writing. But the real secret of her not receiving letters, was the fact that another young lady of the same name, supposing they were intended for her, took them from the post-office and opened a correspondence with her proxy lover.—Some two months passed away, when the young man wound up by a direct proposal, and insisted on an immediate answer, avowing that at the same time that he thought the tone of her letters very different from those received when he first left Cincinnati, and upbraided his fair love with inconsistency. This last epistle was too much for our romantic incognito, and being conscience-stricken for the part she had been acting, and fully persuaded that some other lady had been pining for the man she was wooing, sought her out, and delivered up the letters to their rightful owner. The matter was speedily arranged, and the real lovers have since become united in the bands of wedlock.

**M. & M. R.—BUSINESS OF MADISON.**  
The amount taken for freight and passengers from the 24th of May to the 24th of July, was:  
Freight payable at that office, \$16,000 78  
Passengers, 8,964 18  
\$20,014 91

**THE HARBOR.**—We learn that Mr. Gunnison has received authority to contract for materials for the harbor, and to employ a corps of hands to push the work forward with as much expedition as possible. He has also received orders to repair the government buildings, and put them in condition for public use.—*Wis.*

**SCOBISM IN NEW YORK.**—The fate of Mr. Schuyler furnishes a whole sermon to scobs everywhere, and especially in New York, which may be listened to with profit by that large and increasing class of persons. The family of Schuyler is one of the most respectable in the country, and so far this man differs from most of those who build extravagant houses, drive expensive equipages, and dash and spend the money of other people in that most scobish of all cities—the great, noisy, dirty city of New York. Occasionally one of the "aristocracy" comes down with a rush, and then there opens a scene of extravagance, folly and fraud, that appals the public who live in quiet country villages, or dwell upon the broad farms in the rural districts, who have heard with wonder of the noble mansions, and the many servants, and the gold and silver of these city lords. And so it is that extravagance and a foolish desire to live in large houses, and own grand carriages—to outdo one another in these things, besides being ridiculous in itself, brings the miserable family that try it down to beggary and ruin, or entail upon their children habits and notions of life that utterly destroy them. It is the great prevailing vice of this time—it may indeed be called the grand characteristic of the times. It is manifested more or less in all our cities and villages, and its influence is seen in the debasement of men and women, and the complete ruin of children. Every successful speculator, or fortunate operator, must imitate, and if possible excel, his neighbor the lucky banker or money making grocer; and to do this without regard to expense, away they go into the marble and satin, the rosewood and silver, keep extravagant carriages with horses to match, and give parties where Brussels and Wilton out-vie in their color the silks and the wines which make up the chief part of the entertainment. Up goes the new house, with all the decoration which a vulgar or a refined taste may suggest. It goes into the air a huge pile, or a fantastic residence, but not a room in it for the comfort of the owner and his family—all of it for show and the public gaze. The women flaunt about in lace and laziness, or recline upon soft cushions in fine carriages, neither knowing nor caring whether the money that keeps them up be stolen or honestly gained. They are happy in fifth avenue glory, and the fact that they dash as much as the richest of their neighbors. For an American of fortune—real solid fortune—to dash into all this extravagance is folly; but that man is guilty of downright wickedness who, upon a little money goes to such vast and foolish expense; for he must rob somebody to carry out his plans; or if he has enough to warrant it all, his children, when his fortune is divided among them, will have all the silly and extravagant notions of their father, without his money to give them reality. Out of all this miserable life there spring evils worse than bankruptcy. The sins of the father are visited on the children to the third generation. Of what use to society are the children of such people? Sons who have been educated to believe that all this splendor constitutes the best of life, and that fast horses and champagne are emblematic of high life. Daughters brought up by a silly, ridiculous mother, who glories in her carpets and curtains, her carriage and her parties, and the fashionable training of her children. Nice creatures these for a life battle, in a world where energy and industry and endurance are worth to them more than all the airs, graces and style that they learned in the paternal drawing of foreign masters. Out of this struggle to excel in this sort of life, there springs, too, fraud and chicanery, all manner of crime; for in the contest, gold, gold, is the end and aim of all—the means are not regarded. The sensible part of the community laugh at this folly, and laugh loudly, too, at coarse vulgarly parading itself in gay equipages, and moving about with all the airs and affectations of snobbish high life—people elevated above their fellows by a stock operation or the rise in town lots, and rejoicing thereafter in flashy vehicles and in gaudy houses. If they made fools of themselves alone, it would all be proper enough. But the effect upon their families and on society is most to be dreaded. In a country where the law divides among a man's heirs all of his estate after death, unless disposed of by will, and where the chances are that property will not remain in the family beyond the second generation, it is utter folly to build palaces to live in; far better would it be to expend the same money in building schools or founding asylums, the benefit of which the rich man's heirs may need. On, on, goes our American life! heller skelter—hurly burly—on it goes! Dash—make a sensation—get money—honestly if you can—but get money—educate children after the same fashion, and then die and be forgotten.—*Buff. Com. Adv.*

**ROBBERY OF BELMONT'S BANK.**—It appears that this robbery was committed by the cashier, William Paul. The chief of police, with Mr. Devoe, one of his expert assistants, had the matter in hand on Wednesday. The Courier and Enquirer says:

All the clerks in the establishment made oath as to where they were the evening previous, and each gave a pretty satisfactory account; yet from the complexion of affairs suspicion hung over the employees. A watch was set and yesterday morning at an early hour a boy was seen to drop a letter in the post office and leave in a great hurry. This letter turned out to be the one that contained the \$14,000. The direction on the envelope was after much scrutiny recognized by officer Devoe as that emanating from the hand of William Paul, cashier of Belmont & Co. It was not, however, until after a careful examination that the officer came to this conclusion, and about half-past three o'clock yesterday afternoon he took Mr. Paul into custody, when the accused at once confessed that he had committed the robbery or embezzlement, or whatever it may be called. Mr. Paul is a young man 30 years of age, a native of Scotland, and married. He was said to be a partner in the house. On being questioned as to how he came to take the money, he said he took it for himself but for the firm to meet defalcations which he had unfortunately incurred by speculating in stocks, &c. He was detained at the chief's office for further examination. We fear there are too many cases of the above kind brewing, and bankers had better look at their books.

The Harrisburgh Democratic Union is very severe on John W. Forney. It charges that John "has an only sister, who now toils in the press room of the cotton factory at Lancaster, for two or three dollars a week, out of which she contributes to the support of her aged mother!" This is hardly credible; still it is not to be denied that a man capable of writing such a letter as Forney addressed to Roberts is always liable to the most odious and degrading suspicions.

A sad accident occurred during the recent celebration of the opening of the railway connection between Cincinnati and Louisville. A train from Aurora, on reaching the Seymour depot, exploded a powder magazine on a rear platform car, where a cannon had been placed for fire salutes. A spark blew from a small furnace, used for heating the rod with which the cannon was fired, into a chest containing several kegs of powder, and caused the explosion. Six men, who were on the car at the time, were blown into the air and horribly mangled.

**TRUSDELL, JORDAN & BENNETT.**  
Attorneys at Law.  
Having completed an accurate abstract of the TITLE, TAX, and JUDGMENT RECORDS of Rock County, are prepared to furnish full and reliable information respecting the ownership of Real Estate in said county, and all liens on such estate by Judgment, Mortgage or otherwise.  
They will attend to the purchase and sale of Real Estate, the negotiation of Loans, payment of Taxes, and the redemption of land from Tax Sales, and generally to all such business as properly belongs to a  
**REAL ESTATE OFFICE.**  
Business in the courts of this and the adjoining counties will be promptly attended to.  
Office—Second Story of Empire Block.  
89 Janesville, Wis., May 29th, 1851.

**JANESVILLE CITY BANK,**  
MAIN STREET, JANESVILLE.  
Drafts for Sale on all the principal cities of the Union and Great Britain.  
This Bank will purchase Notes, Drafts, Certificates of Deposit, County Orders, &c. &c.  
For our customers, approved paper discounted to any amount.  
Bills, Notes &c., received for collection without charge—proceeds remitted immediately, less current rate of exchange.  
LENNY D. BUNSTER, Pres't.  
J. H. VERMILY, Cashier.

**BADGER STATE BANK,**  
MAIN STREET, JANESVILLE, WIS.  
Particular attention paid to collections.  
SIGHT DRAFTS on the principal cities of the Union constantly for sale, and also Drafts on Great Britain, in sums to suit purchasers.  
E. L. DIMOCK, Cashier.  
September 1st 1853.  
Exchange Bank of W. J. Bell & Co., Milwaukee, J. B. KELLOGG, Cashier.  
Bank of Racine, Racine, H. J. ULMAR, Cashier.  
Bank of Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac, A. G. BUTLER, Cashier.

**AMERICAN EXPRESS OFFICE,**  
JANESVILLE, MAY 21, 1853.  
A messenger of this company leaves this city tri-weekly, connecting at Chicago with daily lines to New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Cincinnati, St. Louis, and all the principal cities in the United States and Canada. Collections made at any point on their route; Gold, Silver, Bank Notes and Express matter generally forwarded with despatch, and all business entrusted to them will be forwarded with their accustomed promptness.  
Proprietors,  
WELLS, BUTTERFIELD & CO., LIVINGSTON, FARGO & CO.,  
New York. Buffalo.  
874 W. W. HOLDEN, Agent.

**1854. L. J. HIGBY, 1854.**  
Forwarding, Commission and Produce  
**MERCHANT.**  
Will contract to forward Goods or Produce to or from any ports East or West, by responsible lines by Railroad or Canal, will attend to selling grain or other produce at the Railroad Depots; here, all which, with my NEW WAREHOUSE at the Depot, and Mammoth Pier, give the advantages more convenient to country merchants than any other house here.  
Milwaukee, March 20th, 1854. 30m6

**OAK HILL CEMETERY.**—A special meeting of the Trustees of this Association will be held at the bank of H. B. Bunker, FRIDAY EVENING, July 21st, at eight o'clock, for the transaction of important business. A prompt attendance is requested.  
July 17, 1854. WM. MACDON, Sec'y. 18 44.

**4 BBL'S PURE CREAM TARTAR.**  
Nothing but a pure article ever sold at our store, and persons who buy Cream Tartar of us, are saved the trouble of returning it. HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**WINDOW GLASS.**—Another arrival of 160 boxes assorted sizes at the Empire Drug Store. HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**DR. BEACH'S CORDIAL.**—A perfect Specific for Summer complaints and dysentery in children. HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**3 BBL'S BOILED LINED OIL.**  
This article can now be had pure at our store. HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**PURE BRANDY.**—In pint and half-pint bottles. Also a fine assortment of liquor FLASKS. HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**CANARY BIRD Fountains, Bathing Dishes, Nests and Mixed Seed in pound papers.** HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**CHROME GREEN.**—10 cases dry and ground in oil, Tintans best. HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**PATENT DRYER.**—Five cases in cans assorted from 1 lb. to 10 lbs. HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**QUEEN CITY VARNISHES.**—We have the sole agency for these celebrated Varnishes for this city; a full supply lying on hand. HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**SYRINGES.**—Metallic, Self-injecting and Common, from 1 oz. to 16 oz.; also, all sizes Glass, male and female. HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**GUM DROPS.**—A full assortment of the different flavors, fresh, for sale by HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**BACHELOR'S HAIR DYE.** this day received. [1853] HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**LYON'S KATHARION.**—5 Gross now in Store. Dealers furnished at manufacturers prices. [1853] HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**MCCORMICK'S CHOLERA SPECIFIC.**—This remedy has been used with unparalleled success in the treatment of this most malignant disease in the southern and western cities. Prepared after the original recipe by HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.,  
Druggists and Chemists.

**IMPORTED CIGARS.**—The best article and most favorite brands ever offered in this city. [1853] HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**FORD'S HISTORY OF ILLINOIS**  
for sale at SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.  
[1853]

**2D SERIES OF FERN LEAVES**  
for sale at SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.  
[1853]

**MILTON ACADEMY.**  
Prof. A. C. SPICER, Principal.  
Mrs. S. M. SPICER, Preceptress.  
OTHER competent and experienced Teachers are to be engaged immediately.  
**Calendar for 1854-55.**  
First Term opens Wednesday Sept. 6th—closes Wednesday Dec. 6th.  
Second Term opens Wednesday Dec. 19th—closes Wednesday March 31st, 1855.  
Third Term opens Wednesday March 28th—closes Wednesday July 4th, 1855.  
**EXPENSES.**  
Tuition per Term, from 10 to 15 00  
Music on Piano Forte or Seraphine, extra 10 00  
Oil Painting 10 00  
Pencil Drawing 10 00  
Crayon Painting 10 00  
Water Color Painting 10 00  
Tuition must be settled IN ADVANCE, and five per cent will be deducted for ADVANCE PAYMENT.  
**BOARD.**  
Board may be obtained in private families, or with the Principal and family, at the lowest possible price for which board can be afforded. We advertise to attract pupils, hoping that there may be a fall from the present price of board before our fall term opens.  
Rooms in which students may board themselves may be obtained at stated prices, according to the quality and capacity of the rooms.  
**BUILDING, &c.**  
A commodious and elegant Academic edifice, constructed of white brick and in the best style, is in progress at the Old STAND of HOTT & STRONG, and is to be completed for the use of the Fall Term. Philosophical, Chemical, Physiological, Botanical, and Astronomical apparatus is to be immediately purchased. A Library is in progress of collection for the Academy.  
Let every student be present from the first to the last day of each term.  
The course of instruction will aim at absolute thoroughness of scholarship and mental discipline, while the health, manners and morals of students will be carefully regulated.  
L. F. MAXON, President.  
A. C. SPICER, Secretary.  
Milton, June 28th, 1854.

**DISSOLUTION.**—The copartnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of HOTT & STRONG, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.  
JOHN P. HOTT,  
B. U. STRONG.  
Janesville, July 10th, 1854.

**COPARTNERSHIP.**—The undersigned will continue the general Merchandising business at the OLD STAND of HOTT & STRONG, under the name of STRONG & HOTT, and will be happy to wait upon the customers and friends of the old concern.  
B. U. STRONG,  
GEORGE H. HOTT.  
Janesville, July 10th, 1854.

**DISSOLUTION.**—The Copartnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of Northway & Bancroft, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.  
J. E. NORTHWAY,  
J. O. BANCROFT.  
Footville, July 14th, 1854.

**BUSINESS CONTINUED.**—The subscriber, thankful for past favors, will still continue the business at the old Stand, and will be happy to wait upon his friends and customers at all times.  
J. O. NORTHWAY.  
Footville, July 14th, 1854.

**INDIA RUBBER TOILETTE COMBS**  
at FARWELL & BRO.  
[1853]

**PATENT MEDICINES** of all popular kinds at FARWELL & BRO.  
[1853]

**SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS.**—A good assortment from the celebrated manufactory of Golding, New York, for sale by FARWELL & BRO.  
[1853]

**CAMPENE & BURNING FLUID.**  
always on hand fresh and pure, at FARWELL & BRO.  
[1853]

**LAMP OILS.**—Pure Solar and Winter Bleached, for sale by the Gallon or Barrel, by FARWELL & BRO.  
[1853]

**PURE WHITE LEAD IN OIL.** for sale by the Ton, or Hundred, or Keg, by FARWELL & BRO.  
[1853]

**SNOW WHITE ZINC, and New Jersey Zinc,** a large invoice just received and for sale by FARWELL & BRO.  
[1853]

**LYON'S KATHARION.**—6 Gross just received at FARWELL & BRO.  
[1853]

**SULPHATE QUININE.**—100 lbs. for sale by FARWELL & BRO.  
[1853]

**SULPHATE MORPHINE** for sale by FARWELL & BRO.  
[1853]

**MERRILL'S ECLECTIC PREPARATIONS.**  
A full stock constantly on hand at FARWELL & BRO.  
[1853]

**CIGARS.**—A large and good assortment; just received direct from the Importers at FARWELL & BRO.  
[1853]

**LINSEED OIL.**—10 bbls. just received, and for sale lower than ever at FARWELL & BRO.  
[1853]

**5 CARBOYS White Nitric Acid,** expressly for Telegraph use, for sale by FARWELL & BRO.  
[1853]







NOTICE.—Our city subscribers who have been in the habit of receiving the weekly paper from the carriers, will greatly oblige us by calling at the post office for it hereafter. Those who take the daily, and still desire to continue the weekly will also oblige us by giving notice of their wishes, and it will be left for them at the post office.

BETTER PROSPECTS FOR SCHOOLS.—We are glad to be informed that Mr. Dearborn, formerly pastor of the Baptist church in this city, has purchased the academy property, and intends soon to commence the erection of a suitable boarding house upon the grounds, and a thorough refitting and repair of the present academy building. Mr. Gorton, who has been successfully engaged as the principal of an academy in Brockport, N. Y., is to take charge of the institution, aided by able and competent assistants. It is expected that the buildings will be ready by next spring, and in the meantime Mr. Gorton will open a school in the basement story of the Baptist church, which is to be conveniently fitted up for that purpose. His school will open about the first of September. The new institution is to take the name of the "Janesville Collegiate Institute." Those who are acquainted with Mr. Gorton bear high testimony in favor of his qualifications and success, and we doubt not the institution will prove a valuable accession to the town. We wish the undertaking much success, and hope Messrs. Dearborn and Gorton will be promptly seconded in it by our citizens. It is an enterprise in which every citizen ought to take the liveliest interest.

THE present summer will be set down as remarkable in one particular at least—for the intense and long protracted heat of the weather. Within our nine years' residence in Wisconsin, there has been no summer to compare with the present in that particular. Early in the month of June, which is very uncommon, it commenced, and save a few days a week or two since, it has been unrelenting. The thermometer has marked the highest degree of temperature ever attained here, and has there remained mostly stationary. In common seasons thunder storms have had the effect to cool off the atmosphere for a time; this year they do not exactly, as the fellow said clear off cloudy, but have almost invariably cleared off hot. The effect of so much intense heat could not but be injurious to the health of the country, and the large cities are consequently suffering from this cause. Upon the emigrants, coming from cooler latitudes, and the debilitating effects always consequent upon a change of climate, and the confinement and privations of a long journey, have fallen most seriously. The reports of health officers designate a large proportion of these in the list of deaths; still the unusual mortality has by no means been confined to that class. Our own city thus far has been highly blessed. The cholera has not visited us, and the general health of our inhabitants has been far better than might be expected under the influence of such weather. The effects of this weather upon the crops is not yet fully apparent. There are some complaints of blight in wheat, and with much more such weather as at the present writing, rust in that grain must be the result. This is the critical period for the spring wheat; if it passes this with only partial injury, the crop will still be a heavy one, for never has there been promise of a greater average yield. There is no department of industry just now that is looked to with so much interest as that of the farmers. In their success depends much of the prosperity of our state at large, and of each individual calling and pursuit. A few more days will tell the story.

The fall elections involve important results.—Congressmen are to be elected, and the legislature is to choose a U. S. senator next winter. In place of Hon. I. P. Walker. There are more or less of distrust and dissatisfaction in the democratic ranks generally—added to this is the Nebraska question, which we fear will produce more discord than harmony. Upon this issue, combining all the elements of opposition—whigs, free-soilers and democrats—we hope not many of the latter. What then is the duty of the mass of the democratic party, who we take it, do not propose to be jostled from a right line, or "startled from their property?" It is to promptly attend the caucuses and conventions and make every effort to secure the nomination of the ablest, strongest and most reliable men, as the only thing that can save the democratic party from defeat, amidst the conflict of such discordant elements.—Madison Patriot.

The Patriot is evidently trying to pursue the go-between policy. It is neither "flesh, fowl, nor good red herring" upon the great question which at present interests the entire north.—But it will find that the people are in earnest in the matter, and that no such shuffling off of the responsibility as the above will satisfy them.—The Nebraska question is to be a live one, and candidates will have to be for or against, without equivocation or reservation. If the democratic party "do not propose to be jostled from a right line," that will be in the line of a meagre minority, and they will be made to see the "propriety" of a change in their course, if they wish their right line to lead them to success.

CHANCE FOR A DEMOCRATIC EDITOR.—The post master at Nevada, Green county, makes a call through the columns of the Standard, for the establishment in that county, of "a pure and straight-forward democratic newspaper—a paper that will faithfully support the constitution, union and government of our beloved country," and invites editors favorable to such a paper, to give the notice in insertion. As such a paper would be quite a novelty, we call the attention to it of any who might wish to engage in the enterprise. Don't all speak at once.

THE STATE COMMISSIONERS at Springfield, have been guilty of a most petty act, which ought to crimson them with shame.

Upon the arrival of Cassius M. Clay, at Springfield, to address the people in a public manner, the following notice was posted in handbills around the city:

"The contents of the state house cannot be occupied for Cassius M. Clay's lecture to-day."  
A. STEARNS,  
JOHN MOORE,  
Commissioners."

The Chicago Journal contains the above announcement, and thus follows it:

A FACT IN HISTORY.—Sir John Moore, (the modern.) This gentleman who we believe officiates as state treasurer, appears from his action, regarding the occupying of the state house for the hearing of Mr. Clay, to have a dislike for that gentleman.

This feeling was most probably engendered during the Mexican campaign, and grew out of the fact that when Mr. Clay was a prisoner of war being conveyed by forced marches to the city of Mexico in advance of the field of Buena Vista, "Sir John" was sloping his way home, as fat as a hog, pretending to be in feeble health.

The next heard of the two is, that the one is exchanged for an officer of equal rank, and the other a beggar at the entrance of the Springfield capitol as a candidate for sergeant at arms, or door keeper of the senate.

FATAL AFFRAY AT MCGREGOR.—Last Friday, Johnson G. Walton was stabbed in the throat by a young man named John White, and died almost instantly. The particulars, as we have learned them, are as follows:

Sometime last May, Walton lost a five dollar bill under circumstances that led him to suspect White of stealing it. White left McGregors soon after, and did not return until a few days since. It was intimated to him that if he did not settle with Walton he would not be permitted to leave town. He thereupon went to Evans' store, where Walton was, and called him out. They walked apart from the crowd, and were heard in altercation about the lost money. Walton told White that he could not leave town until the affair was settled. White denied having taken the money. Walton contradicted him. White then called Walton a d—d liar. Walton thereupon seized White and they went down together, Walton uppermost. White immediately raised the cry of murder! and upon the arrival of some persons who were near, it was found that Walton had been stabbed in the throat with a small knife, and White was trying to stay the flowing blood by holding his thumb on the wound. White is said to have called on those present to stop the blood and run for the doctor. He was examined before Justice V. R. Miller, and committed to await his trial. He is a young man, not more than twenty years of age.—Prairie du Chien Courier.

A CONSCIENTIOUS MAN.—Mr. Robert Schuyler, the defaulter, the extent of whose operations has far eclipsed those of all the Swartwouts and Hoyts of former times, is the same man that, a few months ago had conscientious scruples about running trains on the New Haven railroad on Sundays.—Transcript.

SALE OF THE HATCH ELEVATOR.—We learn that Israel T. Hatch has sold his elevator and four hundred feet of land fronting on the ship canal known as the Hatch canal, for \$300,000.—The sale was made to a well known company of carriers, receivers and forwarders of grain, composed of the leading forwarding houses of the city—a fact which will be readily admitted when we state that Messrs. Holt, Palmer & Co., and Sternberg & Co., are among the number.—Buffalo Com. Adv.

The ex-queen of France, and widow of Louis Philippe, lately passed through Belgium on her return to England, whereupon the government of France, thinking to do an act of national courtesy, signified to the authorities of Brussels that it would not make her visit the subject of any reclamations, even should the exiled queen remain several days in the country. This "favor" caused the august widow to hasten her departure at once for Claremont.

The independence of Canada was recently advocated in the British house of lords, by the Earl of Ellenborough, as a measure likely to be beneficial to Great Britain; but the duke of Newcastle, the colonial minister, promptly denounced the proposition. To this Lord Brougham replied saying that the proposal had before been entertained and expressed by many eminent men, and would be again.

NEW YORK, July 16th.  
ALL CORRECT.—It is stated that the examination of the stock book of the New York and Erie railroad company is completed and the books found correct. An official announcement of the fact will shortly be made.

PREACHING VS. PRACTICE.—You will hear a good loud creature sing the praises of pure water—call it the wine of Adam when he walked in Paradise—when, somehow, fate has bestowed upon the eulogist the finest Burgundy. He declares himself contented with a crust, although a beneficent fairy has hung a fat haunch or two in hisarder. \* \* \* \* \* Yes, it is delightful to see these humble folks, who tune their tongues to the honor of dry bread and water, compelled by the force of fortune to chew venison and swallow claret.—Douglas Jerrold.

TRY IT.—Some one says—"Just before going to bed, eat two pig's feet and a cod pie. In less than an hour you will see a snake larger than a hawser, devouring eight blue haired children, which have just escaped from a monster with sorrel eyes and a red hot overcoat."

A band of Irishmen, indignant at the criticisms of the Chicago Tribune on the conduct of Gov. Matteson, in commuting the sentence of the La Salle murderers, attempted to burn the editor of that paper in effigy, on Saturday evening last, but they got so gloriously drunk that they failed to fully accomplish their object.

And another company who did not get drunk, burnt Gov. Matteson in effigy for his conduct in reference to the commutation.

MAN DROWNED.—The body of a man was found on the beach on Sunday. He had on woolen pants, a striped hickory shirt, and nothing was found in his pockets but a fish-hook. He was not identified; and it was deemed advisable to bury him instantly, and not permit the corpse to lie in the sun until a coroner's jury could be assembled.—Wisconsin.

FROM MADISON.—We hear just as we go to press that the supreme court has decided (all the judges concurring) to discharge Mr. Booth, on the ground of a defect in the writ on which he was arrested, and two or three other legal points, and chief justice Whiton unites with judge Smith in deciding the fugitive slave law unconstitutional. Judge Crawford dissents from this latter opinion.

For the present, slave-catching is at an end in Wisconsin. Amen!

WASHINGTON, July 18.  
The Union announces receipt of letter from Gen. W. O. Butler, declining the appointment of governor of Nebraska.

SENATE.—Mr. Sumner presented a memorial from a society in Philadelphia, for the promotion of measures for the final abolition of slavery in the United States, and in favor of the repeal of the fugitive slave law. A long debate took place on referring the memorial, which ended in its being laid on the table, 36 to 14. Senate then resumed consideration of the bill for the construction of line of telegraph to the Pacific. Mr. Hadger asked leave to withdraw his motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill passed. Agreed to. The senate then took up the homestead bill.

HOUSE.—The consideration of Mr. Olds' bill regulating the postage on newspapers and periodicals in the United States was then resumed. Messrs. Washburn of Me., Elliot of Mass., and G. Smith of N. Y., each spoke against the bill. No action was taken.

BALTIMORE, July 18.  
Henry W. Wright, a captain of a German company in this city, threw a cannoneer lamp, lighted, into his wife's face, and then beat her, killing her. He has been arrested.

NEW YORK, July 18.  
Accounts received from the Franklin to-day represent her to be perfectly tight, and lying in 14 feet water, broadside on. No doubt but the vessel and cargo will be saved. Three steamers have been sent to her assistance. The vessel and cargo are valued at \$100,000—covered by insurance.

The members of the bar held a meeting this morning, and passed resolutions of condolence to the memory of the late N. B. Blunt, esq., district attorney of New York.

The number of deaths by cholera in the Franklin hospital, during the past 24 hours, was 16. The commissioners have decided hereafter to publish reports daily.

The recent trial trip of the frigate Princeton was unsatisfactory, and she has been pronounced inefficient for war purposes. The independence is getting ready for sea without delay.

The Evening Post says it is understood that Bronson's letter to the Syracusean convention was written with an eye more to a Washington than an Albany future.

The steamer Franklin brings us important accounts of the North Pacific exploring expedition which started from the United States a year ago.

NEW YORK, July 15.  
Wm. N. Paul, who was charged with having stolen \$14,370 from the safe of Belmont, was discharged from custody last night, being unable to prove anything criminal against him owing to the wording of the power of attorney given him by Belmont. All they can find is a breach of trust.

MYSTERIOUS REMAINS.—A few days since, while a number of workmen were engaged in digging a vault at Baltimore, one of them struck his pick upon a "hard" substance several feet below the surface of the earth. Upon removing the dirt and inspecting the object, it was found to be a piece of plank, ingeniously painted on one side to resemble hickory wood, and on the other in imitation of granite. It did not seem to have been buried more than a few weeks, yet it was found to be quite rotten. Traces of obliterated characters were discoverable on the hickory side, but it was impossible to make them out. On the granite side, which had a new appearance, these words were visible under a strong light.

"Resolved, That the democratic party will resist all attempts at renewing, in congress or out of it, the agitation of the slavery question, under whatever shape or color the attempt may be made."

This mysterious relic was handed over to a distinguished antiquarian, who took it to Washington and placed it in the patent office. Since then it has been visited and examined by President Pierce, Senator Douglas, and all the heads of departments, except perhaps the secretary of state. None of them pretend to know anything of its origin, or how it came to be "run into the ground."

The Courier and Enquirer says: "It is settled that England is prepared to let Canada be just as free as it desires. The House of Lords, by a majority of twenty-four, has voted to sustain the ministerial bill abolishing the present upper branch of the Canadian government, which is nominated for life by the governor general, and providing for an upper chamber to be elected by the people, the members whereof must each be worth a thousand pounds, be thirty years of age, and are to have a term of office of six years.—This vote of the lords was given in spite of a very earnest and able speech of Lord Derby against the bill, and secures the complete consummation of the measure. It is by far the most important of the series of concessions which the mother country has been making to Canada for years; and, in fact, leaves but one more concession to be made to produce absolute independence—namely, the election of governor by the people instead of his appointment by the Crown."

MAKING LOVE TO THE WRONG PERSON.—A Cincinnati paper is responsible for the following: A young gentleman who had been paying his addresses in propria persona to a young lady in this city, left a few months ago and went down the river on business. A correspondence was immediately opened between the enamored pair and after exchanging several letters, the young lady was mortified to find that her letters were unanswered, and consequently she ceased writing. But the real secret of her not receiving letters was the fact that another young lady of the same name, supposing they were intended for her, took them from the post-office and opened a correspondence with her proxy lover.—Some two months passed away, when the young man wound up by a direct proposal, and insisted on an immediate answer, avowing at the same time that he thought the tone of her letters very different from those received when he first left Cincinnati, and upbraided his fair love with inconsistency. This last epistle was too much for our romantic innocent, and being conscience-stricken for the part she had been acting, and fully persuaded that some other lady had been plying for the man she was wooing, sought her out, and delivered up the letters to their rightful owner. The matter was speedily arranged, and the real lovers have since become united in the bands of wedlock.

M. & M. R. R.—BUSINESS OF MADISON.—The amount taken for freight and passengers from the 26th of May to the 2nd of July, was: Freight payable at that office, \$16,000 78 Passengers, 3,954 18 \$20,054 91

THE HARBOR.—We learn that Mr. Gunnison has received authority to contract for materials for the harbor, and to employ a corps of hands to push the work forward with as much expedition as possible. He has also received orders to repair the government buildings, and put them in condition for public use.—Wfz.

SPRIBBISM IN NEW YORK.—The fate of Mr. Schuyler furnishes a whole sermon to snobs everywhere, and especially in New York, which may be listened to with profit by that large and increasing class of persons. The family of Schuyler is one of the most respectable in the country, and so far this man differs from most of those who build extravagant houses, drive expensive equipages, and dash and spend the money of other people in that most snobbish of all cities—the great, noisy, dirty city of New York. Occasionally one of the "aristocracy" comes down with a rush, and then there opens a scene of extravagance, folly and fraud, that appals the public who live in quiet country villages, or dwell upon the broad farms in the rural districts, who have heard with wonder of the noble mansions, and the many servants, and the gold and silver of these city lords. And so it is that extravagance and a foolish desire to live in large houses, and own grand carriages—to outdo one another in these things, besides being ridiculous in itself, brings the miserable family that try it down to beggary and ruin, or entail upon their children habits and notions of life that utterly destroy them. It is the great prevailing vice of this time—it may indeed be called the grand characteristic of the times. It is manifested more or less in all our cities and villages, and its influence is seen in the debasement of men and women, and the complete ruin of children. Every successful speculator, or fortunate operator, must imitate, and if possible excel, his neighbor the lucky banker or money making grocer; and to do this without regard to expense, away they go into the marble and satin, the rosewood and silver, keep extravagant carriages with horses to match, and give parties where Brussels and Wilton out-vie in their color the silks and the wine which make up the chief part of the entertainment. Up goes the new house, with all the decoration which a vulgar or a refined taste may suggest. Up it goes into the air a huge pile, or a fantastic residence, but not a room in it for the comfort of the owner and his family—all of it for show and the public gaze. The women flaunt about in lace and business, or recline upon soft cushions in fine carriages, neither knowing nor caring whether the money that keeps them up be stolen or honestly gained. They are happy in fifth avenue glory, and the fact that they dash as much as the richest of their neighbors. For an American of fortune—read solid fortune—to dash into all this extravagance is folly; but that man is guilty of downright wickedness who, upon a little money goes to such vast and foolish expense; for he must rob somebody to carry out his plans; or if he has enough to warrant it all, his children, when his fortune is divided among them, will have all the silly and extravagant notions of their father, without his money to give them reality. Out of all this miserable life there springs evils worse than bankruptcy. The sins of the father are visited on the children to the third generation. Of what use to society are the children of such people? Sons who have been educated to believe that all this splendor constitutes the best of life, and that fast horses and champagne are emblematic of high life. Daughters brought up by a silly, ridiculous mother, who glories in her carpets and curtains, her carriage and her parties, and the fashionable training of her children. Nice creatures these for a life battle, in a world where energy and industry and endurance are worth to them more than all the airs, graces and style that they learned in the paternal drawing of foreign masters. Out of this struggle to excel in this sort of life, there springs, too, fraud and chicanery, and all manner of crime; for in the contest, gold, gold, is the end and aim of all—the means are not regarded. The sensible part of the community laugh at this folly, and laugh loudly, too, at coarse vulgarly parading itself in gay equipages, and moving about with all the airs and affectations of snobbish high life—people elevated above their fellows by a stock operation or the rise in town lots, and rejoicing thereafter in flashy vehicles and in gaudy houses. If they made fools of themselves alone, it would all be proper enough. But the effect upon their families and on society is most to be dreaded. In a country where the law divides among a man's heirs all of his estate after death, unless disposed of by will, and where the chances are that property will not remain in the family beyond the second generation, it is utter folly to build palaces to live in; far better would it be to expend the same money in building schools or founding asylums, the benefit of which the rich man's heirs may need. On, on, goes our American life! better scatter—hurry hurry—on it goes! Dash—make a sensation—get money—honestly if you can—but get money—educate children after the same fashion, and then die and be forgotten.—Buff. Com. Adv.

ROBBERY OF BELMONT'S BANK.—It appears that this robbery was committed by the cashier, William Paul. The chief of police, with Mr. Devoe, one of his expert assistants, had the matter in hand on Wednesday. The Courier and Enquirer says:

All the clerks in the establishment made oath as to where they were the evening previous, and each gave a pretty satisfactory account; yet from the complexion of affairs suspicion hung over the employees. A watch was set and yesterday morning at an early hour a boy was seen to drop a letter in the post office and leave in a great hurry. This letter turned out to be the one that contained the \$14,000. The direction on the envelope was after much scrutiny recognized by officer Devoe as that emanating from the hand of William Paul, cashier of Belmont & Co. It was not, however, until after a careful examination that the officer came to this conclusion, and about half-past three o'clock yesterday afternoon he took Mr. Paul into custody, when the accused at once confessed that he had committed the robbery or embezzlement, or whatever it may be called. Mr. Paul is a young man 30 years of age, a native of Scotland, and married. It was said to be a partner in the house. On being questioned as to how he came to take the money, he said he took it not for himself but for the firm to meet defalcations which he had unfortunately incurred by speculating in stocks, &c. He was detained at the chief's office for further examination. We fear there are too many cases of the above kind brewing, and bankers had better look at their books.

The Harrisburgh Democratic Union is very severe on John W. Forney. It charges that John "has an only sister, who now toils in the press room of the cotton factory at Lancaster, for two or three dollars a week, of which she contributes to the support of her aged mother." This is hardly credible; still it is not to be denied that a man capable of writing such a letter as Forney addressed to Roberts is always liable to the most odious and degrading suppositions.

A sad accident occurred during the recent celebration of the opening of the railway connection between Cincinnati and Louisville. A train from Aurora, on reaching the Seymour depot, exploded a powder magazine on a rear platform car, where a cannon had been placed to fire salutes. A spark blew from a small furnace, used for heating the rod with which the cannon was fired, into a chest containing several kegs of powder, and caused the explosion. Six men, who were on the car at the time, were blown into the air and horribly mangled.

TRUSDELL, JORDAN & BENNETT.  
Attorneys at Law.  
Having completed an accurate abstract of the TITLE, TAX and JUDGMENT RECORDS of Rock County, are prepared to furnish full and reliable information respecting the ownership of Real Estate in said county, and all liens on such estate by Judgment, Mortgage or otherwise.  
They will attend to the purchase and sale of Real Estate, the negotiation of Loans, payment of Taxes, and the redemption of land from Tax Sales, and generally to all such business as properly belongs to a REAL ESTATE OFFICE.  
Business in the courts of this and the adjoining counties will be promptly attended to.  
Office—Second Story of Empire Block.  
JANESVILLE, Wis., May 25th, 1854.

JANESVILLE CITY BANK,  
MAIN STREET, JANESVILLE.  
Drafts for Sale on all the principal cities of the Union and Great Britain.  
This Bank will purchase Notes, Drafts, Certificates of Deposit, County Orders, &c. &c.  
For our customers, approved paper discounted to any amount.  
Bills, Notes &c., received for collection without charge—proceeds remitted immediately, less current rate of exchange.  
HENRY B. BUNSTER, Pres't.  
J. H. VERMILY, Cashier.

BADGER STATE BANK,  
MAIN STREET, JANESVILLE, WIS.  
Particular attention paid to collections.  
SIGHT DRAFTS on the principal cities of the Union constantly for sale, and also Drafts on Great Britain, in sums to suit purchasers.  
September 1st 1853.  
Exchange Bank of W. J. Bell & Co., Milwaukee, J. B. KELLOGG, Cashier.  
Bank of Racine, Racine, W. J. ULLMAN, Cashier.  
Bank of Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac, A. G. BUTLER, Cashier.

AMERICAN EXPRESS OFFICE,  
JANESVILLE, May 21, 1854.  
A messenger of this company leaves this city tri-weekly, connecting at Chicago with daily lines to New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Cincinnati, St. Louis, and all the principal cities in the United States and Canada. Collections made at any point on their route; Gold, Silver, Bank Notes and Express matter generally forwarded with despatch, and all business entrusted to them will be forwarded with their accustomed promptness.  
Proprietors,  
WELLS, BUTTERFIELD & CO., LIVINGSTON, FARGO & CO., New York, Buffalo, W. W. HOLDEN, Agent.

1854. L. J. HIGBY, 1854.  
Forwarding, Commission and Produce MERCHANT,  
Will contract to forward Goods or Produce to or from any ports East or West, by responsible lines by Railroad or Canal, will attend to selling grain or other produce at the Railroad Depot here; all which, with my NEW WAREHOUSE at the Depot, and Mammoth Pier, give me advantages more convenient to country merchants than any other house here.  
Milwaukee, March 20th, 1854. 30m6

OAK HILL CEMETERY.—A special meeting of the Trustees of this Association will be held at the bank of H. B. Hunter, FRIDAY EVENING, July 21st, at eight o'clock, for the transaction of important business. A prompt attendance is requested. July 17, 1854. WM. MACDONALD, Pres't. CHAS. HOLZ, Sec'y.

4 BBL. PURE CREAM TARTAR.  
Nothing but a pure article is ever sold at our store, and persons who buy Cream Tartar of us, are saved the trouble of returning it. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

WINDOW GLASS.—Another arrival of 100 boxes assorted sizes at the Empire Drug Store. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

DR. BEACON'S CORDIAL.—A perfect specific for summer complaints and dysentery in children. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

3 BBL. BOILED LINSEED OIL.—This article can now be had pure at our store. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

PURE BRANDY.—In pint and half-pint bottles. Also a fine assortment of liquor FLASKS. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

CANARY BIRD Fountains, Bathing Dishes, Nests and Mixed Seed in pound papers. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

CHROME GREEN.—10 cases dry and ground in oil, Tirmans best. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

PATENT DRYER.—Five cases in cans assorted from 1 lb. to 10 lbs. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

QUEEN CITY VARNISHES.—We have the sole agency for these celebrated Varnishes for this city; a full supply just received. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

SYRINGES.—Metallic, Self-injecting and Common, from 1 oz. to 16 oz.; also, all sizes Glass, male and female. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

GUM DROPS.—A full assortment of the different flavors, fresh, for sale by HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

BACHELOR'S HAIR DYE, this day received. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

LYON'S SKATHAIRON.—5 GROSS NOW in Store. Dealers furnished at manufacturers prices. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

MILTON ACADEMY.  
Prof. A. C. SPICER, Principal.  
Mrs. S. M. SPICER, Preceptress.  
OTHER competent and experienced Teachers are to be engaged immediately.  
Calendar for 1854-55.  
First Term opens Wednesday Sept. 6th—closes Wednesday Dec. 6th.  
Second Term opens Wednesday Dec. 18th—closes Wednesday March 21st, 1855.  
Third Term opens Wednesday March 28th—closes Wednesday July 4th, 1855.

EXPENSES.  
Tuition per Term, from.....\$3.00 to \$ 5.00  
Music on Piano Forte or Organ, extra 10 00  
Oil Painting..... 7 00  
Pencil..... 2 00  
Crayon Painting..... 2 00  
Water Color Painting..... 2 00  
Tuition must be settled IN ADVANCE, and five per cent will be deducted for ADVANCE PAYMENT.

BOARD.  
Board may be obtained in private families, or with the Principal and family, at the lowest possible price, for which board can at the time be afforded. We advise no student to board here, hoping that there may be a fall from the present price of board before our fall term opens.  
Rooms in which students may board themselves may be obtained at varying prices, according to the quality and capacity of the rooms.  
BUILDING, &c.  
A commodious and elegant academic edifice, constructed of white brick and in the best style in progress of erection by the Trustees of the Academy, and is to be completed for the use of the Fall Term.  
Philosophical, Chemical, Physiological, Botanical, and Astronomical apparatus is to be immediately purchased. A Library is in progress of collection for the Academy.  
Let every student be present from the first to the last day of each term.  
The course of instruction will aim at absolute thoroughness of scholarship and mental discipline, while the health, manners and morals of students will be carefully regarded.  
J. P. MAXON, President.

A. C. SPICER, Secretary.  
Milton, June 20th, 1854.

DISOLUTION.—The copartnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of HOTT & STROUD, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.  
JOHN P. HOTT,  
D. U. STROUD.

JANESVILLE, July 10th, 1854.  
COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned will continue the general Merchandising business at the OLD STAND of HOTT & STROUD, under the name of STROUD & BACON, and will be happy to wait upon the customers and friends of the old concern.  
GEORGE D. BACON.

JANESVILLE, July 10th, 1854.  
DISOLUTION.—The Copartnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of Northway & Bancroft, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.  
J. O. NORTHWAY,  
J. E. BANCROFT.

Footville, July 14th, 1854.  
BUSINESS CONTINUED.—The subscriber, thankful for past favors, will continue the business at the old Stand, and will be happy to wait upon his friends and customers at all times.  
J. O. NORTHWAY.

INDIA RUBBER TOILETTE COMBS at FARWELL'S.  
PATENT MEDICINES of all popular kinds at FARWELL'S.  
SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS.—A good assortment from the celebrated manufactory of Goulding, New York, for sale by FARWELL & BRO.

CAMPBELL'S BURNING FLUID, always on hand fresh and pure, at FARWELL'S.  
LAMP OILS.—Pure Solar and Winter Bleached, for sale by the Gallon or Barrel, by FARWELL & BRO.

PURE WHITE LEAD IN OIL, for sale by the Ton, or Hundred, or Keg, by FARWELL & BRO.  
SNOW WHITE ZINC, and New Jersey Zinc, a large invoice just received and for sale by FARWELL & BRO.

LYON'S CATHAIRON.—6 gross just received at FARWELL & BRO'S.  
SULPHATE QUININE.—100 oz. for sale by FARWELL & BRO.

SULPHATE MORPHINE for sale by FARWELL & BRO.  
MERRILL'S ELECTRIC PREPARATIONS.—A full stock constantly on hand at FARWELL & BRO'S.

CIGARS.—A large and good assortment just received direct from the importers at FARWELL & BRO'S.  
LINSEED OIL.—10 bbls. just received, and for sale lower than ever at FARWELL & BRO'S.

5 CARBOYS White Nitric Acid, expressly for Telegraph use, for sale by FARWELL & BRO.  
4 CARBOYS Aqua Ammonia for sale by FARWELL & BRO.

3 CARBOYS Spts. Nitro Dule., for sale by FARWELL & BRO.  
1 CARBOY Muratic Acid, 1 do. Sulphuric do., for sale by FARWELL & BRO.

300 LBS. GUM SHELLAC, Orange, for sale by FARWELL & BRO.  
8 BBL. VARNISHES just received, and for sale by FARWELL & BRO.

2 BBL. JAPAN, 1 do. Damar Varnish, 10 do. Alcohol, 5 do. Camphine, 4 do. Burning Oil, 9 do. Spic. Turpentine, 5 do. Linseed Oil, just received and for sale by FARWELL & BRO.

1 BALE LIQUORICE, Ball and Root, for sale by FARWELL & BRO.  
BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS for sale by FARWELL & BRO.

BUCHAN'S HUNGARIAN BALM.—Townsend's Sarsaparilla—for sale by FARWELL & BRO.  
50 BOXES CASTILE SOAP for sale by FARWELL & BRO.

VERMICELLI and MACCARONI for sale by FARWELL & BRO.  
IRISH MOSS.—3 bbls. just received at FARWELL'S.

HOUGHTON'S PERSIN for DYSPEPSIA at FARWELL & BRO'S.  
DR. EVERT'S EXPECTORANT SYRUP, for Coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, and every variety of disease affecting the throat or bronchial tubes, prepared and sold by FARWELL & BRO.  
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.—20 dozen just received at FARWELL'S.

1 CASE Pulv. Riser, 1 Case BARBERY BARK Pulv., for sale by FARWELL & BRO.  
PRESTON'S CHOCOLATE, BROMA and COCOA, a very superior article for summer beverage, for sale by FARWELL & BRO.  
1 BBL. JUNIPER BERRIES for sale by FARWELL & BRO.  
DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.—An invaluable medicine at this season of the year, can be had at all times and in any quantity at this depot, for sale by FARWELL & BRO.







# The Daily Gazette.

THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 20, 1854.

**NOTICE.**—Our city subscribers who have been in the habit of receiving the weekly paper from the carriers, will greatly oblige us by calling at the post office for it hereafter. Those who take the daily, and still desire to continue the weekly will also oblige us by giving notice of their wishes, and it will be left for them at the post office.

**BETTER PROSPECTS FOR SCHOOLS.**—We are glad to be informed that Mr. Dearborn, formerly pastor of the Baptist church in this city, has purchased the erection of a suitable academy building upon the grounds, and a thorough refitting and repair of the present academy building. Mr. Gorton, who has been successfully engaged as the principal of an academy in Brockport, N. Y., is to take charge of the institution, aided by able and competent assistants. It is expected that the buildings will be ready by next spring, and in the meantime Mr. Gorton will open a school in the basement story of the Baptist church, which is to be conveniently fitted up for that purpose. His school will open about the first of September. The new institution is to take the name of the "Janesville Collegiate Institute." Those who are acquainted with Mr. Gorton bear high testimony in favor of his qualifications and success, and we doubt not the institution will prove a valuable accession to the town. We wish the undertaking much success, and hope Messrs. Dearborn and Gorton will be promptly seconded in it by our citizens. It is an enterprise in which every citizen ought to take the liveliest interest.

The present summer will be set down as remarkable in one particular at least—for the intense and long protracted heat of the weather. Within our nine years' residence in Wisconsin, there has been no summer to compare with the present in that particular. Early in the month of June, which is very uncommon, it commenced, and save a few days a week or two since, it has been unremittent. The thermometer has marked the highest degree of temperature ever attained here, and has there remained mostly stationary. In common seasons thunder storms have had the effect to cool off the atmosphere for a time; this year they do not exactly, as the fellow said clear off cloudy, but have almost invariably cleared off hot. The effect of so much intense heat could not but be injurious to the health of the country, and the large cities are consequently suffering from this cause. Upon the emigrants, coming from cooler latitudes, with the debilitating effects always consequent upon a change of climate, and the confinement and privations of a long journey, have fallen most seriously. The reports of health officers designate a large proportion of these in the list of deaths; still the unusual mortality has by no means been confined to that class. Our own city thus far has been highly blessed. The cholera has not visited us, and the general health of our inhabitants has been far better than might be expected under the influence of such weather. The effects of this weather upon the crops is not yet fully apparent. There are some complaints of blight in wheat, and with much more such weather as at the present writing, rust in that grain must be the result. This is the critical period for the spring wheat; if it passes this with only partial injury, the crop will still be a heavy one, for never has there been promise of a greater average yield. There is no department of industry just now that is looked to with so much interest as that of the farmers. In their success depends much of the prosperity of our state at large, and of each individual calling and pursuit. A few more days will tell the story.

The fall elections involve important results. Congressmen are to be elected, and the legislature is to choose a U. S. senator next winter, in place of Hon. I. P. Walker. There are more or less of distrust and dissatisfaction in the democratic ranks generally—added to this is the Nebraska question, which we fear will produce more discord than harmony. Upon this issue the probability is there will be a coalition, combining all the elements of opposition—whigs, freesoilers and democrats—we hope not many of the latter. What then is the duty of the mass of the democratic party, who we take it do not propose to be jostled from a right line, or "started from their propriety?" It is to promptly attend the causes and conventions and make every effort to secure the nomination of the ablest, strongest and most reliable men, as the only thing that can save the democratic party from defeat, amidst the conflict of such discordant elements. —*Madison Patriot.*

The Patriot is evidently trying to pursue the go-between policy. It is neither "flesh, fowl, nor good red herring" upon the great question which at present interests the entire north. But it will find that the people are in earnest in the matter, and that no such shuffling off of the responsibility as the above will satisfy them. The Nebraska question is to be a live one, and excommunications will have to be for or against, without equivocation or reservation. If the democratic party "do not propose to be jostled from a right line," that will be in the line of a meagre minority, and they will be made to see the "propriety" of a change in their course, if they wish their right line to lead them to success.

**CHANCE FOR A DEMOCRATIC EDITOR.**—The post master at Nevada, Green county, makes a call through the columns of the Standard, for the establishment in that county, of "a pure and straight-forward democratic newspaper—a paper that will faithfully support the constitution, union and government of our beloved country," and invites editors favorable to such a paper, to give the notice an insertion. As such a paper would be quite a novelty, we call the attention to it of any who might wish to engage in the enterprise. Don't all speak at once.

**THE STATE OFFICIALLY DISGRACED.**—The state house commissioners at Springfield, have been guilty of a most petty act, which ought to crimson them with shame.

Upon the arrival of Cassius M. Clay at Springfield, to address the people in a public manner, the following notice was posted in handbills around the city:

"The retentive of the state house cannot be occupied for Cassius M. Clay's lecture to-day."  
[Signed.]  
A. STEARNS,  
JOHN MOORE,  
Commissioners."

The Chicago Journal contains the above announcement, and thus follows it:

**A FACT IN HISTORY.**—*Sir John Moore*, (the modern.) This gentleman who we believe officiates as state treasurer, appears from his action, regarding the occupying of the state house for the hearing of Mr. Clay, to have a dislike for that gentleman.

This feeling was most probably enkindled during the Mexican campaign, and grew out of the fact that when Mr. Clay was a prisoner of war being conveyed by forced marches to the city of Mexico in advance of the field of Buena Vista, "Sir John" was sloping his way home, as fat as a hog, pretending to be in feeble health.

The next heard of the two is, that the one is exchanged for an officer of equal rank, and the other a beggar at the entrance of the Springfield capital as a candidate for sergeant at arms, or door keeper of the senate.

**FATAL AFFRAY AT MCGREGOR.**—Last Friday, Johnson G. Walton was stabbed in the throat by a young man named John White, and died almost instantly. The particulars, as we have learned them, are as follows:

Sometime last May, Walton lost a five dollar bill under circumstances that led him to suspect White of stealing it. White left McGregor soon after, and did not return until a few days since. It was intimated to him that if he did not settle with Walton he would not be permitted to leave town. He thereupon went to Evans' store, where Walton was, and called him out. They walked apart from the crowd, and were heard in altercation about the lost money. Walton told White that he could not leave town until the affair was settled. White denied having taken the money. Walton contradicted him. White then called Walton a d—d and Mr. Walton thereupon seized White and they went down together, Walton uppermost. White immediately raised the cry of murder! and upon the arrival of some persons who were near, it was found that Walton had been stabbed in the throat with a small knife, and White was trying to stay the flowing blood by holding his thumb on the wound. White is said to have called on those present to stop the blood and run for the doctor. He was examined before Justice V. R. Miller, and committed to await his trial. He is a young man, not more than twenty years of age. —*Prairie du Chien Courier.*

**A CONSCIENTIOUS MAN.**—Mr. Robert Schuyler, the defaulter, the extent of whose operations has far eclipsed those of all the Swartwouts and Hoyts of former times, is the same man that, a few months ago had conscientious scruples about running trains on the New Haven railroad on Sundays. —*Transcript.*

**SALE OF THE HATCH ELEVATOR.**—We learn that Israel T. Hatch has sold his elevator and four hundred feet of land fronting on the ship canal known as the Hatch canal, for \$80,000. The sale was made to a well known company of carriers, receivers and forwarders of grain, composed of the leading forwarding houses of the city—a fact which will be readily admitted when we state that Messrs. Holt, Palmer & Co., and Sternberg & Co., are among the number. —*Buffalo Com. Adv.*

The ex-queen of France, and widow of Louis Philippe, lately passed through Belgium on her return to England, whereupon the government of France, thinking to do an act of unusual courtesy, signified to the authorities of Brussels that it would not make her visit the subject of any regulations, even should the exiled queen remain several days in the country. This "favor" caused the august widow to hasten her departure at once for Claremont.

The independence of Canada was recently advocated in the British house of lords, by the Earl of Ellenborough, as a measure likely to be beneficial to Great Britain; but the duke of Newcastle, the colonial minister, promptly denounced the proposition. To this Lord Brougham replied saying that the proposal had before been entertained and expressed by many eminent men, and would be again.

**ALL CORRECT.**—It is stated that the examination of the stock book of the New York and Erie railroad company is completed and the books found correct. An official announcement of the fact will shortly be made.

**PREACHING VS. PRACTICE.**—You will hear a good lowly creature sing the praises of pure water—call it the wine of Adam when he walked in Paradise—when, somehow, fate has bestowed upon the eulogist the finest Burgundy. He declares himself contented with a crust, although a beneficent fairy has hung a fat haunch or two in his lair. \* \* \* Yes, it is delightful to see these Lumbe folk, who tune their tongues to the honor of dry bread and water, compelled by the force of fortune to chew venison and swallow claret. —*Douglas Jerrild.*

**TRY IT.**—Some one says—"Just before going to bed, eat two pig's feet and cod fish, in less than an hour you will see a male larger than a hawser, devouring eight blue haired children, which have just escaped from a monster with sore eyes and a red hot overcoat."

A band of Irishmen, indignant at the criticisms of the Chicago Tribune on the conduct of Gov. Matteson, in commenting the sentence of the La Salle murderers, attempted to burn the editor of that paper in effigy, on Saturday evening last, but they got so gloriously drunk that they failed to fully accomplish their object.

And another company who did not get drunk, burnt Gov. Matteson in effigy for his conduct in reference to the commutation.

**MAN DROWNED.**—The body of a man was found on the beach on Sunday. He had on woolen pants, a striped hickory shirt and nothing was found in his pockets but a fish-hook. He was not identified; and it was deemed advisable to bury him instantly, and not permit the corpse to lie in the sun until a coroner's jury could be assembled. —*Wisconsin.*

**FROM MADISON.**—We hear just as we go to press that the supreme court has decided (all the judges concurring) to discharge Mr. Booth, on the ground of a defect in the writ on which he was arrested, and two or three other legal points, and chief justice Whiton unites with judge Smith in deciding the fugitive slave law unconstitutional. Judge Crawford dissents from this latter opinion.

For the present, slave-catching is at an end in Wisconsin. Amen!

**WASHINGTON, July 18.**  
The Union announces receipt of letter from Gen. W. O. Butler, declining the appointment of governor of Nebraska.

**WASHINGTON, July 18.**  
**SENATE.**—Mr. Sumner presented a memorial from a society in Philadelphia, for the promotion of measures for the final abolition of slavery in the United States, and in favor of the repeal of the fugitive slave law. A long debate took place on referring the memorial, which ended in its being laid on the table, 36 to 14. Senate then resumed consideration of the bill for the construction of line of telegraph to the Pacific. Mr. Badger asked leave to withdraw his motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill passed. Agreed to. The senate then took up the homestead bill.

**HOUSE.**—The consideration of Mr. Olds' bill regulating the postage on newspapers and periodicals in the United States was then resumed. Messrs. Washburn of Mass., Elliot of Mass., and G. Smith of N. Y., each spoke against the bill. No action was taken.

**BALTIMORE, July 18.**  
Henry W. Wright, a captain of a German company in this city, threw a camphene lamp, lighted, into his wife's face, and then beat her, killing her. He has been arrested.

**NEW YORK, July 18.**  
Accounts received from the Franklin to-day represent her to be perfectly tight, and lying in 14 feet water, broadside on. No doubt but the vessel and cargo will be saved. Three steamers have been sent to her assistance. The vessel and cargo are valued at \$400,000—covered by insurance.

The members of the bar held a meeting this morning, and passed resolutions of condolence to the memory of the late N. B. Blunt, esq., district attorney of New York.

The number of deaths by cholera in the Franklin hospital, during the past 24 hours, was 16. The commissioners have decided hereafter to publish reports daily.

The recent trip of the frigate Princeton was unsatisfactory, and she has been pronounced inefficient for war purposes. The independence is getting ready for sea without delay.

The Evening Post says it is understood that Bloomson's letter to the Syracuse convention was written with an eye more to a Washington than an Albany future.

The steamer Franklin brings us important accounts of the North Pacific exploring expedition which started from the United States a year ago.

**NEW YORK, July 15.**

Wm. N. Paul, who was charged with having stolen \$14,370 from the safe of Belmont, was discharged from custody last night, being unable to prove anything criminal against him owing to the wording of the power of attorney given him by Belmont. All they can find is a breach of trust.

**MYSTERIOUS REMAINS.**—A few days since, while a number of workmen were engaged in digging a vault at Baltimore, one of them struck his pick upon a "hard" substance several feet below the surface of the earth. Upon removing the dirt and inspecting the object, it was found to be a piece of plank, ingeniously painted on one side to resemble hickory wood, and on the other in imitation of granite. It did not seem to have been buried more than a few weeks, yet it was found to be quite rotten. Traces of obliterated characters were discoverable on the hickory side, but it was impossible to make them out. On the granite side, which had a new appearance, these words were visible under a strong light.

"Resolved, That the democratic party will resist all attempts at renewing, in congress or out of it, the agitation of the slavery question, under whatever shape or color the attempt may be made."

This mysterious relic was handed over to a distinguished antiquarian, who took it to Washington and placed it in the patent office. Since then it has been visited and examined by President Pierce, Senator Douglas, and all the heads of departments, except perhaps the secretary of state. None of them pretend to know anything of its origin, or how it came to be "run into the ground."

The Courier and Enquirer says: "It is settled that England is prepared to let Canada be just as free as it desires. The House of Lords, by a majority of twenty-four, has voted to sustain the ministerial bill abolishing the present upper branch of the Canadian government, which is nominated for life by the governor general, and providing for an upper chamber to be elected by the people, the members whereof must each be worth a thousand pounds, be thirty years of age, and are to have a term of office of six years. This vote of the lords was given in spite of a very earnest and able speech of Lord Derby against the bill, and censures the complete consummation of the measure. It is by far the most important of the series of concessions which the mother country has been making to Canada for years; and, in fact, leaves but one more concession to be made to produce absolute independence—namely, the election of governor by the people instead of his appointment by the Crown."

**MAKING LOVE TO THE WRONG PERSON.**—A Cincinnati paper is responsible for the following:

A young gentleman who had been paying his addresses in *propria persona* to a young lady in this city, left a few months ago and went down the river on business. A correspondence was immediately opened between the enamored pair and after exchanging several letters, the young lady was mortified to find that her letters were unanswered, and consequently she ceased writing. But the real secret of her not receiving letters, was the fact that another young lady of the same name, supposing they were intended for her, took them from the post-office and opened a correspondence with her proxy lover. Some two months passed away, when the young man wound up by a direct proposal, and insisted on an immediate answer, avowing at the same time that he thought the tone of her letters very different from those received when he first left Cincinnati, and upbraided his fair love with inconsistency. This last epistle was too much for our romantic cognate, and being conscience-stricken for the part she had been acting, and fully persuaded that some other lady had been pining for the man she was wooing, sought her out, and delivered up the letters to their rightful owner. The matter was speedily arranged, and the real lovers have since become united in the bands of wedlock.

**M. & M. R. R.—BUSINESS OF MADISON.**  
The amount taken for freight and passengers from the 26th of May to the 26th of July, was: Freight payable at that office, \$18,060 73  
Passengers, 8,954 18  
\$20,014 91

**THE HARBOR.**—We learn that Mr. Gunnison has received authority to contract for materials for the harbor, and to employ a corps of hands to push the work forward with as much expedition as possible. He has also received orders to repair the government buildings, and put them in condition for public use. —*W's.*

**SPRISBORN IN NEW YORK.**—The fate of Mr. Schuyler furnishes a whole sermon to snobs everywhere, and especially in New York, which may be listened to with profit by that large and increasing class of persons. The family of Schuyler is one of the most respectable in the country, and so far the most diffident from most of those who build extravagant houses, drive expensive equipages, and dash and spend the money of other people in that most snobbish of all cities—New York. The great, noisy, dirty city of New York. Occasionally one of the "aristocracy" comes down with a rush, and then there opens a scene of extravagance, folly and fraud, that appals the public who live in quiet country villages, or dwell upon the broad farms in the rural districts, who have heard with wonder of the noble mansions, and the many servants, and the gold and silver of these city lords. And so it is that extravagance and a foolish desire to live in large houses, and own grand carriages—so outdo one another in these things, besides being ridiculous in itself, brings the miserable family that try it down to beggary and ruin, or entail upon their children habits and notions of life that utterly destroy them. It is the great prevailing vice of this time—it may indeed be called the grand characteristic of the times. It is manifested more or less in all our cities and villages, and its influence is seen in the debasement of men and women, and the complete ruin of children. Every successful speculator, or fortunate operator, must imitate, and if possible excel, his neighbor the lucky banker or money making grocer; and to do this without regard to expense, away they go into the marble and satin, the rosewood and silver, keep extravagant carriages with horses to match, and give parties where Brussels and Wilton out-vie in their color the silks and the wine which make up the chief part of the entertainment. Up goes the new house, with all the decoration which a vulgar or a refined taste may suggest. Up it goes into the air a huge pile, or a fantastic residence, but not a room in it for the comfort of the owner and his family—all of it for show and the public gaze. The women flaunt about in lace and laziness, or recline upon soft cushions in fine carriages, neither knowing nor caring whether the money that keeps them up is stolen or honestly gained. They are happy in fifth avenue glory, and the fact that they dash as much as the richest of their neighbors. For an American of fortune—real solid fortune—to dash into all this extravagance is folly; but that man is guilty of downright wickedness who, upon a little money goes to such vast and foolish expense; for he must rob someone to carry out his plans; or if he has enough to warrant it all, his children, when his fortune is divided among them, will have all the silly and extravagant notions of their father, without his money to give them reality. Out of all this miserable life that springs up worse than bankruptcy. The sins of the father are visited on the children to the third generation. Of what use to society are the children of such people? Sons who have been educated to believe that all this splendor constitutes the best of life, and that fast horses and champagne are emblematic of high life. Daughters brought up by a silly, ridiculous mother, who glories in her capots and trains, her carriage and her parties, and the fashionable training of her children. Nice creatures these for a life battle, in a world where energy and industry and endurance are worth to them more than all the airs, graces and style that they learned in the paternal drawing of foreign masters. Out of this struggle to excel in this sort of life, there springs, too, fraud and chicanery, and all manner of crime; for in the contest, gold, gold, is the end and aim of all—the means are not regarded. The sensible part of the community laugh at this folly, and laugh loudly, too, at coarse vulgarity parading itself in gay equipages, and moving about with all the airs and affectations of snobbish high life—people elevated above their fellows by a stock operation or the rise in town lots, and rejoicing thereafter in flashy vehicles and in gaudy houses. If they made fools of themselves alone, it would all be proper enough. But the effect upon their families and on society is most to be dreaded. In a country where the law divides among a man's heirs all of his estate after death, unless disposed of by will, and where the chances are that property will not remain in the family beyond the second generation, it is utter folly to build palaces to live in; far better would it be to expend the same money in building schools or founding asylums, the benefit of which the rich man's heirs may need. On, on, goes our American life! better skelter—hurly burly—on it goes! Dash—make a sensation—get money—honestly if you can—but get money—educate children after the same fashion, and then die and be forgotten. —*Buff. Com. Adv.*

**ROBERT OF BELMONT'S BANK.**—It appears that this robbery was committed by the cashier, William Paul. The chief of police, with Mr. Devan, one of his expert assistants, had the matter in hand on Wednesday. The Courier and Enquirer says:

All the clerks in the establishment made cash as to where they were the evening previous, and each gave a pretty satisfactory account; yet from the complexion of affairs, suspicion hung over the employees. A watch was set and yesterday morning at an early hour a boy was seen to drop a letter in the post office and leave in a great hurry. This letter turned out to be the one that contained the \$14,000. The direction on the envelope was after much scrutiny recognized by officer Devan as that emanating from the hand of William Paul, cashier of Belmont & Co. It was not, however, until after a careful examination that the officer came to this conclusion, and about half-past three o'clock yesterday afternoon he took Mr. Paul into custody, when the accused at once confessed that he had committed the robbery or embezzlement, or whatever it may be called. Mr. Paul is a young man 30 years of age, a native of Scotland, and married. He was said to be a partner in the house. On being questioned as to how he came to take the money, he said he took it not for himself but for the firm to meet defalcations which he had unfortunately incurred by speculating in stocks, &c. He was detained at the chief's office for further examination. We fear there are too many cases of the above kind brewing, and bankers had better look at their books.

The Harrisburg Democratic Union is very severe on John W. Forney. It charges that John has an only sister, who now toils in the press room of the cotton factory at Lancaster for two or three dollars a week out of which she contributes to the support of her aged mother. This is hardly credible; still it is not to be denied that a man capable of writing such a letter as Forney addressed to Roberts is always liable to the most odious and degrading suspicions.

A sad accident occurred during the recent celebration of the opening of the railway connection between Cincinnati and Louisville. A train from Aurora, on reaching the Seymour depot, exploded a powder magazine on a rear platform car, where a cannon had been placed to fire salutes. A spark blew from a small furnace, used for heating the rod with which the cannon was fired, into a chest containing several kegs of powder, and caused the explosion. Six men, who were on the car at the time, were blown into the air and horribly mangled.

**TRUSDELL, JORDAN & BENNETT.**  
Attorneys at Law.  
Having completed an accurate abstract of the TITLE, TAX and JUDGMENT RECORDS of Rock County, are prepared to furnish full and reliable information respecting the ownership of Real Estate in said county, and all liens on such estate by Judgment, Mortgage or otherwise.  
They will attend to the purchase and sale of Real Estate, the negotiation of Loans, payment of Taxes, and the redemption of land from Tax Sales, and generally to all such business as properly belongs to a REAL ESTATE OFFICE.  
Business in the courts of this and the adjoining counties will be promptly attended to.  
Office—Second Story of Empire Block.  
Janesville, Wis., May 23rd, 1851.

**JANESVILLE CITY BANK.**  
MAIN STREET, JANESVILLE.  
Drafts for Sale on all the principal cities of the Union and Great Britain.  
This Bank will purchase Notes, Drafts, Certificates of Deposit, County Orders, &c.  
For our customers, approved paper discounted to any amount.  
Bills, Notes &c., received for collection without charge—proceeds remitted immediately, less current rate of exchange.  
HENRY B. BUNSTER, Pres't.  
J. H. VERMILY, Cashier.

**BADGER STATE BANK.**  
MAIN STREET, JANESVILLE, WIS.  
Particular attention paid to collections.  
SIGHT DRAFTS on the principal cities of the Union constantly for sale, and also Drafts on Great Britain, in sums to suit purchasers.  
E. L. DIMOCK, Cashier.  
September 1st 1853.  
Exchange Bank of W. J. Bell & Co., Milwaukee, Wis.  
J. B. KELLOGG, Cashier.  
Bank of Racine, Racine, Wis.  
H. J. ULLMAN, Cashier.  
Bank of Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac, Wis.  
A. G. BUTLER, Cashier.

**AMERICAN EXPRESS OFFICE.**  
JANESVILLE, MAY 21, 1853.  
A messenger of this company leaves this city tri-weekly, connecting at Chicago with daily lines to New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Cincinnati, St. Louis, and all the principal cities in the United States and Canada. Collections made at any point on their route; Gold, Silver, Bank Notes and Express matter generally forwarded with dispatch, and all business entrusted to them will be forwarded through their accustomed promptness.

**1854. L. J. HIGBY, 1854.**  
Forwarding, Commission and Produce MERCHANT,  
Will contract to forward Goods or Produce to or from any ports East or West, by responsible lines by Railroad or Canal, will attend to selling grain or other produce at the Railroad Depot here; all which, with my NEW WAREHOUSE at the Depot, and Mammoth Pier, give me advantages more convenient to country merchants than any other house here.  
Milwaukee, March 20th, 1854.

**OK HILL CEMETERY.**—A special meeting of the Trustees of this Association will be held at the bank of H. B. Hunter, FRIDAY EVENING, July 21st, at eight o'clock, for the transaction of important business. A prompt attendance is requested.  
July 17, 1854. WM. MACDONALD, Pres't.  
Cus. Holz, Sec'y.

**4 BBL. PURE CREAM TARTAR.**  
Nothing but a pure article is ever sold at our store, and persons who buy Cream Tartar of us, are saved the trouble of returning it.  
HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**WINDOW GLASS.**—Another arrival of 100 boxes assorted sizes at the Empire Drug Store.  
HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**DR. BEACH'S CORDIAL.**—A perfect Specific for Summer complaints and dysentery in children.  
HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**2 BBL. BOILED LINSEED OIL.**  
This article can now be had pure at our store.  
HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**PURE BRANDY.**—In pint and half-pint bottles. Also a fine assortment of liquor FLASKS.  
HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**CANARY BIRD FOUNTAINS, Bathing Dishes, Nests and Mixed Seed in pound papers.**  
HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**CHROME GREEN.**—10 cases dry and ground in oil, Tins best.  
HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**PATENT DRYER.**—Five cases in cans assorted from 1 lb. to 10 lbs.  
HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**QUEEN CITY VARNISHES.**—We have the sole agency for these celebrated Varnishes for this city; a full supply just received.  
HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**SYRINGES.**—Metallic, Self-injecting and Common, from 1 oz. to 16 oz.; also, all sizes Glass, male and female.  
HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**GUM DROPS.**—A full assortment of the different flavors, fresh, for sale by  
HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE,** this day received.  
HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**LYON'S KATHARION.**—5 Gross now in store. Dealers furnished at manufacturers' prices.  
HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**MCCORMICK'S CHOLERA SPECIFIC.**—This remedy has been used with unparalleled success in the treatment of this most malignant disease in the southern and western cities.  
Prepared after the original recipe, by  
HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.,  
Druggists and Chemists.

**IMPORTED CIGARS.**—The best article and most favorite brands ever offered in this city.  
HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**FORD'S HISTORY OF ILLINOIS**  
for sale at  
J. L. SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

**2D SERIES OF FERN LEAVES**  
for sale at  
J. L. SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

**A NEW SUPPLY OF WALL PAPER** and WINDOW SHADES just received and for sale at  
J. L. SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

**MAPS OF THE SEAT OF WAR**  
just received and for sale at  
J. L. SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

**RUSSIAN AND TURKISH WAR.**—Several New Books just received and for sale on the above subject, at  
J. L. SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

**WISCONSIN REPORTS, by A. D. SMITH,** for sale at  
J. L. SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

**2D SERIES OF FERN LEAVES**  
Just received and for sale at  
J. L. SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

**LOST.**  
A LADY'S GOLD BREAST PIN was lost on Thursday evening last, probably some where on Main street. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at this office.  
J. L. SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

**MILTON ACADEMY.**  
Prof. A. C. SPICER, Principal.  
Mrs. S. M. SPICER, Preceptress.  
Other competent and experienced Teachers are to be engaged immediately.  
**Calendar for 1854-55.**  
First Term opens Wednesday Sept. 6th—closes Wednesday Dec. 6th.  
Second Term opens Wednesday Dec. 13th—closes Wednesday March 21st.  
Third Term opens Wednesday March 28th—closes Wednesday July 4th, 1855.  
**EXPENSES.**  
Tuition per Term, from 1854 to 1855: \$3.50 to \$6.00  
Music on Piano Forte or Seraphine, extra 7 00  
Oil Painting 10 00  
Pencil Drawing 3 00  
Orayon Painting 2 00  
Water Color Painting 2 00  
Tuition must be settled IN ADVANCE, and five per cent will be deducted for ADVANCE PAYMENT.  
**BOARD.**  
Board may be obtained in private families, or with the Principal and family, at the lowest possible price for which board can be afforded. We do not advertise no stated price for board, hoping that there may be a fall from the present price of board before our fall term opens.  
Students in which students may board themselves may be obtained at varying prices, according to the quality and capacity of the rooms.  
**BUILDING, &c.**  
A commodious and elegant Academic edifice, constructed of white brick and in the best style, is in progress of erection by the Trustees of the Academy, and is to be completed for the use of the Fall Term. Philosophical, Chemical, Physiological, Botanical, and Astronomical apparatus is to be immediately purchased. A Library is in progress of collection for the Academy.  
Let every student be present from the first to the last day of each term.  
The course of instruction will aim at absolute thoroughness of scholarship and mental discipline, while the health, manners and morals of students will be carefully regarded.  
L. P. MAXON, President.  
A. C. SPICER, Secretary.  
Milton, June 26th, 1854.

**DISSOLUTION.**—The copartnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of HOYT & STRONG, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.  
JOHN P. HOYT,  
B. U. STRONG.  
Janesville, July 10th, 1854.

**COPARTNERSHIP.**—The undersigned will continue the general Merchandising business at the OLD STAND of HOYT & STRONG, under the name of STRONG & BACON, and will be happy to wait upon the customers and friends of the old concern.  
B. U. STRONG,  
GEORGE H. BACON.  
Janesville, July 10th, 1854.

**DISSOLUTION.**—The Copartnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of Northway & Bancroft, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.  
J. O. NORTHWAY,  
J. B. BANCROFT.  
Janesville, July 10th, 1854.

**INDIA RUBBER TOILETTE COMBS.** at FARWELL & BRO.  
**PATENT MEDICINES** of all popular kinds at FARWELL & BRO.  
**SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS.**—A good assortment from the celebrated manufactory of Golding, New York, for sale by FARWELL & BRO.  
**CAMPENE & BURNING FLUID,** always on hand fresh and pure, at FARWELL & BRO.  
**LAMP OILS.**—Pure Solar and Winter Bleached, for sale by the Gallon or Barrel, by FARWELL & BRO.  
**PURE WHITE LEAD IN OIL,** for sale by the Ton, or Hundred, or Keg, by FARWELL & BRO.  
**SNOW WHITE ZINC,** and New Jersey Zinc, a large invoice just received and for sale by FARWELL & BRO.  
**LYON'S CATHARION.**—6 gross just received at FARWELL & BRO'S.

**SULPHATE QUININE.**—100 oz. for sale by FARWELL & BRO.  
**SULPHATE MORPHINE** for sale by FARWELL & BRO.

**MERRILL'S ECLECTIC PREPARATIONS.**—A full stock constantly on hand at FARWELL & BRO'S.

**CIGARS.**—A large and good assortment just received direct from the importers at FARWELL & BRO'S.

**LINSEED OIL.**—10 bbls. just received, and for sale lower than ever at FARWELL & BRO'S.

**5 CARBOYS White Nitric Acid,** expressly for Telegraph use, for sale by FARWELL & BRO.

**4 CARBOYS Aqua Ammonia** for sale by FARWELL & BRO.

**3 CARBOYS Spts. Nitric Acid,** for sale by FARWELL & BRO.

**1 CARBOY Muratic Acid, 1 do. Sulphuric do.,** for sale by FARWELL & BRO.

**300 LBS. GUM SHELLAC, Orange,** for sale by FARWELL & BRO.

**8 BBL. VARNISHES** just received, and for sale by FARWELL & BRO.

**2 BBL. JAPAN.** 1 do. Damar Varnish, 10 do. Alcohol, 5 do. Camphene, 4 do. Burnt Fluid, 3 do. Spts. Turpentine, 3 do. Linseed Oil, just received and for sale by FARWELL & BRO.











The steamer Franklin left Coves at 5 o'clock, on the 5th, and went ashore on Long Island, owing to a dense fog. The passengers were got ashore in safety, and arrived in this city at midnight, together with the mail.

Liverpool market dull—buyers holding off Indian corn pressed for sale.

A military insurrection, headed by O'Donnell, had broken out in Spain; 4000 of the Madrid garrison had marched out towards Toledo.

LATER.—Madrid full of barricades; the garrison fraternizing with the insurgents; O'Donnell threatening to attack the palace.

Intelligence to the 30th states that the town was much agitated. Insurgents to the number of 4000 were at the camp of O'Donnell, about a gunboat from the palace. The director of the artillery had refused to attack them, although protesting his fidelity to the queen. Gen. Lora has also refused, on the pretext that he could not rely on the garrison. O'Donnell, it was said, had summoned the queen to change her ministry; unless she did so, he would attack the town the same morning. Subsequent advices to the 22nd inst. state that Madrid was carried, the populace crying out, "Death to Saragossa." The application of the queen is under discussion. The La Patria declares the news received from Spain to be favorable to the government, and that the insurgents after having been defeated, marched towards Toledo.

PARIS, July 4. The Monitor contains a dispatch from Bayonne to the 2d, which states that on the 27th ult., the queen of Spain appeared on the Prado and was well received by the troops and the populace.

A dispatch from the Spanish government to the admiral, states that on the 1st inst. at 4 P. M. the queen's troops at Toledo attacked the insurgents and gained a signal advantage over them. The latter were routed; many officers and privates had asked permission to return to their duty.

A despatch dated Hanburg, July 4, states that on the 29th the Anglo-French fleets were lying before Cronstadt and that they expected a general attack the next day.

A collision between Austrian and Russian forces in Moldavia is imminent. The Austrian commander had gone to the seat of war with orders to insist on the evacuation of Moldavia, which the Russians refuse.

INHUMANITY.—The Galena Jeffersonian says that on Friday, a woman with seven children arrived at one of the hotels at that place; the family took rooms, and towards morning one of them was seized with symptoms of cholera. Will it be believed? The inhuman landlord refused her even a cup of tea; and what was worse still, ordered the sick one to be carried out of his house and laid upon the sidewalk in the street; and the order was obeyed! A good Samaritan coming along, took the family to a vacant house, where they are now provided for. This act is so barbarous that we can scarcely realize that any sane man would be so cruel.

A SAD SIGHT.—There are many of them now-a-days, no doubt, but not always so public as the one which has just affected us—to tears.—A German immigrant, with no mental development in proportion to his physical frame, sitting on the sidewalk, weeping over a dying child in his arms, with two others standing near him, and all in the hot burning sun. He with his family arrived Friday; his wife being sick was taken to the hospital; while he with the three well children was compelled to seek accommodations in the city. A few hours ago the smallest of the little group was taken, and with a natural promptness he set out to seek his wife, and without a word of the language, he made slow progress with his brood of little ones. When he found the sick child dying, and himself still two miles from the hospital, he sat down in a despair which words have no power to portray, and in the most utter indifference to the circumstances of the situation. As we turned away, the health officer was approaching.—Chicago Democratic Press.

BROOKLYN CITY, L. I., has just completed a system of local passenger railways similar to those of the neighboring city of New York.—The lines are eight in number, the fare on two of them being four cents, and on all the others five cents. The cars are somewhat lighter than those used in New York, though similarly constructed. When shall we have such pleasant and convenient facilities for local travel in Philadelphia?—Phil. American.

POSTHUMOUS BEQUEST.—The late Benjamin Rathbun, of Springfield, Otsego county, N. Y., has left posthumous legacies amounting to \$12,000, of which the American bible society and American board of commissioners for foreign missions receive each \$5000, the home missionary society \$1000, and the American education society and American tract society each \$500.

PRIZE LITERATURE IN LIBERIA.—A gold medal has been offered by Martin F. Tupper, the English poet, for the encouragement of literature and science in the republic of Liberia. It is annually to be awarded to the author of the best literary production in prose or verse. A late number of the Liberia Herald says that this medal is ready, and competition is invited.

IRON FRONTS.—The largest iron pillars in the city, intended for the front of Nazzari & Co's new building, are now lying on the sidewalk below Huron street. They weigh about a ton each; and will make a substantial appearance when erected.—Wm.

MORTALITY IN DETROIT.—The interments in Detroit at three cemeteries during the month of June, were 210; for the first thirteen days in July, 259. The proportion of well-known citizens is very small.

PROFITABLE BANKING.—The bank of Missouri has declared a dividend of seven per cent on the capital stock paid in, for the last six months, one per cent of the profits being at the same time placed to the credit of the contingent fund.

HARVEST IN CENTRAL ILLINOIS.—Our farmers here have been engaged in cutting their wheat in this county, for the last ten days. We hear from almost every part of the county, that the yield was never of a better quality, nor much more abundant. The amount of wheat in this region is much greater than we had heretofore supposed.—Carlinville Statesman.

LET THEM THAT THIRST THIRST COME. SODA WATER.

FARWELL & BROTHER, have the pleasure of announcing their Self-Generating Soda fountain, now ready and in perfect order for the rest of the season, furnishing the richest of syrups and a cooling beverage.

SAND SCREENS.—A superior article for sale at 32 PIXLEY & KIMBALL'S.

WARRANTY DEEDS for sale at this office.

**T. B. Woollicroft's**  
OYSTER, ICE CREAM AND REFRIGERATION  
**SALOON,**  
No. 1, Leppin's Block, Corner Main & Milwaukee-Sts.  
THE SUBSCRIBER would call the attention of the public to his  
New Bakery and Ice Cream Saloon.  
Which he has fitted up at great expense for the comfortable accommodation of the public. His Saloon will at all times be supplied with all kinds of  
FRESH, PICKLED MEATS, GAME,  
OVENS, SARDINES, PIES, PASTRY,  
CAKES AND CONFECTIONERY, BEERS, &c.  
Also Bread, and Boston, Soda and Butter Crackers, which he will furnish to families on the shortest notice and at the lowest prices for Cash.  
Special attention will be given to the ACCOMMODATION OF LADIES.  
T. B. WOOLLCROFT.  
June 24, 1854.

**New Tin Shop.**  
HAYING secured the services of an experienced workman from the East, and procured an entire new set of tools with all modern improvements, we are prepared to execute all orders  
FOR TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON WARE,  
in the best manner and at reduced prices. We shall keep constantly on hand a full assortment of  
Tin Ware, Store Trimmings, Hollow Ware, Stove Pipe, &c.,  
to which we invite the attention of purchasers.  
TIN LEAF TROUGHS AND CUTTERS  
made to order, and put up with neatness and despatch Shop in the basement.  
H. S. SHILLON & CO.

**House and Lot for Sale.**  
THE Building on and Lot known as Lot No. 1, in Block No. 6, on the corner of State and Center streets in Fulton Village, 11 miles northwest of Janesville. The Lot is 4 rods front by 8 rods deep, fully located. The building is about 25 feet square, well and conveniently built, with a very good, light cellar under the whole. A Well of good Spring water; and a Rain water Cistern on the lot.  
Will be sold VERY LOW for the Ready Pay.  
Inquire of  
JOHN L. MILLS, Esq. Janesville, or  
Fulton, June 24th, 1854. 42w3

**OIL MILL.**  
THE OIL MILL of the Subscribers is now in operation. They are prepared to furnish Oil, and ready to buy any quantity of Seed offered to them. Farmers can be supplied with seed for planting the coming spring.  
Purchasers can rely with confidence on getting a PURE ARTICLE OF LINED OIL, as we use nothing but Good Seed, and no adulteration, allowed.  
C. DUSTIN,  
W. M. SHORES.  
Janesville, Feb. 15th, 1854. 24w1

**MADISON MUSIC STORE.**  
THE undersigned has in his Ware Room, in Brown's Block, a good assortment of Pianos, Fortes, Melodeons, and MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS generally. Some of the best manufacturers in the world are represented in their work here. Chickering, Hallet & Davis, Lamm, Gilbert, Woodward & Brown, Loren Muffs of Boston, and Hall & Son of New York, are all contributors to his stock of Pianos.  
Princes & Co., Bishop & Child, S. D. & H. W. Smith's Melodeons are there also. These instruments are not found in auction rooms and other places where cheap sales are made to raise money for the makers for their reputation always commands customers on the manufacturers own terms. They are all for sale at factory prices, and warranted satisfactory.  
Pianos from other manufacturers can be furnished if desired.  
An experienced and disinterested agent in New York selects for the subscriber any style and priced instrument desired—in whose hands the musical skill and taste, implicit confidence can be placed.  
NEW SHEET MUSIC received weekly, sold at publishers prices, and sent by mail free of postage.  
Violins, Guitars, Embroideries, Banjos, Accordeons, Flutes, Pipes, Italian and other Violin Strings, Clarinet and Bass Viol Strings of the best quality. Violin Bows and parts of Violins.  
Detail's, Hunter's, and other instruction books for all instruments, and other articles in the music line, usually found in such stores, kept always on hand. Do not go further East, until you have called at the  
MADISON MUSIC STORE,  
for, depend upon it, there is no use in it.  
D. HOLT.  
Madison, May 31st, 1854. 41

**MUSTANG LINIMENT.**—10 gross  
this valuable preparation, embracing the three different sizes, just received at the agency in this city, by  
[Jy12] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**WINES & LIQUORS.** Seignette, Martell and Ruetan, Dark and Pale Brandy, Choice Old Wines of all kinds, together with the  
Pure Juice of the Grape,  
for medicinal purposes.  
These Liquors were bought for MEDICINAL PURPOSES, and the quality is of the highest.  
[Jy12] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**DAMAR VARNISH.**—A transparent  
Varnish used with Zinc White.  
[Jy11] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**WINDOW GLASS.**—All the sizes in use, also, the celebrated French Glass at the Empire Drug Store.  
[Jy11] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**COD LIVER OIL.**—Rushton & Clark's celebrated Cod Liver Oil, by the dozen or bottle.  
[Jy11] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**CHEWING GUM.**—50 Boxes at wholesale.  
[Jy10] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**OSGOOD'S CHOLAGOGUE** for Fever & Ague.—6 Gross just received on consignment.  
[Jy10] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**ENGLISH CASTILE SOAP.**—30 Boxes for sale very low.  
[Jy10] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**PERFUMERY.**—The best stock in the West can be seen at our Store.  
[Jy10] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**BRUSHES** of every variety, style and name, in quantities to suit.  
[Jy10] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**LINSEED OIL,** by the Cask, Barrel or Gallon.  
[Jy10] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**SULPHATE QUININE.**—100 oz. this day received.  
[Jy10] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**OLIVE OIL,** in Baskets and Betsys, at Wholesale.  
[Jy10] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**ZINC WHITE.**—3,000 lbs. French and American now being received. This article will be sold at a low figure.  
[Jy10] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**WHITE LEAD IN OIL,** by the ton or less quantities.  
[Jy10] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPS.**—A large consignment this day received.  
[Jy10] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**CAMPBELL'S BURNING FLUID.**—We have at all times a full supply on hand, warranted fresh.  
[Jy11] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**AYER'S PILLS.**—A large consignment this valuable Medicine just received.  
[Jy11] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**CANARY HEMP AND RAPE SEED.**—Neatly put up in pound papers, warranted fresh and clean.  
[Jy11] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**SPIRITS TURPENTINE,** by the barrel or gallon.  
[Jy11] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**The Greatest Book.**  
RAYARD TAYLOR'S Travels into Central Africa, &c., is this day published in New York, and will be for sale about the 20th instant at  
LUTHERLAND & BOOKSTORE.

**1854.**  
**PIXLEY & KIMBALL,**  
DEALERS IN  
**HARDWARE,**  
Wholesale & Retail,  
SIGN OF THE SAW, MAIN STREET, JANESVILLE.  
THE SUBSCRIBERS, in returning their thanks to their numerous patrons for past favors, and soliciting a continuance of the same, would respectfully inform the people of Central and Western Wisconsin, that they have now in store, and offer for sale, at the lowest cash prices, a larger and better selected stock of  
Heavy and Shelf Hardware,  
Bar Iron, Steel, Nails,  
Stoves, &c.,  
than can be found in any other establishment in the interior of the State.  
The attention of Consumers and Country Dealers is particularly invited to our immense stock of  
AMERICAN, ENGLISH REFINED & SWEDISH IRON, CAST, GERMAN, ENGLISH & AMERICAN BLISTER, TOP QUALITY SPRING, COIL & CAST FLOW STEEL, of all sizes.  
Also to the almost endless variety of superior  
Carpenter, Joiner, Cooper, Blacksmith, Wagon-making and Farming TOOLS,  
Jacks, Trunking, Chains and Chaps, Pumps, Lead Pipe, Cut and Wrought Nails and Spikes, Tin Ware, Tinners Stock, Britannia and Japanned Ware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Shears, Scissors, Razors, &c.  
Our stock of  
Cook and Parlor Stoves  
was never larger than at present, and comprises some forty different patterns selected with great care, having been recently fully tested in this market from several of the best manufacturers in Troy and Albany. Having bought our Stoves on long time, without interest, and at a great discount, we are enabled to complete successfully for cash, of those who buy in small lots, "exclusively for cash," of which we will convince all who may give us a trial.  
STOVE FURNITURE, STOVE PIPE, and all kinds of STOVE WARE constantly on hand, or manufactured to order.  
We are agents for the sale of Duryee & Forsyth's celebrated Fire Proof Safes and Platform and Counter Scales, and also for the sale of Yale's Magic Bank, Safe and Store Door Locks.  
B. F. PIXLEY, [2] F. A. KIMBALL.

**AGAIN & AGAIN**  
**THE BOSTON STORE.**  
Let the Horn be Blown!!  
"Sound the loud tubful horn and let us hear,"  
"The loud and long tubful horn of every man."  
THIS is the middle of the nineteenth century, the first half of which has produced more change and outward movement than any fifty years of our Christian Era.  
The great controlling power of this age is its commerce—indeed, this may be truly called the commercial age.  
It has been well said by an ancient writer that  
"Man wants but little here below,"  
and to supply those wants  
**WHEELLOCK**  
Announces to the people of every tongue, to both sexes and all parties to all factions of all ages, that finding his old store empty  
**TOO SMALL!**  
He has been compelled, in order to be able to supply the immense call for goods at his establishment, to  
**Double the capacity of his Store Rooms!**  
Having purchased this spring, for this market, to be sold this season  
**\$39,007 00 Worth of Goods!**  
But who can expect to read in the brief space of one life all the articles that the  
**BOSTON STORE CONTAINS.**  
Indeed, history must fail to give the searcher of knowledge any accurate idea of its immense  
**STOCK OF SUMMER GOODS,**  
His inimitable selection of  
**Fancy Dress Goods!**  
He has over  
**10,000 Yards of Silk Barges,**  
of every style and price, and it is with no great difficulty that he can furnish the fair dames of this fair valley can select  
**FROM THE ONE THOUSAND PIECES.**  
Of all patterns and ranging in price from SIX CENTS Per Yard to Twenty-Eight Cents, such dresses as are added to their exquisite beauty, though it may as a general thing be as difficult to add to that beauty as it is to add to the goodness of gold, paint the Lily, or add perfume to the Violet.  
It must not be inferred that we offer only these and the many other articles for outer apparel, such as Chamber and Four Seasons' Dress, &c.  
**Cotton, Grass & Linen Goods**  
are on change, so that every one may be entirely accommodated with every article of female apparel.—Even French red foxed Gaiters,  
do do foxed do  
Ladies' Enamelled Boots, Enamelled serrated Congress  
do do  
**LADIES MOROCCO POLKAS.**  
And all the articles manufactured of the best styles.—So that this store, so far as articles which adorn Ida Bell's exterior are concerned, it may be truly said  
"CESTO! I cannot stole the infinite variety."  
While the Boston Store has made provision to protect the feet, it can also boast that it has all sorts of  
**GLOVES,**  
by which hands can be protected and retain  
"The white wonder of fair Juliet's hand."  
And in taking leave of those of whom it is no exaggeration to say  
"Heaven's last, best gift to man,"  
Mr. Wheellock assures his fair customers that his assistants and employees are those who unite great knowledge of the business, his personal presence and affability of manner to a determination to discharge their several and respective duties—so that while they will never in imitation of many of our contemporaries attempt to accomplish that object by equivocal representation, they will rather, by candor, tergiversation, fabrication, or by direct lying.  
And now to the wants of the  
**COARSE HAND SEX.**  
Mr. Wheellock has a very kind material to make those articles of dress that give to man his individuality—  
**PANTALOONS,**  
CALF "BEWITS," COW HIDE DO, GAZELLE, do., PATENT LEATHER DO, GIRAFFE, do.,  
**HATS**  
That fit every head from the Whistlerian brow to the country politician's source, from the size of caput of him who is closely shorn after the Hibernian fashion to that of him who wears the well-pomaded, ambrosiated, elongated Hyppion curls.  
And to the sportsman who buys to sell again,  
**The Boston Store**  
Can, at lower rates of usance than any other establishment west of the Alleghany mountains, furnish that class of exchanges which will fill their pockets as water fills the sea. And to them we offer  
**DOMESTIC GLASSWARE, WORSTED,**  
Pocket Handkerchiefs, Inkstands, Cotton Yarn, Ready-made Vesting, Gray and Navy Blue, Looking Glasses, Ready-made Over Coats, Pants, Raisons, Flat Irons and Cotton Battens, and Hats, Satchels, which the whistling school-boy with shining shoes, and the morning face hunter, and the day of the Chests, Norwegian Bandboxes and Hair Trunks, Tea, Tobacco and Wicking.  
In the  
**CROCKERY**  
Line may be found the  
BENNINGTON, the FINEST and the LAVA Manufacture, Pitchers for milk or water, Tea Pots, Spillitons, Bowls for washing, for bread and milk, or sugar, Candy-dishes, children's Toys and Flower Pots, MAINE FIGUR LAY VOLUMES and Lager Beer Mugs.  
And in fine, the proprietor of this establishment can with all confidence assure those who have been in the habit of trading at Janesville that, although they have  
"Often seen a cornucopia ball and bubble till  
The cornucopia ball and bubble till  
they will find that the representations which shall be made to them by that proprietor or his clerks will not  
"Stand like forfeits in a Barber shop,  
"More in mock than mirth."  
A. W. WHEELLOCK.  
Janesville, June 18, 1854. 41

**HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.**  
The Empire Drug Warehouse.  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,  
ESTABLISHED 1845!  
THE OLDEST DRUG HOUSE IN WISCONSIN!  
1845.  
HOLDEN, KEMP & Co., 1845.  
HOLDEN, KEMP & Co., 1845.

THE UNDERSIGNED have the pleasure of again expressing their old friends and patrons with the belief that they are thus to be found at the  
**OLD HEAD QUARTERS.**  
The Great Regulator of the Drug Trade for the interior of the State,  
**THE EMPIRE DRUG STORE.**  
Having been engaged in the  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUG BUSINESS here for years, we are supposed to be posted on all matters pertaining to the interests of the trade and our customers.  
Our aim in the beginning was to sell  
**Pure Goods at Fair Prices,**  
And having during a series of years witnessed the "Rise and Fall" of men who endeavored to compete with this system, whose desire to delude the public with a bombastic advertisement was apparently their highest ambition, has now ever convinced us that *OUR* system is the only one that can win.  
In view of these facts,  
**Our Spring Purchase**  
has been unusually heavy, in which nothing that enters in the most remote degree into our business has been omitted.  
**DRUGS, FOREIGN & DOMESTIC,**  
GUMS, POWDERED ARTICLES, HERBS & EXTRACTS, including every article of the most pure and choice kind.  
If Physicians will take the time to look through our Stock and examine minutely the quality of our Medicines and Preparations, they will not only find articles that will suit them, but goods that can at all times be relied upon.  
**Family Preparations and Genuine Patent Medicines.**  
In this department our stock and assortment is unsurpassed in the West, and which has been voluntarily introduced into this community and strictly originated by this Establishment, has won for it a reputation far more valuable than the Stupendous Self-puffings, quarterly renewed, industriously circulated but universally discarded, which many modern self-proclaimed dispensens to success.  
The system will of course be continued—admitting no variation or compromise to the satisfaction completely of a large and most desirable class of customers, although at the sacrifice probably of the steady patronage of inveterate biggers and those who inherit the belief that old salesmen cheat them if possible.  
Respectfully,  
JANESVILLE, June 24th, 1854. 43  
**COOLEY & BABCOCK.**

**GROCERIES.**  
FEATHERS AND WEDGES, ROOTS AND SHOES, Shelf Hardware, Tin Ware, Wallow Ware, Stone Ware, Crying and Advertising Goods, &c. &c.  
THE ONE PRICE CASH SYSTEM, originally introduced into this community and strictly originated by this Establishment, has won for it a reputation far more valuable than the Stupendous Self-puffings, quarterly renewed, industriously circulated but universally discarded, which many modern self-proclaimed dispensens to success.  
The system will of course be continued—admitting no variation or compromise to the satisfaction completely of a large and most desirable class of customers, although at the sacrifice probably of the steady patronage of inveterate biggers and those who inherit the belief that old salesmen cheat them if possible.  
Respectfully,  
JANESVILLE, June 24th, 1854. 43  
**COOLEY & BABCOCK.**

**FANCY ARTICLES & FIDLER'S GOODS.**  
Do not part with your goods, which have been voluntarily grown upon us, we have this spring given more than usual attention. Our assortment will be found desirable and prices satisfactory.  
**DAGUERREAN GOODS.**  
A very large Stock Cases and Lockets, of our own style and design, manufactured to order for our trade. Artists and amateurs will find it very profitable pertaining to the business, at the lowest possible rates.  
**PERFUMERY.**  
Including a large and most desirable Stock. Ladies and Gentlemen are requested to look at our Assortment, which is not surpassed by any house in the West. Our time being of more value to our customers than in writing advertisements, we will only say in conclusion, that  
**Every Article Pertaining to the Trade**  
can be found at our Establishment. In regard to prices, all who know with what superior facilities we enter the market, connected as we are with an extensive  
**WHOLESALE HOUSE IN NEW YORK CITY,**  
must be satisfied that we can furnish you with goods to compete with us, without either imposing upon its customers or sharing the fate of their predecessors.  
Orders solicited, and Goods packed with the greatest care.  
W. W. HOLDEN, [1] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.  
WILLIAM KEMP, [2] J. W. TAILMAN, [3]  
Janesville, June, 1854. 43

**Pure White Lead at \$2.25 per Keg!**  
**TEN TONS NOW IN STORE.**  
FOR the remainder of the season Pure White Lead, ground in Oil, can be had at the Empire Drug Store in quantities to suit purchasers at the rate of \$2.25 per hundred pounds. This is a lower figure than the article is sold at any other place west of Lake Michigan, and affords an opportunity for all to buy their *White Lead at cost.* We have also a heavy stock of Zinc, and a full assortment of Paints and ground in Oil, Patent Dryer, Olive, Vanishes, Brushes, &c., together with 1000 gallons English and American Linseed Oil, all of which we are now offering at a fractional price below cost.  
[Jy11] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**Janesville Leather Store.**  
THE SUBSCRIBER is almost daily receiving additions to his STOCK of  
**Leather, Findings, and Saddlery Hardware,**  
from the Eastern Markets, and SHOES can now obtain their supply of the best quality in this new, beautiful and enterprising city, CHEAP FOR CASH, and on time, trouble and expense in traveling either to the lake or farther East.  
It appears that some of our friends have had a sudden impulse of benevolence come over them for the people here and in this vicinity, but doubtless our citizens will discount what he said in the fable, that there was a cat in the white sheep.  
Also, received and receding an extensive assortment of  
**Boots & Shoes,**  
which are offered only at Wholesale, at prices SO LOW, that all who wish to purchase, on examination will not hesitate to buy.  
Located on the side of River, on Milwaukee street, opposite the site of the Stevens House.  
**Cash Paid for Hides and Skins.**  
Please to give me a call, and perhaps our city may not in some respects be second to Milwaukee.  
JANESVILLE, July 5, 1854. 42y1  
**JOSEPH T. WRIGHT.**

**Lightning Rods.**  
THE Subscribers are agents for and prepared to put up Quincy & Son's Lightning Rods. These rods are manufactured in Philadelphia, and combine every quality to resist the electric fluid, and are offered to the public in full confidence that they are THE BEST IN USE. They will be put up by the subscribers at low rates, and attention is invited to them.  
For particular enquiry, or for the rods themselves, address  
SULLIVAN, WELLS & CO.,  
Cockville, Rock Co., Wis.  
July 7th, 1854. 44w3

**NOTICE.**—We the subscribers being appointed by the Hon. the County Court for the county of Rock, commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands against the estate of the late of Harvey Holmes, late of the town of Harmony in said county, deceased, and also all claims and demands exhibited in offset thereto, and six months from the first day of June last being allowed by said court for that purpose, we do therefore hereby give notice that we will attend to the business of our said appointment at the house of Abby Holmes, widow of said deceased, in the town of Harmony, on the first day of September and the first day of November next, from nine o'clock A. M. until four o'clock P. M. on each of said days. Dated this 22nd day of June, A. D. 1854.  
JOSEPH E. SPILLER, [1] Commissioner.  
ALFRED WALKER, [2] sioners.  
44w4

**MACHINERY OIL,** designed for Mangle, Sizing and Threshing Machines. This oil is used extensively at the East, and as a lubricating oil cannot be beat.  
Also, a large invoice of SUMMER, SPRING and LARD OIL.  
[Jy19] HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**GRAND ENLARGEMENT**  
AT THE ORIGINAL  
**One Price Cash Store!**  
**COOLEY & BABCOCK,**  
WEST SIDE THE RIVER, JANESVILLE.  
ARE Gratified to announce to the Trading Public that they have made extensive alterations and improvements in their Establishment, and are prepared to exhibit, with great convenience to customers, and sell at PRICES UNEQUALLED IN WISCONSIN for  
**Cheapest and Perfect Uniformity,**  
a Stock of Goods undoubtedly surpassing in Variety, Extent, and Real Value, any other in Janesville, containing  
**Staple & Fancy DRY GOODS**  
CLOTHS of all qualities, some of superior fabric, probably to any other in town, Cassimeres and Vestings, DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings, EMBROIDERIES in great variety and of rich patterns, HATS, Caps, Shawls, and Scarves, DRAPERY, Jaconet, Swiss and Dotted Muslins, GLOVES, Hosiery, &c. &c., much below the usual asking or Selling prices.  
In this department they possess unusual facilities, being importers of London, Printed & Tricorne Liverpool Wares, and are enabled to keep in Store, and design to maintain, a Stock capable of fully supplying this Market.  
Their Wares will be warranted of  
THEIR OWN AND THE BEST MANUFACTURE, and will be sold at the lowest prices, and not exclusively in that trade. Their best  
WHITE CRYSTAL IRONSTONE is universally admitted by Importers as entirely superior to all other makes in durability, enamel and beauty of shape, which, however, they will sell at less prices than inferior wares can be afforded in this State.  
GLASS WARE in endless variety purchased directly from factories.  
FRENCH AND ENGLISH PORCELAIN, VASES, Gilded and Decorated Coffee Cups.  
SOLAR LAMPS, CAMPBELL and FLUID Lamps, PAPER HANGINGS, Please examine them. WINDOW SHADINGS, New Designs very cheap. Pattern and Brass Curtain Trimmings, &c.  
The Subscribers have also just arranged a spacious Salesroom on the 2d Floor in which they are now receiving incomparably the largest assortment of  
**CARPETINGS**  
ever seen in this country. Please look at them. Also, OUR CLOTHS from 3 to 5 quarts measure. MATTINGS—Plain and Checked, Druggists, LOOKING GLASSES of every size and style, including saleable in price and reflection. Looking Glass Plates, Gilt Mouldings for Picture Frames, Gilt Cornices and Curtin Loops, Iron Hat Stands, &c.  
They also keep for sale at lowest Cash prices a full assortment of  
**GROCERIES.**  
FEATHERS AND WEDGES, ROOTS AND SHOES, Shelf Hardware, Tin Ware, Wallow Ware, Stone Ware, Crying and Advertising Goods, &c. &c.  
THE ONE PRICE CASH SYSTEM, originally introduced into this community and strictly originated by this Establishment, has won for it a reputation far more valuable than the Stupendous Self-puffings, quarterly renewed, industriously circulated but universally discarded, which many modern self-proclaimed dispensens to success.  
The system will of course be continued—admitting no variation or compromise to the satisfaction completely of a large and most desirable class of customers, although at the sacrifice probably of the steady patronage of inveterate biggers and those who inherit the belief that old salesmen cheat them if possible.  
Respectfully,  
JANESVILLE, June 24th, 1854. 43  
**COOLEY & BABCOCK.**

**JANESVILLE CLOTHING EMPORIUM.**  
**WM. ADDY,**  
Merchant Tailor & Dealer in Ready Made Clothing and Gentlemen's Finishing Goods.  
HAS received his Spring and Summer Stock, consisting of the very best and fashionable CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, DOESKINS AND VESTINGS, of English, French and American manufacture.  
This establishment is now, as usual, the favorite place of resort for the fashionable, the Cutting Department still being under my own personal supervision and warranted to suit the most difficult, twenty per cent lower than any other establishment in the State.  
**No Fit, No Sale.** is my doctrine, from You will ask how I can do this; I will tell you: my long experience in this business, and being a practical Tailor, I know where, where and how to buy my Goods, what to pay for them, and how to cut them, not having to secure the services of an eminent artist, at a salary of \$1,000 to \$1,500 a year, which the purchaser runs up for—this is the secret. I have got on hand a good assortment of  
**Ready Made Clothing,**  
of my own manufacture, and warranted in every respect. *Cut and examine, before you buy elsewhere.*  
**TERMS CASH.**  
Store three doors south of McKays' new Store, Main street.  
Janesville, June 30, 1854. W. A. ADDY. 43y1

**GREAT SALE OF REAL ESTATE!**  
**Rare Chance for Investment!**  
**600 Village Lots!**  
THE undersigned offers at private sale SIX HUNDRED VILLAGE LOTS, situated in "History Glen" and "Pixley & Shaw's" addition to Janesville, and located in the immediate vicinity of the Milwaukee and Mississippi railroad depot, in the city of Janesville.  
The above property is but a short distance from the present business center of the thriving city of Janesville, and towards which, through the influence of the various railroads, an ever increasing and profitable business of the city is fast finding its way.  
It is unnecessary to speak of the peculiar advantages of an investment in a property so centrally located in the largest inland city of the State of Wisconsin—a city so widely known for its thrift and business prosperity, possessing extensive water-power and surrounded by the best farming country in the world—as every one at all conversant with the progress of western cities will see at once these advantages.  
The above property is offered at very low rates, and on the most favorable terms, particularly to those who wish to make immediate improvements on purchases.  
Also, 1,000 Acres of the Best Improved Farming Lands, situated within a few miles of the city, which will be sold in lots to suit purchasers, for \$40 to \$80 an acre.  
For particulars enquire of the undersigned at "Pixley & Kimball's Hardware Store," or of "Buonas Shaw."  
B. F. PIXLEY.  
Janesville July 10, 1854. 44t

**TELEGRAPH STORE!**  
THE SUBSCRIBER, at the Old Stand of O. W. NORTON, will continue to carry on the general  
**Grocery and Provision Business**  
On the well known  
**CHEAP PLAN**  
Of the Old Establishment, and will be happy to wait upon all Mr. Norton's old customers, and as many new ones as he can get. All kinds of Provisions brought at the highest market price.  
Janesville, June 17th, 1854. I. M. SMITH. 40

**CALICOES.**—A first rate assortment. We sell the best made for 10 cents.  
ALPACCA, a good article for 15 do.  
[Jy19] COOLEY & BABCOCK.

**DRIED APPLES.**—Nice article of York State Apple for sale low. I. M. SMITH.  
Janesville, June 17th, 1854. 40

**FOR SALE.**  
AT VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH, AT  
**Jenkins' Empire Grocery,**  
OPPOSITE THE AMERICAN HOTEL,  
N. O. SUGARS, in hhd. and bbls. S. Loats clarified and refined in bbls. Golden Syrup, in bbls. and kegs, superior. Molasses, do. do. St. Louis Palm Syrup. Burton's No. 1 Syrup. Star and Spinn Candles. 2 0/10 lbs. Cheese. Irish Apples, Peaches, Plums. Also, a large assortment of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, FLOUR, MEAL, FISH, &c., and not to be derided.  
Janesville, 1854. 1  
I. M. SMITH.

**HARDWARE!**  
**JOSEPH A. WOOD & CO.,**  
Sign of the Padlock.  
THE SUBSCRIBERS, thankful for the liberal patronage extended to them during the past year, would respectfully inform the people of Wisconsin that they have received the LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCK of  
**Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, Stoves, &c.,**  
ever offered in Janesville. We also have on hand a full assortment of the following, to which we invite the attention of Blacksmiths, Wagon-Makers and Machinists.  
Best American Refined Iron all sizes. English Refined, do do. Swedish, do do. Sills, and American Horse Shoe Iron, all sizes. Norway Nail Rods, best quality. Sander's Cast Steel, all sizes and shapes. The Galic Steel. English Spring Steel. Plow Steel, 4 to 16 inches wide. Also, Anvils, Vices, Belows, Thimble Skins, Files, Raps, Scorer Plates, Sledge, Hammer, &c. We also require a critical examination of our large and varied assortment of  
**Carpenters' & Joiners' & Coopers' Tools.**  
Purchased direct from the Manufacturer, consisting in part of the very best makes of  
Planes, of every description. Cast Steel Chisels of all kinds. Angers and Auger Bits. Broad Axes, Axes, Hammers, Steel Squares, Try Squares, Plated Bevels, Spirit Levels, &c. All of superior finish and from the best makers. We also have an endless variety of  
**Farming Implements,**  
Shovels, Spades, Scoops, Scythes and Snaths, &c. &c. at lower rates than can be obtained in any other establishment in this city.  
**STOVES**  
of every style may be found at our Ware Rooms. Our assortment of Cook Stoves is very large. We have for











# Janesville Town Gazette.

VOLUME 1.

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, JULY 20, 1854.

NUMBER 10.

## THE DAILY GAZETTE

Published every morning, Sundays excepted, in the third story of Bennett & Clapp's Empire Block, Main street, by  
**LEVI ALDEN & CHAS. HOLT.**

### TERMS:

Five Dollars a year, payable quarterly in advance.

### RATES OF ADVERTISING:

1 square, 3 weeks, \$2 50  
1 column, per year, \$27 00  
1 square, 1 month, 80 cts  
1 column, 3 months, 2 00  
1 square, 1 year, 10 00  
1 column, 1 year, 25 00

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Special notices immediately after reading matter, fifty per cent above common rates of advertising.

## OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

### UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

President.....FRANKLIN PIERCE.  
Secretary of State.....WILLIAM L. MARCY.  
Secretary of the Treasury.....JAMES GUTHRIE.  
Secretary of the Interior.....ROBERT MCCLAND.  
Secretary of the Navy.....JAMES C. DOWNS.  
Secretary of War.....JEREMIAH DAVIS.  
Postmaster General.....JAMES CAMPBELL.  
Attorney General.....OLIVER CUSHING.  
Vice President.....DAVID ATCHISON.  
Speaker of the House.....LYNN BOYD.

### UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

Chief Justice.....ROGER H. TANSY.  
Associate Justice.....JOHN MCLEAN.  
do do.....JAMES M. WAYNE.  
do do.....JOHN CATTON.  
do do.....JOHN A. CAMPBELL.  
do do.....PETER V. DANIEL.  
do do.....SAMUEL NELSON.  
do do.....ROBERT G. DODGE.  
do do.....BENJAMIN H. CHASE.  
Reporter.....BENJAMIN C. HOWARD.

### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR WISCONSIN.

U. S. Judge for the District of Wisconsin, A. G. MILLER.  
U. S. District Attorney.....JOHN H. SHAWNEEN.  
U. S. Marshal.....S. V. R. ARLEN.

### UNITED STATES SENATORS.

HENRY DODGE, of Dodgeville, Iowa County.  
ISAAC P. WALKER, of Wausau.

### REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

First District.....DANIEL WELLS, Jr., of Milwaukee.  
Second District.....BEN. C. EASTMAN, of Platteville.  
Third District.....JOHN B. MACY, of Fond du Lac.

### LAND OFFICERS.

Register.....J. H. KIMBALL.  
Receiver.....JOSIAS WHITNEY.

### MINERAL POINT.

Register.....JOEL C. SCHUBER.  
Receiver.....HENRY O. PLOWMAN.

### LA CROSSE.

Register.....CYRUS K. LOMB.  
Receiver.....THOMAS RUDOLF.

### MEXASIA.

Register.....JOHN A. BRYAN.  
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### WILLOW RIVER.

Register.....JOHN O. HENNING.  
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### STEVENS POINT.

Register.....ABRAHAM DRAWEY.  
Receiver.....A. G. ELLIS.

### WISCONSIN STATE OFFICIALS.

Governor.....Wm. A. BARSTOW.  
Private Secretary.....E. M. HURMAN.  
Lieutenant Governor.....JAS. T. LEWIS.  
Secretary of State.....ALEX. T. GRAY.  
Assistant Sec. of State.....JOHN W. HEST.  
Treasurer.....EDWARD H. JACOBSON.  
Assistant Treasurer.....DAN. M. SEVEN.  
Superintendent of Public Instruction.....H. A. VINTON.  
Bank Commissioner.....Wm. M. DENNIS.  
Deputy Bank Commissioner.....A. W. FRANKS.  
State Librarian.....A. KUEHN.

### WISCONSIN SUPREME COURT.

Chief Justice.....EDWARD V. WHITSON.  
Associate Justices.....A. D. SMITH, SAM. CRAWFORD.

### SUPREME COURT JUDGES.

First District.....JOHN H. BUTLER, Racine.  
Second District.....LEVI HUBBARD, Milwaukee.  
Third District.....CHARLES H. LUMBARD, Okauchee.  
Fourth District.....THOMAS O. HOWE, Green Bay.  
Fifth District.....Wm. M. CORNUM, Mineral Point.  
Sixth District.....R. F. PETERSON, Portage.  
Seventh District.....GEORGE W. CATT, Portage.

### OFFICERS OF STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

President.....R. W. ROBERTSON.  
Treasurer.....J. H. SHAWNEEN.  
Secretary.....A. C. ISGHAM.

### OFFICERS OF ROCK COUNTY.

County Judge.....MOSES S. PRICHARD.  
Clerk of the Court.....J. H. SHAWNEEN.  
Sheriff.....WILLIAM H. HOWARD.  
Under Sheriff.....JEROME D. DAVIS.  
District Attorney.....WILLIAM S. ROCKWELL.  
Register of Deeds.....R. F. PETERSON.  
Clerk of the Board of Supervisors.....CHAS. P. KISS.  
Surveyor.....PETER MCNEVIN.  
Coroner.....CALVIN CHAPIN.

### OFFICERS OF THE CITY OF JANESVILLE.

Mayor.....J. H. BOWELL.  
President of the Board.....JOHN J. R. PEASE.  
City Clerk.....AMOS PRICHARD.  
Treasurer.....JAMES P. DENNIS.  
City Attorney.....JOHN W. WHITE.  
School Superintendent.....O. C. MERRILLAN.  
Assessor.....JAMES SUTHERLAND.  
Surveyor.....JOHN L. KIMBALL.  
Coroner.....A. D. MILLER.

### ADJUTANTS.

First Ward.....J. F. PETERSON, JAMES H. OGDEN, R. D. THUR.  
Second Ward.....J. J. R. PEASE, E. D. DUDOCK, THOMAS JACMAN.  
Third Ward.....E. L. STONE, H. O. CLARK.  
Fourth Ward.....G. H. WILLIAMS, J. M. MATHIAS, Wm. P. COON.

### JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

First Ward.....S. J. BELTON.  
Second Ward.....A. O. HAYS.  
Third Ward.....J. L. FIELD.  
Fourth Ward.....S. M. GARDNER.

### CITY PHYSICIANS.

E. LEWIS, H. D. THUR, O. P. ROBINSON.

## CITY BINDER.

**G. L. KNOX, Book-Binder.**  
Lap's Block, over Sutherland's Book-Store.  
Magazines, Law and Medical Works, Music, etc., bound in a neat and substantial manner. All kinds of Blank Books, County Records, etc., ruled and bound to any pattern desired.  
April 30, 1854.

**PAPER SIDE!**  
JUST OPENING A Large Stock of PAPER SHADINGS, CURTAIN PAPERS and OILY WINDOW SHADINGS, of New and Beautiful Designs; Patent and Brass Curtain Trimming complete. Call on us at the HOUSE FURNISHING STORE of COOLEY & TACKS.  
Janesville, May 12th, 1854.

**DENTISTRY.**  
DR. B. F. PENDLETON,  
Surgeon Dentist, is prepared to operate in every branch of his profession. Chloroform administered when desired. Office corner Main and Milwaukee streets, over Eldo & Co's Jewelry Store.

**SAND Screens**—a superior article for sale at  
J. F. PETERSON & KIMBALL'S.

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

**FARWELL & BRO.**  
Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Excelsior Block, Milwaukee street.

**TREAT & EVANS,**  
Physicians and Surgeons. Office in Empire Block, Janesville, Wisconsin.

**JAMES SUTHERLAND,**  
Wholesale and Retail Bookstore and Stationery—Lap's new brick block, east side the river, Janesville.

**H. S. SHELTON,**  
Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, etc., east side the river, Main-st., Janesville.

**JANESVILLE FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.**  
A short distance north of the Stevens House, J. H. BUDD, Proprietor.

**DR. M. H. BUTLER,**  
Physician and Accoucheur, Plymouth, Rock county, Wis. Office and residence convenient to Barlow's Hotel, Plymouth.

**G. W. CHITTENDEN, M. D.,**  
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence—Bick Cottage, west of the Episcopal Church.

**F. W. EIRLICH,**  
Confectioner, Ice Cream Saloon, etc., Main street, opposite the Post Office, Janesville. Every attention paid to customers.

**E. B. & J. F. DRAKE,**  
Have for sale a large stock of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Flowering Shrubs, etc., at the Janesville Nursery, 2 1/2 miles west of the river.

**TRUSDELL, JORDAN & BENNETT,**  
Attorneys at Law and Real Estate Agents. Office in Empire Block, Janesville.

**SANFORD A. HUDSON,**  
Attorney and Counselor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery. Office in Lap's Block, over the Bookstore, Janesville, Wisconsin.

**CASE & ARMSTRONG,**  
Attorneys and Counselors at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. Office in the Empire Block, Janesville.

**DOTY & BURNHAM,**  
Sash, Door and Blind Manufacturers, one door north of Doty's Mechanics Block, Main-st., Janesville, Wis., where at all times a complete assortment of the above articles may be found.

**DR. JOSEPH S. LANE,**  
Resident Physician and Surgeon, in the village of Janesville, Wis., where at all times a complete assortment of the above articles may be found.

**JACKMAN, PARKER & CO.,**  
Wholesale and Retail Merchants. Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, etc., Main street, Janesville, Wis. Store corner of Main and Milwaukee streets, Janesville.

**A. B. MILLER,**  
Surveyor and Civil Engineer, and Notary Public. Surveying, leveling, drafting, etc., promptly attended to. Office west side the river, in the R. V. U. R. R. office, Janesville, March 24, 1853.

**HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.,**  
Druggists and Apothecaries. Dealers in Paints, Oils, Glass and Groceries. General Agents for the most approved Patent Medicines.

**J. B. DOE,**  
Banker and Exchange Broker—Office in Tallman's Block, Janesville, Wisconsin.

**SLOAN & PATTEN,**  
Attorneys and Counselors at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. Main street, Janesville, Wisconsin.

**O. F. MEYER'S TOBACCO & CIGAR STORE,**  
Main street, Janesville, keeps always on hand a variety of Cigars, Loose Smoking, and Plug Tobacco. A superior article of Wine and Liquors also always on hand.

**J. DEWITT REXFORD,**  
Attorney, Counselor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery. Also, agent for the Continental Insurance Company of New York City, having a cash capital of half a million dollars. Office over the store of Cooley & Babcock, Janesville, Wisconsin.

**T. B. WOOLISORF,**  
Baker and Confectioner, No. 1, Lap's Block, corner of Main and Milwaukee streets. All kinds of Cakes, Pies, Crackers, Bread, Candles, Oysters, Ice Cream, and all other kinds of eatables served up on the shortest notice.

**PINLEY & KIMBALL,**  
Sign of the Big Saw, Richardson's Block, Main-st., Dealers in Heavy and Shelf Hardware, Stores, Iron, Steel, Nails, etc., and Manufacturers of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware. Janesville, May 24, 1854.

**NEW YORK CASH STORE,**  
G. C. Smith & Co., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Sapples, Crockery, Salt Lamps, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Linens, Ready-Made Clothing, Paints, Oils, and every kind of Merchandise, at the very lowest cash prices.

**MERCHANTS' HOTEL,**  
On Salt-st., between Lake and South Water, Chicago, Ill.

**W. H. WATERMAN,**  
Storage, Forwarding and Commission Merchant, South Pier, Racine, Wis. Particular attention paid to the Purchase and Shipment of Produce.

**REYNOLDS—McGee, Bell & Wilson, Lee & Dickson,**  
Wm. T. Richmond, Isaac Taylor, Racine; Jackman & Smith, Lawrence, Strong & Co., H. O. Wilson, J. L. Kimball & Co., Holden, Kemp & Co., Janesville.

**ELDRIDGE & PEASE,**  
Attorneys, Counselors and Solicitors, will attend to the prosecution and settlement of all claims. Bounty Land and other claims against the United States obtained by them promptly, having an agent in Washington to prosecute them in person. Also, General Land and Loan Agents, Notices, etc. Office in Empire Block, Janesville, Wis.

**QUILVIE & BARROWS,**  
Philadelphia Drug Store, Janesville.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Drugs, French, English and American Chemicals, Paints, Oils and Dyes, Perfumery and Artists' Materials and Colors, Wines and Liquors for medicinal uses, Druggists, Fancy Articles, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, etc., etc., etc.

**JAS. H. OGDEN,**  
In Circuit Court, Rock County—In Equity. William H. H. Bailey, complainant, vs. Miles Comstock & Co., defendants.

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## INSURANCE.

**Dodge's Insurance Agency,**  
CAPITAL \$1,500,000 00!!!

ATLAS INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.  
HARTFORD INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.  
CONTINENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.  
LIFE, FIRE, LIVE STOCK AND MARINE.

Refer to over \$10,000 00 losses paid in Rock county.

Office with Stepler & Norton, Exchange Block, West side of River, Janesville, Wisconsin.

**Fire Insurance Agency.**  
CONTINENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK—Capital a half million of Dollars, all paid in cash and fully invested.

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY, Office No. 10, Wall street, New York, Cash Capital \$500,000.

The above are the most sound and reliable stock companies now doing business, and the subscriber is prepared to take risks in them at such rates as make it an object for persons desiring to be safely insured to take policies in these companies.

J. DEWITT REXFORD, Agent.  
May 30th, 1854.

**Life, Fire & Marine Ins. Agency.**  
THE subscriber is now prepared to negotiate Insurance on Stocks & Goods, Stores, Dwellings and Household Furniture in any amount in the best New England and New York City companies. Marine risks taken at equitable rates.

**Milwaukee, Refer to:**  
A. WHITTEMBERG, firm of A. Whittemberg & Co.  
G. T. DRAVID, do. Bradley & Co.  
C. D. NORTON, do. G. D. Norton.  
J. NORTON, do. H. Norton & Co.  
MARSHALL & HENRY, Bankers.

HOLDEN, KEMP & Co., A. W. WHITTEMBERG, H. WHITTEMBERG, CHAS. PULKITT, Agent.  
Office in Walcott's Store.

**New England Mutual Life Ins.,**  
Of Boston, Mass., Chartered in 1813, Capital and accumulation, \$650,000.

This Company is one of the oldest, and among the most prudently and successfully conducted in the country. The primary object in conducting its business has been to provide perfect security under all conceivable circumstances, for the payment of the losses and the interest thereon, and to return to the insured the surplus at stated periods, and strict economy is observed.

Every insured person is a member of the company and shares in the profits of the business, and is subject to no liability or assessment beyond the premium.

The directors are required to be particularly interested in the company, and they give it their personal attention; and bonds of sufficient security are given by its officers for the faithful performance of their duties.

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NOTICE.—Our city subscribers who have been in the habit of receiving the weekly paper from the carriers, will greatly oblige us by calling at the post office for it hereafter. Those who take the daily, and still desire to continue the weekly will also oblige us by giving notice of their wishes, and it will be left for them at the post office.

**BETTER PROSPECTS FOR SCHOOLS.**—We are glad to be informed that Mr. Dearborn, formerly pastor of the Baptist church in this city, has purchased the academy property, and intends soon to commence the erection of a suitable boarding house upon the grounds, and a thorough refitting and repair of the present academy building. Mr. Gorton, who has been successfully engaged as the principal of an academy in Brockport, N. Y., is to take charge of the institution, aided by able and competent assistants. It is expected that the buildings will be ready by next spring, and in the meantime Mr. Gorton will open a school in the basement story of the Baptist church, which is to be conveniently fitted up for that purpose. His school will open about the first of September. The new institution is to take the name of the "Janesville Collegiate Institute." Those who are acquainted with Mr. Gorton bear high testimony in favor of his qualifications and success, and we doubt not the institution will prove a valuable accession to the town. We wish the undertaking much success, and hope Messrs. Dearborn and Gorton will be promptly seconded in it by our citizens. It is an enterprise in which every citizen ought to take the liveliest interest.

The present summer will be set down as remarkable in one particular at least—for the intense and long protracted heat of the weather. Within our nine years' residence in Wisconsin, there has been no summer to compare with the present in that particular. Early in the month of June, which is very uncommon, it commenced, and save a few days a week or two since, it has been unremittent. The thermometer has marked the highest degree of temperature ever attained here, and has there remained mostly stationary. In common seasons thunder storms have had the effect to cool off the atmosphere for a time; this year they do not exactly, as the fellow said clear off cloudy, but have almost invariably cleared off hot. The effect of so much intense heat could not but be injurious to the health of the country, and the large cities are consequently suffering from this cause. Upon the emigrants, coming from cooler latitudes, with the debilitating effects always consequent upon a change of climate, and the confinement and privations of a long journey, have fallen most seriously. The reports of health officers designate a large proportion of these in the list of deaths; still the unusual mortality has by no means been confined to that class. Our own city thus far has been highly blessed. The cholera has not visited us, and the general health of our inhabitants has been far better than might be expected under the influence of such weather. The effects of this weather upon the crops is not yet fully apparent. There are some complaints of blight in wheat, and with much more such weather as at the present writing, rust in that grain must be the result. This is the critical period for the spring wheat; if it passes this with only partial injury, the crop will still be a heavy one, for never has there been promise of a greater average yield. There is no department of industry just now that is looked to with so much interest as that of the farmers. In their success depends much of the prosperity of our state at large; and of each individual calling and pursuit. A few more days will tell the story.

The fall elections involve important results.—Congressmen are to be elected, and the legislature is to choose a U. S. senator next winter, in place of Hon. I. P. Walker. There are more or less of distrust and dissatisfaction in the democratic ranks generally—added to this is the Nebraska question, which we fear will produce more discord than harmony. Upon this issue the probability is there will be a coalition, combining all the elements of opposition—whigs, freesoilers and democrats—we hope not many of the latter. What then is the duty of the mass of the democratic party, who we take it, do not propose to be jostled from a right line, or "startled from their property?" It is to promptly attend the caucuses and conventions and make every effort to secure the nomination of the ablest, strongest and most reliable men, as the only thing that can save the democratic party from defeat, amidst the conflict of such discordant elements.—*Madison Patriot.*

The Patriot is evidently trying to pursue the go-between policy. It is neither "flesh, fowl, nor good red herring" upon the great question which at present interests the entire north.—But it will find that the people are in earnest in the matter, and that no such shuffling off of the responsibility as the above will satisfy them.—The Nebraska question is to be a live one, and candidates will have to be for or against, without equivocation or reservation. If the democratic party "do not propose to be jostled from a right line," that will be in the line of a meagre minority, and they will be made to see the "propriety" of a change in their course, if they wish their right line to lead them to success.

**CHANCE FOR A DEMOCRATIC EDITOR.**—The post master at Nevada, Green county, makes a call through the columns of the Standard, for the establishment in that county, of "a pure and straight-forward democratic newspaper—a paper that will faithfully support the constitution, union and government of our beloved country," and invites editors, favorable to such a paper, to give the notice, in insertion. As such a paper would be quite a novelty; we call the attention to it of any who might wish to engage in the enterprise. Don't all speak at once.

**THE STATE OFFICIALS DISGRACED.**—The state house commissioners at Springfield, have been guilty of a most petty act, which ought to crimson them with shame.

Upon the arrival of Cassius M. Clay, at Springfield, to address the people in a public manner, the following notice was posted in handbills around the city:

"The rotunda of the state house cannot be occupied for Cassius M. Clay's lecture to-day."

[Signed.] A. STEARNS, JOHN MOORE, Commissioners.

The Chicago Journal contains the above announcement, and thus follows it:

**A FACT IN HISTORY.**—Sir John Moore, (the modern.) This gentleman who we believe officiates as state treasurer, appears from his action, regarding the occupying of the state house for the hearing of Mr. Clay, to have a dislike for that gentleman.

This feeling was most probably enkindled during the Mexican campaign, and grew out of the fact that when Mr. Clay was a prisoner of war being conveyed by forced marches to the city of Mexico in advance of the field of Buena Vista, "Sir John" was sloping his way home, as far as he could, pretending to be in feeble health.

The next heard of the two is, that the one is exchanged for an officer of equal rank, and the other a beggar at the entrance of the Springfield capital as a candidate for sergeant at arms, or door keeper of the senate.

**FATAL AFFRAY AT MCGREGOR.**—Last Friday, Johnson G. Walton was stabbed in the throat by a young man named John White, and died almost instantly. The particulars, as we have learned them, are as follows:

Sometime last May, Walton lost a five dollar bill under circumstances that led him to suspect White of stealing it. White left McGregor soon after, and did not return until a few days since. It was intimated to him that if he did not settle with Walton he would not be permitted to leave town. He thereupon went to Evans' store, where Walton was, and called him out. They walked apart from the crowd, and were heard in altercation about the lost money. Walton told White that he could not leave town until the affair was settled. White denied having taken the money. Walton contradicted him. White then called Walton a d—d liar. Walton thereupon seized White and they went down together, Walton uppermost. White immediately raised the cry of murder! and upon the arrival of some persons who were near, it was found that Walton had been stabbed in the throat with a small knife, and White was trying to stay the flowing blood by holding his thumb on the wound. White is said to have called on those present to stop the blood and run for the doctor. He was examined before Justice V. R. Miller, and committed to await his trial. He is a young man, not more than twenty years of age.—*Frederic Chien Courier.*

**A CONSCIENTIOUS MAN.**—Mr. Robert Schuyler, the defaulter, the extent of whose operations has far eclipsed those of all the Swartwouts and Hoyts of former times, is the same man that, a few months ago had conscientious scruples about running trains on the New Haven railroad on Sundays.—*Transcript.*

**SALE OF THE HATCH ELEVATOR.**—We learn that Israel T. Hatch has sold his elevator and four hundred feet of land fronting on the ship canal known as the Hatch canal, for \$200,000.—The sale was made to a well known company of carriers, receivers and forwarders of grain, composed of the leading forwarding houses of the city—a fact which will be readily admitted when we state that Messrs. Holt, Palmer & Co., and Sternberg & Co., are among the number.—*Buffalo Com. Ad.*

The ex-queen of France, and widow of Louis Philippe, lately passed through Belgium on her return to England, whereupon the government of France, thinking to do an act of unusual courtesy, signified to the authorities of Brussels that it would not make her visit the subject of any reclamations, even should the exiled queen remain several days in the country. This "favor" caused the august widow to hasten her departure at once for Clarendon.

The independence of Canada was recently advocated in the British house of lords, by the Earl of Ellenborough, as a measure likely to be beneficial to Great Britain; but the duke of Newcastle, the colonial minister, promptly denounced the proposition. To this Lord Brougham replied saying that the proposal had before been entertained and expressed by many eminent men, and would be again.

**NEW YORK, July 16th.**  
**ALL CORRECT.**—It is stated that the examination of the stock book of the New York and Erie railroad company is completed and the books found correct. An official announcement of the fact will shortly be made.

**PREACHING VS. PRACTICE.**—You will hear a good lovely creature sing the praises of pure water—call it the wine of Adam when he walked in Paradise—when, somehow, fate has bestowed upon the eulogist the finest Burgundy. He declares himself contented with a crust, although a beneficent fairy has hung a fat hunch or two in his larder. \* \* \* Yes, it is delightful to see these humble folks, who tune their tongues to the honor of dry bread and water, compelled by the force of fortune to chew venison and swallow claret.—*Douglas Jerrold.*

**TAX IR.**—Some one says:—"Just before going to bed, eat two pig's feet and a cod pie. In less than an hour you will see a snake larger than a hawser, devouring eight blue haired children, which have just escaped from a monster with sorrel eyes and a red hot overcoat."

A band of Irishmen, indignant at the criticisms of the Chicago Tribune on the conduct of Gov. Matteson, in committing the sentence of the La Salle murderers, attempted to burn the editor of that paper in effigy, on Saturday evening last, but they got so gloriously drunk that they failed to fully accomplish their object.

And another company who did not get drunk, burnt Gov. Matteson in effigy for his conduct in reference to the commutation.

**MAN DROWNED.**—The body of a man was found on the beach on Sunday. He had on woolen pants, a striped hickory shirt, and nothing was found in his pockets but a fish-hook. He was not identified; and it was deemed advisable to bury him instantly, and not permit the corpse to lie in the sun until a coroner's jury could be assembled.—*Wisconsin.*

**FROM MADISON.**—We hear just as we go to press that the supreme court has decided (all the judges concurring) to discharge Mr. Booth, on the ground of a defect in the writ on which he was arrested, and two or three other legal points, and chief justice Whiton unites with Judge Smith in deciding the fugitive slave law unconstitutional. Judge Crawford dissents from this latter opinion.

For the present, slave-catching is at an end in Wisconsin. Amen!

**WASHINGTON, July 18.**  
The Union announces receipt of letter from Gen. W. O. Butler, declining the appointment of governor of Nebraska.

**SENATE.**—Mr. Sumner presented a memorial from a society in Philadelphia, for the promotion of measures for the final abolition of slavery in the United States, and in favor of the repeal of the fugitive slave law. A long debate took place on referring the memorial, which ended in its being laid on the table, 36 to 14. Senate then resumed consideration of the bill for the construction of line of telegraph to the Pacific. Mr. Badger asked leave to withdraw his motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill passed. Agreed to. The senate then took up the home-stand bill.

**HOUSE.**—The consideration of Mr. Olds' bill regulating the postage on newspapers and periodicals in the United States was then resumed. Messrs. Washburn of Me., Elliot of Mass., and G. Smith of N. Y., each spoke against the bill. No action was taken.

**BALTIMORE, July 18.**  
Henry W. Wright, a captain of a German company in this city, threw a camphene lamp, lighted, into his wife's face, and then beat her, killing her. He has been arrested.

**NEW YORK, July 18.**  
Accounts received from the Franklin to-day represent her to be perfectly tight, and lying in 14 feet water, broadside on. No doubt but the vessel and cargo will be saved. Three steamers have been sent to her assistance. The vessel and cargo are valued at \$400,000—covered by insurance.

The members of the bar held a meeting this morning, and passed resolutions of condolence to the memory of the late N. B. Hunt, esq., district attorney of New York.

The number of deaths by cholera in the Franklin hospital, during the past 24 hours, was 16. The commissioners have decided heretofore to publish reports daily.

The recent trial trip of the frigate Princeton was unsatisfactory, and she has been pronounced inefficient for war purposes. The independence is getting ready for sea without delay.

The Evening Post says it is understood that Bronson's letter to the Syracusean convention was written with an eye more to a Washington than an Albany future.

The steamer Franklin brings us important accounts of the North Pacific exploring expedition which started from the United States a year ago.

**NEW YORK, July 15.**  
Wm. N. Paul, who was charged with having stolen \$14,370 from the safe of Belmont, was discharged from custody last night, being unable to prove anything criminal against him owing to the wording of the power of attorney given him by Belmont. All they can find is a breach of trust.

**MYSTERIOUS REMAINS.**—A few days since, while a number of workmen were engaged in digging a vault at Baltimore, one of them struck his pick upon a "hard" substance several feet below the surface of the earth. Upon removing the dirt and inspecting the object, it was found to be a piece of plank, ingeniously painted on one side to resemble hickory wood, and on the other in imitation of granite. It did not seem to have been buried more than a few weeks, yet it was found to be quite rotten.—Traces of obliterated characters were discoverable on the hickory side, but it was impossible to make them out. On the granite side, which had a new appearance, these words were visible under a strong light.

"Resolved, That the democratic party will resist all attempts at renewing, in congress or out of it, the agitation of the slavery question, under whatever shape or color the attempt may be made."

This mysterious relic was handed over to a distinguished antiquarian, who took it to Washington and placed it in the patent office. Since then it has been visited and examined by President Pierce, Senator Douglas, and all the heads of departments, except perhaps the secretary of state. None of them pretend to know anything of its origin, or how it came to be "run into the ground."

The Courier and Enquirer says:—"It is settled that England is prepared to let Canada be just as free as it desires. The House of Lords, by a majority of twenty-four, has voted to sustain the ministerial bill abolishing the present upper branch of the Canadian government, which is nominated for life by the governor general, and providing for an upper chamber to be elected by the people, the members whereof must each be worth a thousand pounds, be thirty years of age, and are to have a term of office of six years.—This vote of the lords was given in spite of a very earnest and able speech of Lord Derby against the bill, and censure the complete consummation of the measure. It is by far the most important of the series of concessions which the mother country has been making to Canada for years; and, in fact, leaves but one more concession to be made to produce absolute independence—namely, the election of governor by the people instead of his appointment by the crown."

**MAKING LOVE TO THE WRONG PERSON.**—A Cincinnati paper is responsible for the following:

A young gentleman who had been paying his addresses in propria persona to a young lady in this city, left a few months ago and went down the river on business. A correspondence was immediately opened between the enamored pair and after exchanging several letters, the young lady was mortified to find that her letters were unanswered, and consequently she ceased writing. But the real secret of her not receiving letters, was the fact that another young lady of the same name, supposing they were intended for her, took them from the post-office and opened a correspondence with her proxy lover.—Some two months passed away, when the young man wound up by a direct proposal, and insisting on an immediate answer, avowing at the same time that he thought the tone of her letters very different from those received when he first left Cincinnati, and upbraided his fair love with inconsistency. This last epistle was too much for our romantic cognito, and being conscience-stricken for the part she had been acting, and fully persuaded that some other lady had been pining for the man she was wooing, sought her out, and delivered up the letters to their rightful owner. The matter was speedily arranged, and the real lovers have since become united in the bands of wedlock.

**M. & W. R. R.—BUSINESS OF MADISON.**—The amount taken for freight and passengers from the 26th of May to the 2nd of July, was: Freight payable at that office, \$16,000 78 Passengers, 9,954 18

\$20,014 91

**THE HARBOR.**—We learn that Mr. Gunnison has received authority to contract for materials for the harbor, and to employ a corps of hands to push the work forward with as much expedition as possible. He has also received orders to repair the government buildings, and put them in condition for public use.—*W's.*

**SPIONISM IN NEW YORK.**—The fate of Mr. Schuyler furnishes a whole garnet to snobs everywhere, and especially in New York, which may be listened to with profit by that large and increasing class of persons. The family of Schuyler is one of the most respectable in the country, and so far this man differs from most of those who build extravagant houses, drive expensive equipages, and dash and spend the money of other people in that most snobbish of all cities—the great, noisy, dirty city of New York. Occasionally one of the "austocracy" comes down with a rush, and then there opens a scene of extravagance, folly and fraud, that appals the people who live in quiet country villages, or dwell upon the broad farms in the rural districts, who have heard with wonder of the noble mansions, and the many servants, and the gold and silver of these city lords. And so it is that extravagance and a foolish desire to live in large houses, and own grand carriages—to outdo one another in these things, besides being ridiculous in itself, brings the miserable family that try it down to beggary and ruin, or entail upon their children habits and notions of life that utterly destroy them. It is the great prevailing vice of this time—it may indeed be called the grand characteristic of the times. It is manifested more or less in all our cities and villages, and its influence is seen in the debasement of men and women, and the complete ruin of children. Every successful speculator, or fortunate operator, must imitate, and if possible excel, his neighbor the lucky banker or money making grocer; and to do this without regard to expense, away they go into the marble and satin, the rosewood and silver, keep extravagant carriages with horses to match, and give parties where Brussels and Wilton out-vie in their color the silks and the wine which make up the chief part of the entertainment. Up goes the new house, with all the decoration which a vulgar or a refined taste may suggest. Up it goes into the air a huge pile, or a fantastic residence, but not a room in it for the comfort of the owner and his family—all of it for show and the public gaze. The women flaunt about in lace and litziness, or recline upon soft cushions in fine carriages, neither knowing nor caring whether the money that keeps them up be stolen or honestly gained. They are happy in fifth avenue glory, and the fact that they dash as much as the richest of their neighbors. For an American of fortune—real solid fortune—to dash into all this extravagance is folly; but that man is guilty of downright wickedness who, upon a little money goes to such vast and foolish expense; for he must rob somebody to carry out his plans; or if he has enough to warrant it all, his children, when his fortune is divided among them, will have all the silly and extravagant notions of their father, without his money to give them reality. Out of all this miserable life there spring evils worse than bankruptcy. The sins of the father are visited on the children to the third generation. Of what use to society are the children of such people? Sons who have been educated to believe that all this splendor constitutes the best of life, and that fast horses and champagne are emblematic of high life. Daughters brought up by a silly, ridiculous mother, who glories in her carpets and curtains, her carriages and her parties, and the fashionable training of her children. Nice creatures these for a life battle, in a world where energy and industry and endurance are worth to them more than all the airs, graces and style that they learned in the paternal drawing of foreign masters. Out of this struggle to excel in this sort of life, there springs, too, fraud and chicanery, and all manner of crime; for in the contest, gold, gold, is the end and aim of all—the means are not regarded. The sensible part of the community laugh at this folly, and laugh loudly, too, at coarse vulgarly parading itself in gay equipages, and moving about with all the airs and affectations of snobbish high life—people elevated above their fellows by a stock operation or the rise in town lots, and rejoicing thereafter in flashy vehicles and in gaudy houses. If they made fools of themselves alone, it would all be proper enough. But the effect upon their families and on society is most to be dreaded. In a country where the law divides among a man's heirs all of his estate after death, unless disposed of by will, and where the chances are that property will not remain in the family beyond the second generation, it is utter folly to build palaces to live in; far better would it be to expend the same money in building schools or founding asylums, the benefit of which the rich man's heirs may need. On, on, goes our American life! better skelter—hurly burly—on it goes! Dash—make a sensation—get money—honestly if you can—but get money—educate children after the same fashion, and then die and be forgotten.—*Buff. Com. Ad.*

**ROBBERY OF BELMONT'S BANK.**—It appears that this robbery was committed by the cashier, William Paul. The chief of police, with Mr. Devoe, one of his expert assistants, had the matter in hand on Wednesday. The Courier and Enquirer says:

All the clerks in the establishment made oath as to where they were the evening previous, and each gave a pretty satisfactory account; yet from the complexion of affairs suspicion hung over the employees. A watch was set and yesterday morning at an early hour a boy was seen to drop a letter in the post office and leave in a great hurry. This letter turned out to be the one that contained the \$14,000. The direction on the envelope was after much scrutiny recognized by officer Devoe as that emanating from the hand of William Paul, cashier of Belmont & Co. It was not, however, until after a careful examination that the officer came to this conclusion, and about half-past three o'clock yesterday afternoon he took Mr. Paul into custody, when the accused at once confessed that he had committed the robbery or embezzlement, or whatever it may be called. Mr. Paul is a young man 30 years of age, a native of Scotland, and married. He was said to be a partner in the house. On being questioned as to how he came to take the money, he said he took it not for himself but for the firm to meet defalcations which he had unfortunately incurred by speculating in stocks, &c. He was detained at the chief's office for further examination. We fear there are too many cases of the above kind brewing, and bankers had better look at their books.

The Harrisburgh Democratic Union is very severe on John W. Forney. It charges that John "has an only sister, who now toils in the press room of the cotton factory at Lancaster, for two or three dollars a week, out of which she contributes to the support of her aged mother!" This is hardly credible; still it is not to be denied that a man capable of writing such a letter as Forney addressed to Roberts is always liable to the most odious and degrading suspicions.

A sad accident occurred during the recent celebration of the opening of the railway connection between Cincinnati and Louisville. A train from Aurora, on reaching the Seymour depot, exploded a powder magazine on a rear platform car, where a cannon had been placed to fire salutes. A spark blew from a small furnace, used for heating the rail with which the cannon was fired, into a chest containing several kegs of powder, and caused the explosion. Six men, who were on the car at the time, were blown into the air and horribly mangled.

**TRUSDELL, JORDAN & BENNETT.**  
Attorneys at Law.  
Having completed an accurate abstract of the TITLE, TAX and JUDGMENT RECORDS of Rock County, are prepared to furnish full and reliable information respecting the ownership of Real Estate in said county, and all liens on such estate by Judgment, Mortgage or otherwise.

They will attend to the purchase and sale of Real Estate, the negotiation of Loans, payment of Taxes, and the redemption of land from Tax Sales, and generally to all such business as properly belongs to a

**REAL ESTATE OFFICE.**

Business in the courts of this and the adjoining counties will be promptly attended to.

Office—Second Story of Empire Block.

80 Janesville, Wis., May 25th, 1851.

**JANESVILLE CITY BANK,**

MAINT STREET, JANESVILLE.

Drafts for Sale on all the principal cities of the Union and Great Britain.

This Bank will purchase Notes, Drafts, Certificates of Deposit, County Orders, &c. &c.

For our customers, approved paper discounted to any amount.

Deposits, Notes &c., received for collection without charge—proceeds remitted immediately, less current rate of exchange.

HENRY B. BUNSTLER, Pres't.

J. V. HENRY, Cashier.

**BADGER STATE BANK,**

MAIN STREET, JANESVILLE, WIS.

Particular attention paid to collections.

SIGHT DRAFTS on the principal cities of the Union constantly for sale, and also Drafts on Great Britain, in sums to suit purchasers.

E. L. DIMOCK, Cashier.

September 1st 1853.

Exchange Bank of W. J. Bell & Co., Milwaukee.

J. B. KELLOGG, Cashier.

Bank of Racine, Racine.

H. J. ULLMAN, Cashier.

Bank of Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.

A. G. BUTLER, Cashier.

**AMERICAN EXPRESS OFFICE,**

JANESVILLE, MAY 21, 1853.

A messenger of this company leaves this city tri-weekly, connecting at Chicago with daily lines to New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Cincinnati, St. Louis, and all the principal cities in the United States and Canada.

Collections made at any point on their route; Gold, Silver, Bank Notes and Express matter generally forwarded with despatch, and all business entrusted to them will be forwarded with their accustomed promptness.

Proprietors.

WELLS, BUTTERFIELD & CO., LIVINGSTON, FARGO & CO., NEW YORK, BUFFALO.

W. W. HOLDEN, Agent.

1854. **L. J. HIGBY, 1854.**

Forwarding, Commission and Produce

**MERCHANT,**

Will contract to forward Goods or Produce to or from any ports East or West, by responsible lines by Railroad or Canal, will attend to selling grain or other produce at the Railroad Depot here; all which, with my NEW WAREHOUSE at the Depot, and Mammoth Pier, give me advantages more convenient to country merchants than any other house here.

Milwaukee, March 20th, 1851.

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**OK HILL CEMETERY.**—A special

meeting of the Trustees of this Association will be held at the bank of H. B. Bunster, FRIDAY EVENING, July 21st, at eight o'clock, for the transaction of important business. A prompt attendance is requested.

WM. MACLEOD, Pres't.

CHAS. HOLT, Sec'y.

July 15th.

**4 BBLs. PURE CREAM TARTAR.**

Nothing but a pure article is ever sold at our store, and persons who buy Cream Tartar of us, are saved the trouble of returning it. HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**WINDOW GLASS.**—Another arrival

of 100 boxes assorted sizes at the Empire Drug Store.

HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**DR. BEACH'S CORDIAL.**—A per-

fect Specific for Summer complaints and dysentery in children.

HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**3 BBLs. BOILED LINSEED OIL.**

This article can now be had pure at our store.

HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**PURE BRANDY.**—In pint and half-

pint bottles. Also a fine assortment of liquor

FLASKS. HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**CANARY BIRD Fountains, Bathing**

Dishes, Nests and Mixed Seed in pound papers.

HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**CHROME GREEN.**—10 cases dry and

ground in oil, Tinsmans best.

HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**PATENT DRYER.**—Five cases in cans

assorted from 1 lb. to 10 lbs.

HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**QUEEN CITY VARNISHES.**—We

have the sole agency for these celebrated Varnishes for this city; a full supply just received.

HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**SYRINGES.**—Metallic, Self-injecting

and Common, from 1 oz. to 10 oz.; also, all sizes

Glass male and female.

HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**GUM DROPS.**—A full assortment of

the different flavors, fresh, for sale by

HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**BATHING HAIR DYE, this day**

received. [Jy 19] HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**LYON'S KATHARION.**—5 Gross now

in Store. Dealers furnished at manufacturers' pri-

ces. [Jy 19] HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**MCCORMICK'S CHOLERA SPECIFIC.**—

This remedy has been used with unparalleled

success in the treatment of this most malignant disease

in the southern and western cities.

Prepared after the original recipe, by

HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.,

Druggists and Chemists.

**IMPORTED CIGARS.**—The best ar-

ticle and most favorite brands ever offered in

this city. [Jy 19] HOLDEN, KEMP & Co.

**FORD'S HISTORY OF ILLINOIS**

for sale at

SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

**2D SERIES OF FERN LEAVES**

for sale at

SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.







